

**DESIGN OF A NON-AXISYMMETRIC STATOR FOR  
IMPROVED PROPELLER  
PERFORMANCE**

by

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# **DESIGN OF A NON-AXISYMMETRIC STATOR FOR IMPROVED PROPELLER PERFORMANCE**

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LAWRENCE J. BOWLING

Submitted to the Department of Ocean Engineering on June 1, 1987  
in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of  
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and  
Master of Science in Mechanical Engineering.

## **Abstract**

The inclination of a propeller shaft relative to the fluid inflow results in a once per revolution tangential velocity fluctuation in the plane of the propeller. A more desirable condition from the view point of efficiency and cavitation considerations is to have a more uniform tangential inflow. A nine bladed non-axisymmetric stator was designed based on a lifting line computer code for multi-component propulsors. The stator, 1.2 feet in diameter, was designed to operate with DTNSRDC (David Taylor Naval Ship Research and Development Center) model propeller 4497, which is one foot in diameter.

Experimentation with the aluminum stator model was conducted to validate the design and the computer program wake predictions. Laser Doppler Anemometry (LDA) was used to measure the velocities at several radial locations in a plane behind the stator where the propeller would operate. Comparisons were made between the measured propeller inflow wake and the computer predicted inflow wake. Non-dimensional circulation measurements about the blades of the stator were also made to provide data for comparison to computer generated predictions. The stator was tested in an axisymmetric and non-axisymmetric blade alignment.

The experimental results validated the computer wake predictions for the tangential wake in the plane of the propeller. The results support a conclusion that the non-axisymmetric stator would induce velocities in the plane of the propeller to counteract an inclined flow. The LDA measurements of the tangential wake indicate that the velocity fluctuation would be reduced by the non-axisymmetric stator.

Open-water tests were conducted with the propeller and the stator/propeller combination. Accounting for increased drag due to the stator, the stator/propeller propulsor was more efficient than the propeller operating by itself.

Thesis Supervisor: Professor Justin E. Kerwin  
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## **Dedication**

I wish to acknowledge and thank several individuals for their assistance in helping me perform this work. Without their effort and advice, this thesis would not be at a stage of completion. Primary thanks go to Professor "Jake" Kerwin for suggesting this experiment and offering me the opportunity to develop it. The construction of the stator model and the performance of the experiment had associated costs which were not inexpensive. In this financial regard, thanks are extended to the U.S. Navy for their portion of the funding of this effort. The author hereby grants full permission to the U.S. Government and its agencies to reproduce and distribute this thesis document.

The computer analysis required before and after the experiment was made possible by the programs developed primarily by Bill Coney and Ching-Yeh Hsin. The design of the stator and the performance of the experiment were greatly facilitated by Mr. Dean Lewis. Lastly, sincere thanks to my wife, Michelle, and my daughter, Amberly, for tolerating my lifestyle and moods of the past two years.

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## Chapter 1

### INTRODUCTION

The propulsion plant design and installation on ships of all sizes leads to the condition where the propeller shaft often penetrates the hull at a slight downward angle as measured from horizontal. A reason for this shaft inclination is to allow for adequate clearance between the hull form and the tips of the rotating propeller blades, without requiring an excessively long shaft. The shaft angle produces inclined flow which yields a once per revolution tangential velocity fluctuation in the plane in which the propeller blades are rotating [3]. This condition detracts from the operating efficiency of the propeller. Specifically, it can lead to the inception of cavitation at lower speeds when compared to propellers operating under the same conditions but in a more uniform inflow. Cavitation increases the drag on the propeller blades which results in an increased torque and reduced propulsive efficiency. Cavitation can eventually lead to physical damage to the blade surface. Improved propeller performance in terms of propeller efficiency,  $\eta$ , and increased operating speed before the inception of cavitation are the rewards for the development of a device which can minimize or reduce the effects of inclined flow due to shaft inclination.

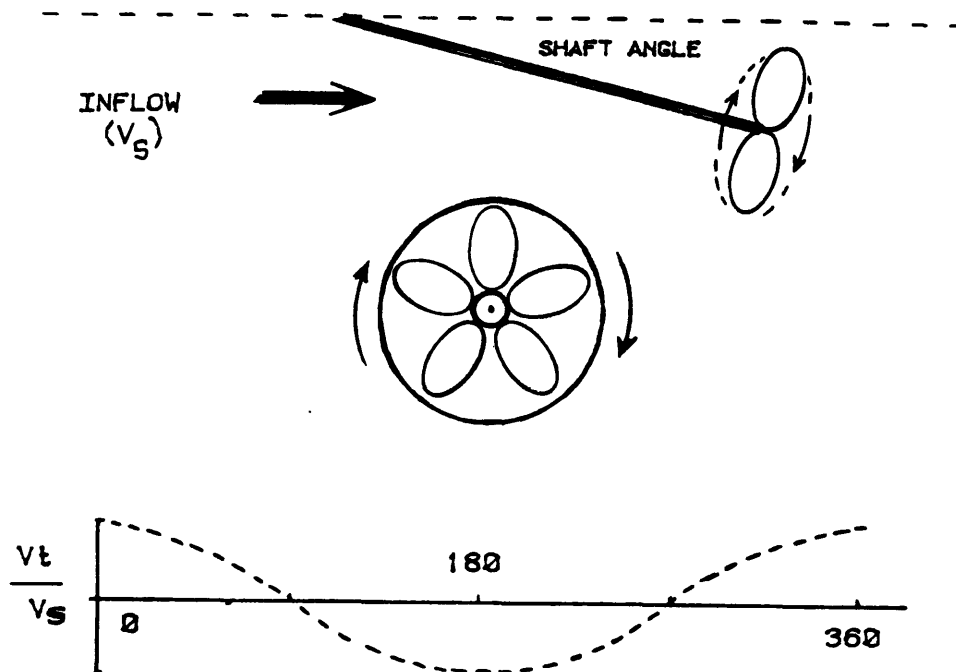
The design of a pre-swirl stator, to be used in conjunction with a model propeller, DTNSRDC propeller 4497, is the focus of this experimental thesis effort. The design was developed with the use of existing MIT Marine Hydrodynamics Laboratory (MHL) propeller lifting line codes. While unable to exactly model inclined flow in the laboratory, an experiment was designed to test the stator and provide results to validate the design and the computer lifting line code. The

experiment was designed to demonstrate the propulsive efficiency of the stator/propeller combination and to map the inflow wake to the propeller for comparison with computer predictions. By achieving the desired flow field mapping in the plane of the propeller, it would be demonstrated that the stator was modifying the flow to counteract inclined flow.

## Chapter 2

### PROBLEM STATEMENT

As mentioned in Chapter 1, the flow resulting from a propeller shaft angle exhibits a once per revolution velocity fluctuation. The harmonic is in the tangential direction as considered in the propeller blade frame of reference. The flow situation can be better visualized by referring to Figure 2-1.



**Figure 2-1: Tangential Wake Variation.**

The amplitude of the fluctuation is a function of the shaft angle and the ship speed. The goal of this experimental effort was to design a non-axisymmetric stator with a prescribed radial circulation distribution which would induce tangential velocities in the plane of the propeller to minimize those velocity variations experienced due to shaft angle. A shaft angle of seven degrees was assumed for

purposes of the experiment. The desired result would be to achieve a deflected flow to counteract the shaft angle inclination. Additionally, it was desired to achieve this inflow modification and increase the efficiency of the propulsor combination after taking into account the increase in drag due to the stator.

A model propeller, DTNSRDC propeller 4497, was selected for use in the experiment. This propeller was available for use in the MIT MHL. The propeller, by virtue of its existing physical geometry and pitch angles, has a design circulation distribution. This distribution was established by Boswell [2]. The characteristics of DTNSRDC propeller 4497 are presented in Table 2-I.

---

**Table 2-I: Characteristics of DTNSRDC Propeller 4497 [5]**

		Number of Blades:	5			
		Expanded Area Ratio:	0.725			
		Hub-Diameter Ratio:	0.2			
		Section Meanline:	NACA a = 0.8			
		Section Thickness Distr:	NACA 66 (Modified)			
		Design Advance Coefficient:	0.889			
<u>r/R</u>	<u>c/D</u>	<u>tan Bi</u>	<u>P/D</u>	<u>Skew</u>	<u>t/D</u>	<u>f/c</u>
0.20	0.174	1.8256	1.455	0.0	0.0434	0.0430
0.25	0.202	-	1.444	2.33	0.0396	0.0395
0.30	0.229	1.3094	1.433	4.65	0.0358	0.0370
0.40	0.275	1.0075	1.412	9.36	0.0294	0.0344
0.50	0.312	0.8034	1.361	13.95	0.0240	0.0305
0.60	0.337	0.6483	1.285	18.38	0.0191	0.0247
0.70	0.347	0.5300	1.200	22.75	0.0146	0.0199
0.80	0.334	0.4390	1.112	27.14	0.0105	0.0161
0.90	0.280	0.3681	1.027	31.57	0.0067	0.0134
0.95	0.210	-	0.985	33.79	0.0048	0.0140
1.00	0.000	-	0.942	36.00	0.0029	-

---

The first task in approaching the stator design problem was to determine the required radial distribution of circulation for each of the stator blades which would modify the inflow to improve the propeller's performance in inclined flow. To

establish these circulation distributions for the stator blades, extensive use was made of the MIT MHL propeller lifting line computer code called, appropriately, Propeller Lifting Line (PLL) [8]. The PLL code, which can accommodate multiple component propulsors, uses an optimization procedure which results in the radial circulation distributions for the individual propulsive components. Additionally, a program option allows the required non-axisymmetric analysis to be studied. More about the use of PLL will be discussed in Chapter 3.

The anticipated modification to the propeller inflow as predicted by PLL is also shown in Figure 2-2. A comparison of the tangential inflow wakes with the stator and without the stator shows that there are more fluctuations per revolution in the tangential inflow wake with the stator. However, the more significant observation is that the predicted amplitudes of these variations with the stator in place are much less. This is the desired modification to the inflow for which the stator is to be designed. As mentioned earlier, a further consideration in the design of the stator/propeller propulsor was to achieve a propulsive efficiency greater than or equal to the propeller operating by itself. By designing a stator which introduces circulation into the flow which is opposite to the circulation provided by the propeller, there is less rotational energy left in the wake. The result should be an increase in propulsive efficiency. The performance of the propeller and the stator/propeller open-water tests would provide the necessary data for propulsive efficiency analysis.

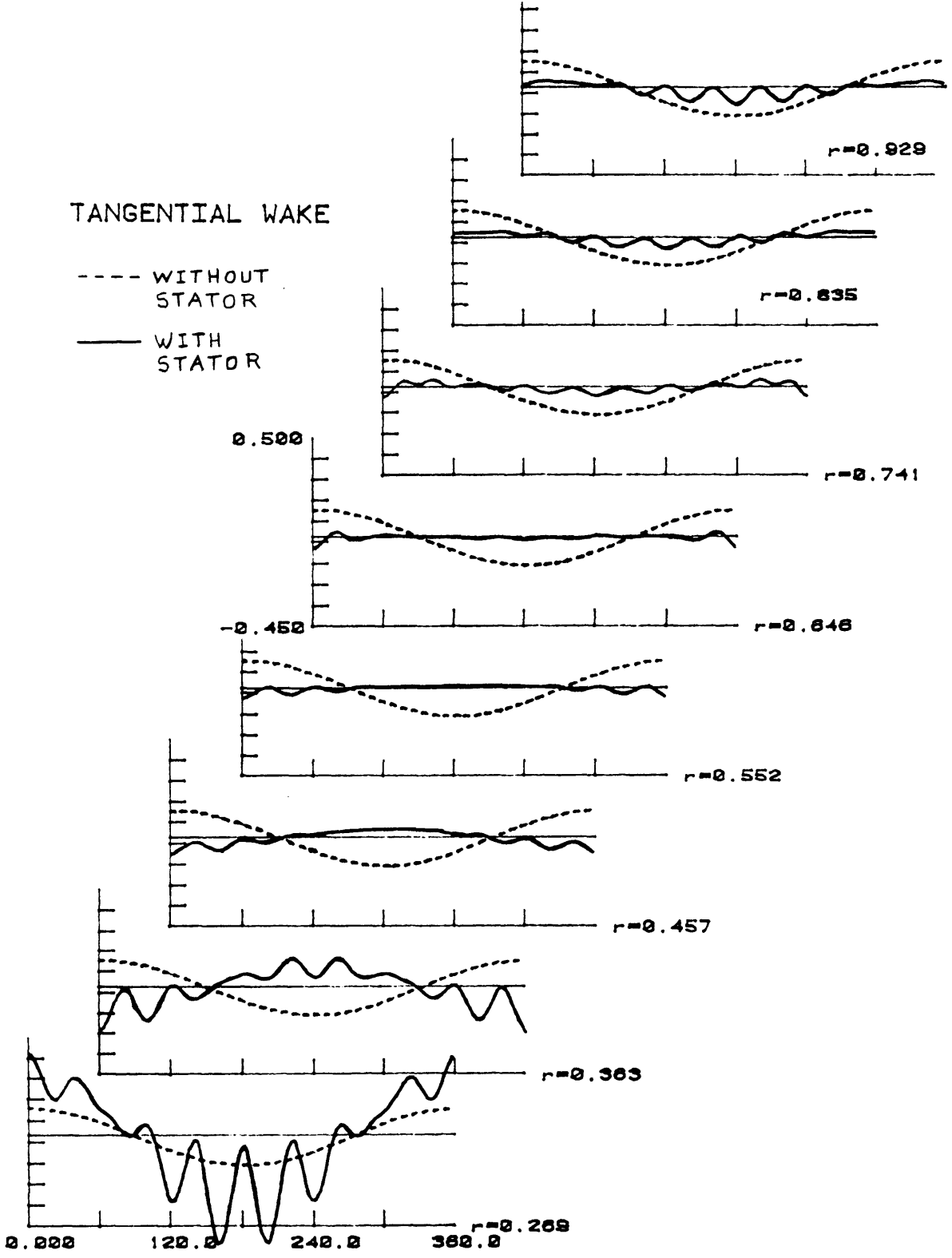


Figure 2-2: PLL Wake Predictions at Various Radii.

## **Chapter 3**

### **STATOR DESIGN**

#### **3.1 MIT MHL Computer Programs**

This experimental thesis effort would not have been possible without the availability of the MIT MHL computer codes. With the design problem clearly defined, numerous computer runs were made with PLL to determine the radial circulation distribution required on each stator blade.

Prior to being able to obtain the "optimum" stator circulation distribution from PLL, it was necessary to prepare appropriate file inputs for the computer program for both the stator and the propeller. The design circulation on the model propeller was determined using another MIT propeller code, LLL-2. With this information, an appropriate input file for PLL was prepared. One difficulty experienced in using the circulation optimization procedure for this experiment, was that PLL optimizes circulation for both components, the stator and the propeller. The desired result was to obtain the stator's optimum circulation, given a prescribed circulation on the existing propeller. To overcome this situation, PLL was first run optimizing circulation for both components. The optimized propeller circulation from PLL was compared to the input design circulation. There were differences, but not significant as to invalidate the PLL output. The next run of PLL was performed without selecting circulation optimization. The previously determined stator optimum circulation and the design circulation for the propeller were prescribed as inputs. The results of this run were not significantly different from the previous one. This iterative technique deviates from the ideal design

situation which would be to design both a stator and a propeller for use as one propulsive unit.

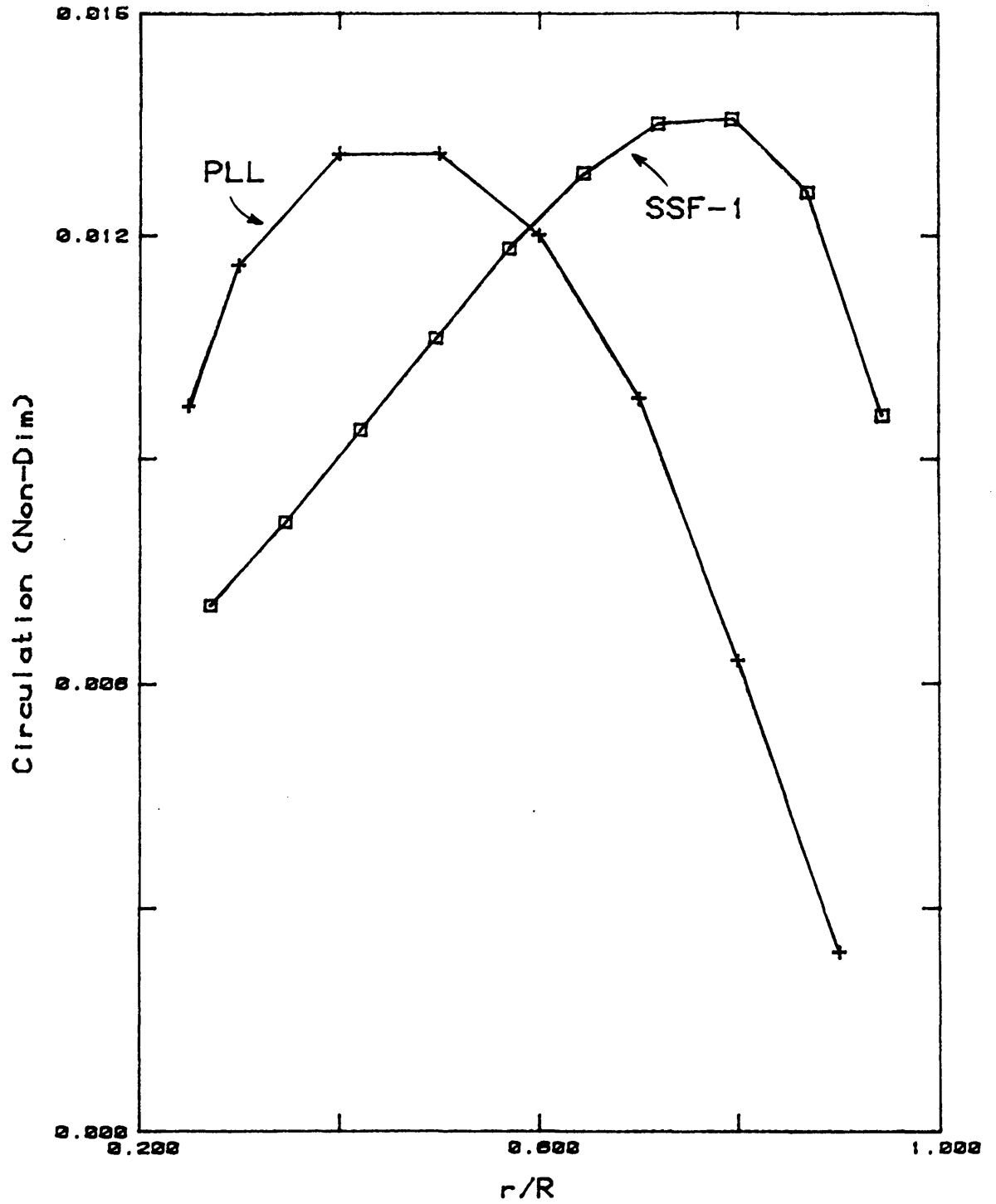
The first stage of use of PLL results in optimum circulation distributions for the stator in an axisymmetric blade arrangement with a propeller. In the axisymmetric case, all blades of the stator have the same circulation distribution. A sample output from PLL for the axisymmetric case can be found in Appendix 1. At this point in the program, PLL allows for the non-axisymmetric analysis necessary to study the stator effects on inflow to the propeller considering inclined flow. Beginning with a mean circulation distribution obtained from the axisymmetric case, the program allows the user to vary this distribution until the desired modification to the inflow is obtained. The program outputs include the local circulation distributions at various radii for every blade on the stator. Appendix 1 also contains a sample output for the non-axisymmetric analysis.

To obtain this axisymmetric circulation distribution on a stator blade, 2-dimensional wing theory was used as a rough estimate to determine the angle of attack required at each local radii. The non-dimensional circulation from the PLL axisymmetric case resulted in a varying angle of attack from hub to tip in the stator blade. The varying angle of attack translated to a twist in the stator blade. It was later determined with a stator analysis program, SSF-1, what angles of attack would be required in 3-dimensional flow to produce the required circulation distributions. This program and its analysis had not been developed at the time that the physical geometry of the stator was being determined..

After construction of the model, the program SSF-1 was available to determine the actual radial circulation distributions on the stator blades accounting for 3-dimensional effects. The effects of the 3-dimensional analysis of SSF-1 were significant and dominated the earlier 2-dimensional estimation. The

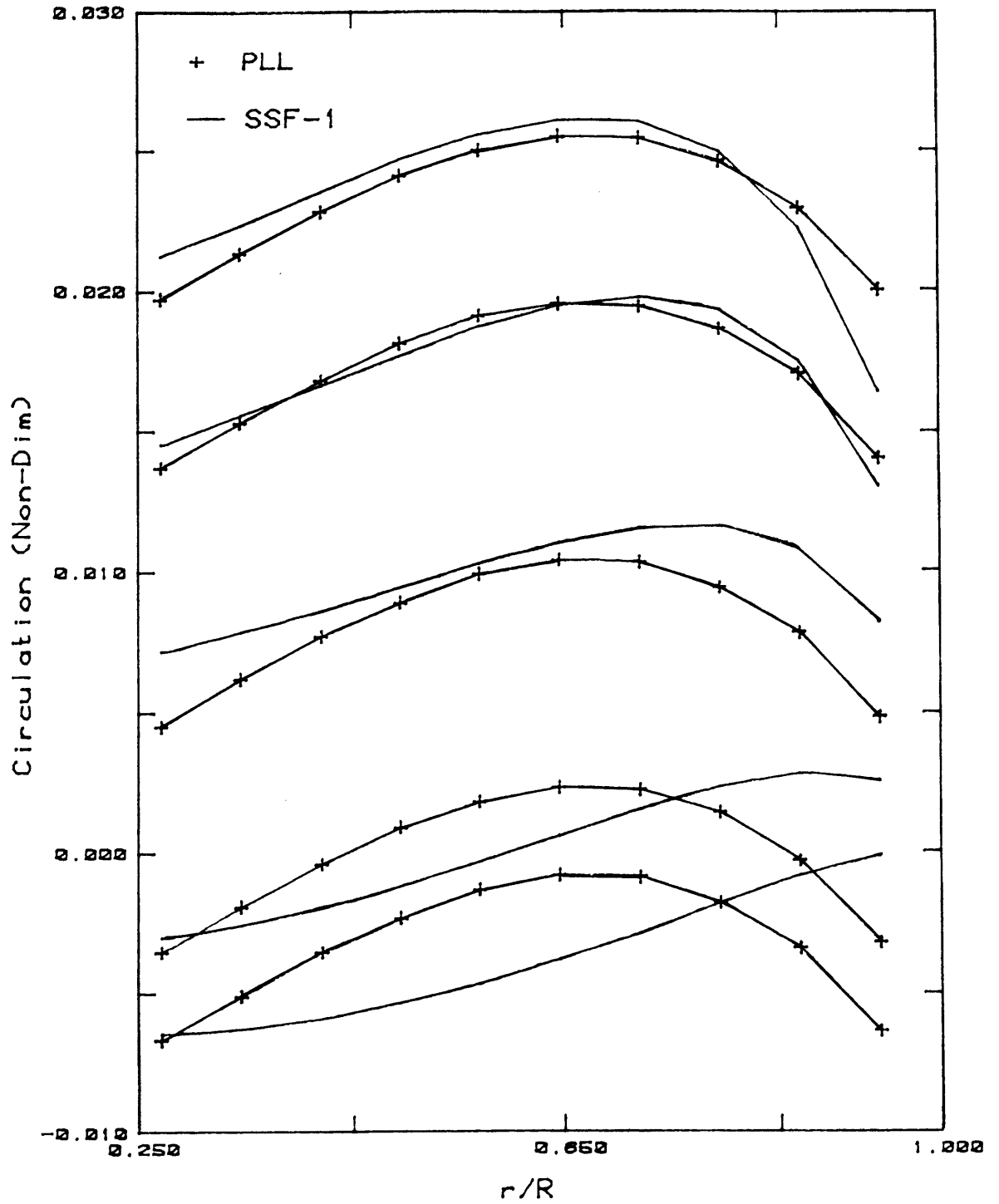
axisymmetric circulation distribution from SSF-1 was shifted further from the hub than the distribution obtained from PLL. See Figure 3-1. Additionally, for the axisymmetric case, SSF-1 was used to determine an angle of attack of thirteen degrees to obtain a circulation distribution similar to PLL. Thickness effects were taken into account. Anticipating adjustments to the required angle of attack, the hub assembly which holds the stator blades was designed to allow each blade to be independently set at any desired angle.

For the non-axisymmetric case, SSF-1 was used in a trial and error fashion, varying the angles at which each blade were set. The goal was to duplicate the PLL non-axisymmetric circulations which produced the desired inflow. The initial thought concerning the non-axisymmetric circulation distributions was that their shape on all blades would be very similar. It was felt that by adjusting the angle of attack of the entire blade the desired distribution could be approximately obtained. An exact match was not able to be obtained for all blades due to 3-dimensional effects. However, an excellent match was achieved on three blades, a very good match was achieved on two blades, and an acceptable match was obtained on the remaining four. These four were the most lightly loaded blades. An attempt was made to match the magnitude of the maximum circulation for these blades, despite the different shape of the distribution. Due to the fact that these blades were very lightly loaded, a possible alternative would have been to remove these blades completely during the experiment. This was not done. Figure 3-2 shows this comparison. Only five blade circulations are shown as, due to symmetry, the remaining four are identical to those plotted. In effect, the real "designing" of the stator blade circulation distributions was performed with the SSF-1 computer program in determining the right angle of attack. This trial and error procedure was performed after the physical construction of the model.



### AXISYMMETRIC CIRCULATION

Figure 3-1: PLL and SSF-1 Circulations



### NON-AXISYMMETRIC CIRCULATION

Figure 3-2: PLL and SSF-1 Circulations

Besides the pure hydrodynamic considerations of circulation, PLL was also used to conduct a parametric study to establish some of the features of the physical geometry of the stator. The number of stator blades, the diameter, the chord lengths, the blade thickness, the blade airfoil shape, and the axial position of the stator from the propeller all needed to be determined. Decisions concerning these aspects of the design were influenced by the practical limitations of machining capabilities. The design selection of the stator geometry, as well as the considerations of machine fabrication, will now be addressed.

## **3.2 Design Considerations**

### **3.2.1 Stator Blade Number and Planform**

The decision to establish the number of stator blades was made early in the design process. The primary consideration in this selection was to choose a number of blades which was not a multiple of five. The 4497 propeller has five blades. Therefore, by not selecting multiples of five, the design avoids exciting a harmonic mode of propeller induced vibration. The choice of a high number of blades has the advantage of minimizing the amplitudes of the velocity variations in the plane of the propeller. However, an excessively large number of blades would not only create flow blockage, but would not physically be able to be mounted around a hub assembly of practical dimensions. Guided by these considerations, it was decided that the stator would have nine blades, equally spaced around the hub. This number represented a compromise to the above mentioned selection criteria.

The diameter of the stator was originally input in PLL as 1.08 feet. This choice was initially based on general guidance obtained from Takekuma's paper [17]. The diameter was subsequently increased to 1.2 feet. This was done after

studying PLL output which predicted relatively large amplitudes of tangential wake variation at the propeller disk's outer radii. As anticipated, the modest increase in stator diameter of approximately 1.5 inches, improved the inflow wake prediction.

The determination of chord lengths was not as straight forward as the diameter selection. The sensitivity of the success of the stator design to the chord lengths was noted to be high. The goal of maximizing efficiency and equalling the thrust of the lone propeller with the thrust of the stator/propeller combination, obviously dictated that minimum drag on the stator was essential. This meant that chord lengths on the stator needed to be as short as possible. A trade-off exists between minimizing drag and loading on the blades. As shorter chord lengths were proposed in the PLL input files, the local radial lift coefficients (loading) increased, as would be expected. Therefore, as chord lengths were shortened to minimize drag, the required angle of attack, to provide the necessary circulation, increased. This raised some concern about possible stator blade stall at the low Reynold's Number of operation. The Reynold's Number for the stator was calculated to be  $4.38 \times 10^5$  at the test condition. The low Reynold's Number data available in reference [10] was consulted for NACA 0012 thickness forms, which are very similar to the stator blade shapes. It was determined that stall could be avoided using reasonable chord lengths.

A further consideration for establishing the chord lengths was that the computer design tool, PLL, is a lifting line code. In lifting line theory, the blade is replaced by a straight line. It was felt that a blade of constant chord length would simplify the design. Numerous iterations with PLL, varying chord, eventually resulted in a constant chord length of 2.75 inches. This chord length in the final design resulted in a prediction of 13 pounds of stator drag. Brockett's report [4] was consulted to ensure that at the operating condition cavitation would not be

a concern. The cavitation number for the stator blade was sufficiently high such that cavitation was not a problem.

The final stator design features uncambered or symmetric blades. The primary motivation for using uncambered foil shapes was to facilitate fabrication. A very realistic constraint on any experiment is the project budget. The final blade design had a slight linear taper in thickness from the hub to the tip and had a twist which varied the angle of attack at different radii. The complexity of machining a cambered foil, as well as one with taper and twist, would have resulted in a prohibitively expensive construction cost. Another reason for not using camber was that the angle of attack at which the blades needed to be set at had not been determined at the time of the model construction. For stall considerations, it was decided to construct blades of symmetric foil shape with a 2.75 inch chord length.

In determining the thickness of the stator blades, several factors needed to be addressed. These included adequate strength for minimizing tip deflections under load, cavitation, and form drag. For adequate strength, it was decided to construct the stator model from high tensile strength, heat treated aluminum (6061, T6). The resulting blade design had a one-half inch diameter circular shaft extending into the hub for attachment by clamping action. Beam theory was used to estimate the minimum shaft dimensions to withstand the anticipated forces during experimentation. This calculation eliminated the possible use of blades with thickness ratios less than ten percent at the hub. Thin blades minimize form drag, but thickness helps make the foil less sensitive to cavitation at increasing angles of attack. The result was a foil shape with a tapering thickness from hub to tip. The blade, 5.5 inches in span, was designed to be thirteen percent thick at the hub, and ten percent thick at the tip, with linear tapering in between. In fabricating the stator model, a constraint on the cutting tool capabilities resulted in a slight

thickening of the blade at the hub. From a hydrodynamic viewpoint, this was deemed insignificant due to the fact that the inflow would already be disturbed by the stator hub assembly at this location.

### **3.2.2 Axial Separation Distance of Components**

The axial separation of the stator and propeller as input into PLL required some interpretation. This was due to the fact that PLL is based on lifting line representations of the stator and the propeller. The logical reference point from which to assume a lifting line and measure this separation was the quarter-chord location for both components. The quarter-chord location is the point at which the lift force acts. The selection of a 4.5 inch separation distance was the result of numerous program runs of PLL and information contained in Hecker's report [6]. The water tunnel arrangement for mounting the stator ahead of the propeller on the propeller drive housing also placed a lower limit on this separation distance. As the separation distance between the components increased, the local radial coefficients of lift, required to produce the necessary circulation, also increased.

To summarize, the resulting stator design was machined from high tensile strength aluminum. It had nine blades and was 1.2 feet in diameter. The chord lengths were constant at 2.75 inches with a smooth rounded tip. The blade foil was uncambered. The thickness tapered linearly from a thickness ratio of thirteen percent at the hub to ten percent at the tip. The axial separation of the stator from the propeller was set at 4.5 inches. Each stator blade was clamped about a circular shaft into the hub assembly. This allowed for the adjustment of individual blades to any angle of attack. See Figure 3-3 for details on the hub assembly and Figure 3-4 for details on the stator blades. A photograph of the stator mounted on the drive shaft housing is included in Appendix 2.

MATERIAL: 6061 T6  
ALUMINUM

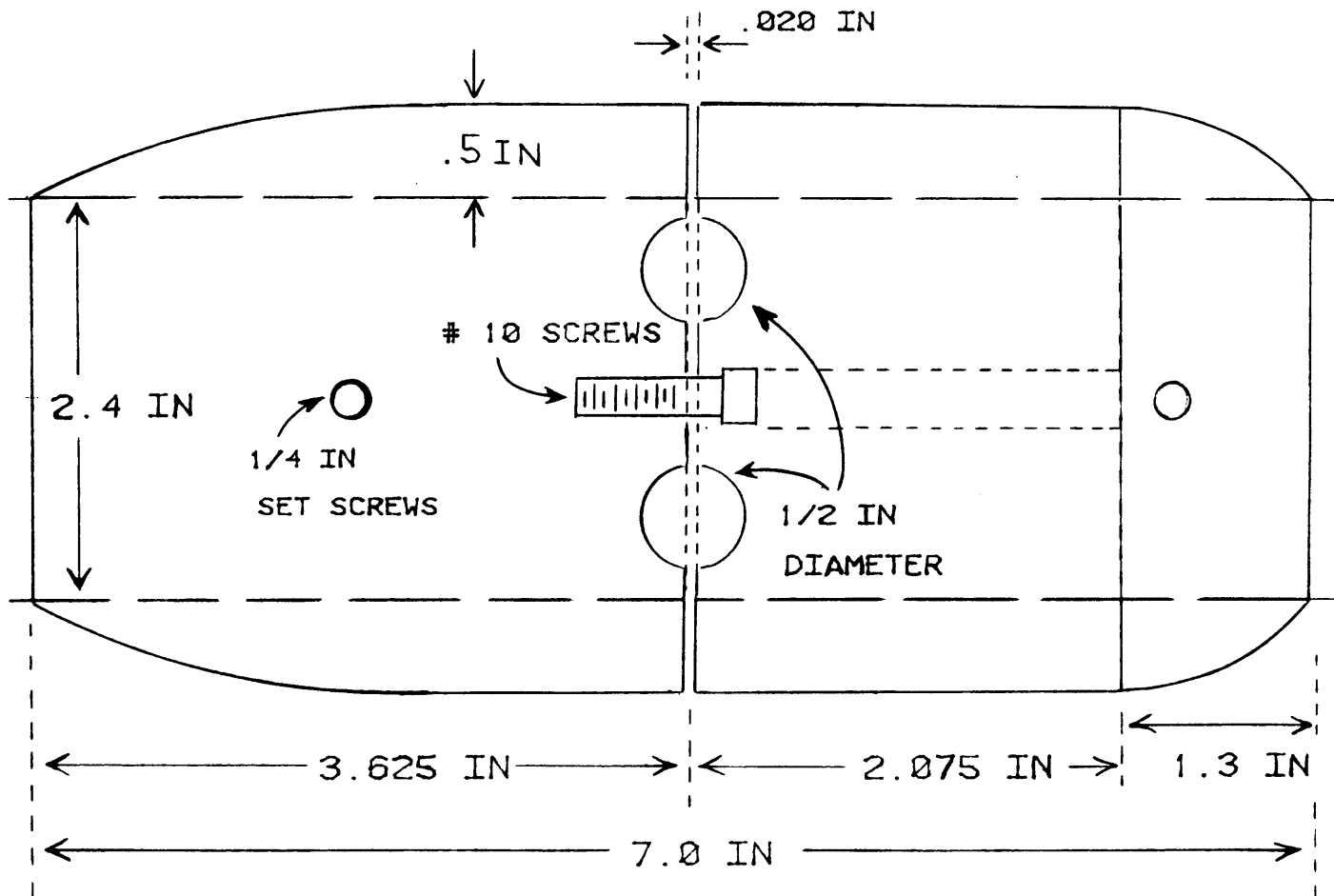


Figure 3-3: Hub Assembly

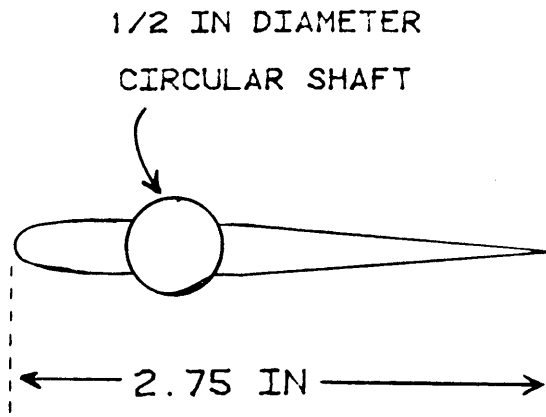
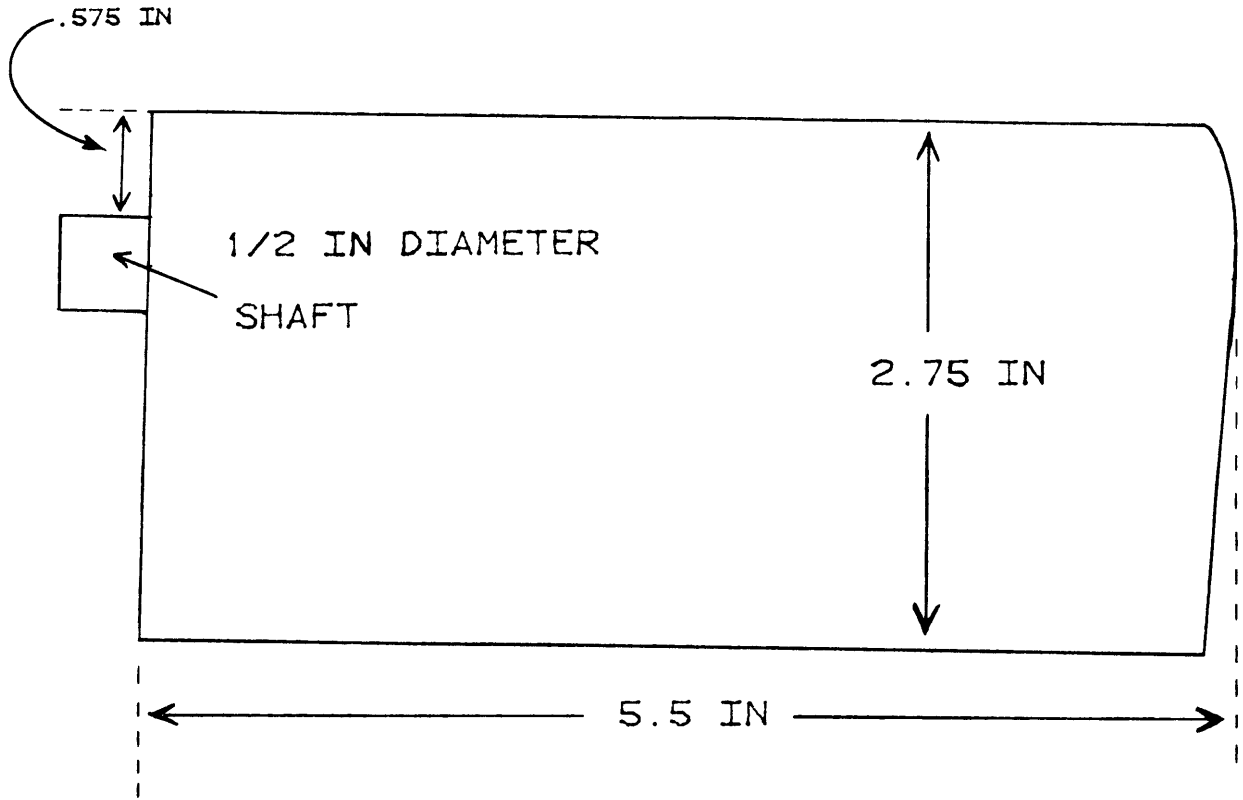


Figure 3-4: Stator Blade

## Chapter 4

### DESCRIPTION OF EXPERIMENTAL FACILITY

The experiment was conducted at the MIT Marine Hydrodynamics Laboratory (MHL). The lab features a variable pressure water tunnel. Water velocities of up to thirty feet per second can be generated. There are plexiglass windows in the tunnel test section which is 20 inches square by 55 inches long. A removable propeller drive shaft extends from upstream into the test section. The outside housing of the shaft does not rotate. Fluid flow is symmetric about the shaft.

Along side the tunnel, a two component laser doppler anemometer (LDA) system is in place. The LDA system is used for measuring local vertical and horizontal velocities in the test section. The laser is a Lexel, model 95, argon ion laser rated at 2 watts of power. The laser operates in conjunction with a photodetector, a signal tracker, and a signal processor which ultimately convert particle velocities in the fluid to a proportional voltage signal. Further operational theory of LDA system functions will not be discussed, but clarification of how such systems operate can be found in Reference [19].

The laser is mounted on a motordriven transverse table system with digital position readout. Repeatability of positioning of the laser table is 0.0001 inches. Minimum movement of the table is also 0.0001 inches. The laser can be positioned by either a handheld remote control or by computer. A minicomputer system is used for data acquisition and reduction.

## Chapter 5

### DESIGN OF THE EXPERIMENT

#### 5.1 Scope of the Experiment

The scope of the experiment was defined to study several of the theoretical models upon which the MIT MHL computer codes are based. The primary goal was to validate the computer predicted wake of the stator in the non-axisymmetric alignment by comparison with experimental velocity measurements.

The hub vortex generated by a propeller is of a Rankine vortex structure [18]. The stator, when operating in the tunnel by itself, generates a highly visible hub vortex cavity. These two vortices should tend to counteract each other when the stator is mounted ahead of the propeller. The effect should manifest itself in some cancellation of the strength of the hub vortex. This phenomena was studied and the results are discussed in Chapter 6.

Also performed in the course of the experiment were open-water tests for the 4497 propeller and for the stator/propeller combination. These tests provided the data necessary for the comparison of the propulsive efficiencies of the propulsors. The method of comparison requires some interpretation as there can be some justification for analysis at numerous operating points. It was decided that the fairest comparison would be at a point where an equal amount of thrust was provided.

The LDA system was used to collect velocity measurements to verify the non-dimensional circulation distributions for the stator blades for comparison with the numerical SSF-1 solutions. This was done in both the axisymmetric and non-

axisymmetric blade alignments. This check would ensure that the stator circulation input into PLL was actually the distribution on the blade. Additionally, the LDA system was used to map the flow field velocities in the plane of the propeller at several radii. Tangential and axial velocities were obtained for both the axisymmetric and non-axisymmetric blade alignments. This information was required for comparison with the PLL wake inflow predictions at the plane of the propeller.

## **5.2 Modeling Inclined Flow**

As proposed in Chapter 1, the basis of the experiment is to design a stator which will favorably alter inflow to a propeller operating in an inclined flow. In formulating the approach to this experiment, it was recognized that the situation being addressed by this thesis could not be exactly modeled with the facilities in the lab. It is not possible to conduct an experiment with the propeller shaft inclined to the fluid flow in the MIT MHL water tunnel. Only axial flow can be obtained about the stationary shaft to which the stator was to be mounted. It was determined that a valid experiment could still be conducted.

By *not* inclining the flow, a predictable effect in the anticipated inflow wake can be taken into account. The once per revolution tangential velocity fluctuation is not actually present in the axial flow. Therefore, validation of the design and the code is accomplished by obtaining results which, when superimposed with the *absent* tangential periodic variation, yield the PLL wake prediction for the actual condition of inclined flow. Refer to Figure 5-1 to observe the anticipated experimental results for tangential wake in the plane of the propeller. Testing was done in both an axisymmetric and non-axisymmetric stator blade alignment. Discussion of the results is contained in Chapter 6.

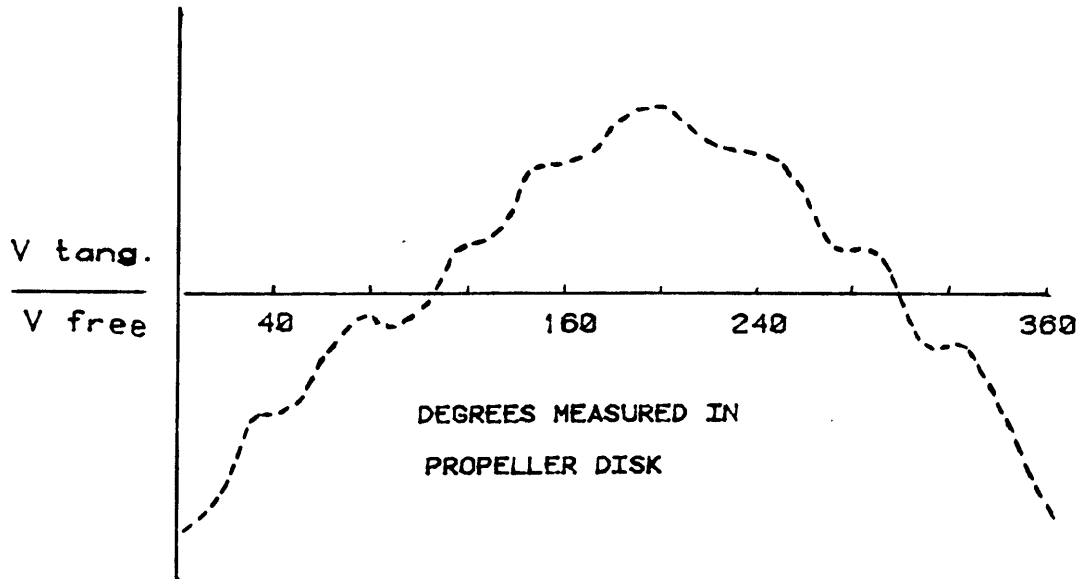
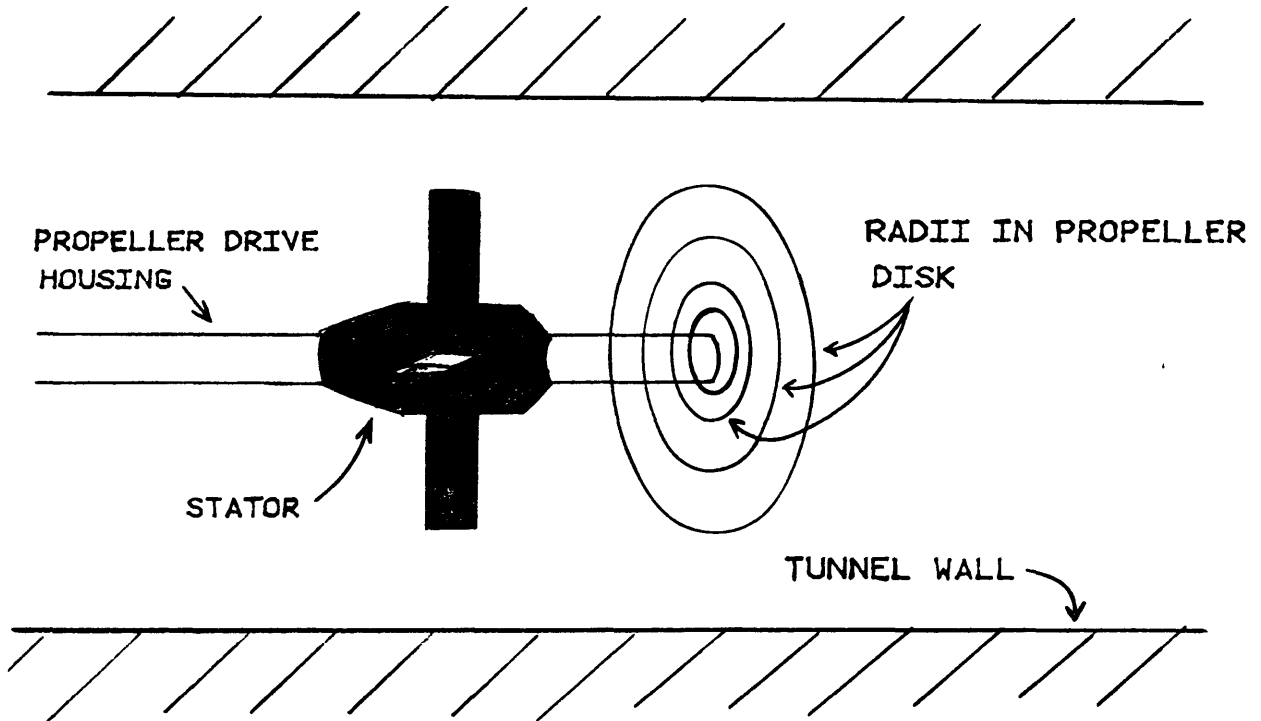


Figure 5-1: Desired Test Results

### 5.3 The Stator Model

The resulting stator design is shown in photographs in Appendix 2 and the figures of Chapter 3. A diagram of the stator mounted in the tunnel is also shown in Figure 5-2. Also indicated in this figure are the approximate radii in the plane of the propeller where the velocity measurements were obtained. where the velocity measurements were obtained. The nine identical stator blades each had a one-half inch diameter circular shaft at the hub. Once set to the desired angle, the blade was clamped in the hub assembly about the circular shaft. This controllable pitch feature allowed the angle of attack of each blade to be set individually as required for the non-axisymmetric analysis. The entire stator, blades and hub assembly,

were black anodized. Set screws were used to fix the hub assembly at the desired location on the shaft.



**Figure 5-2: Stator Mounted in Water Tunnel**

In order to measure the tangential velocities in the plane of the propeller for all stator blades, it was necessary to rotate the stator nine times during the course of the experiment. This repositioning was necessary to point the tip of the blade being measured directly at the laser. Tangential velocity measurements were made at selected radii in a forty degree sector on each stator blade, twenty degrees on either side of the blade's tip.

#### **5.4 Operating Conditions**

It was logically assumed to design the stator for use with the propeller at its design operating condition. This lead to the immediate establishment of some operating variables. The design advance coefficient,  $J$ , of the 4497 propeller is 0.889, which at a selected 1200 rpm establishes the water tunnel velocity at 17.72 feet per second. The thrust coefficient,  $K_T$ , is nearly 0.23 at design  $J$ , which provides a thrust of approximately 180 pounds. The water tunnel velocity and the required thrust were also inputs to PLL in earlier computer runs.

## Chapter 6

### EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

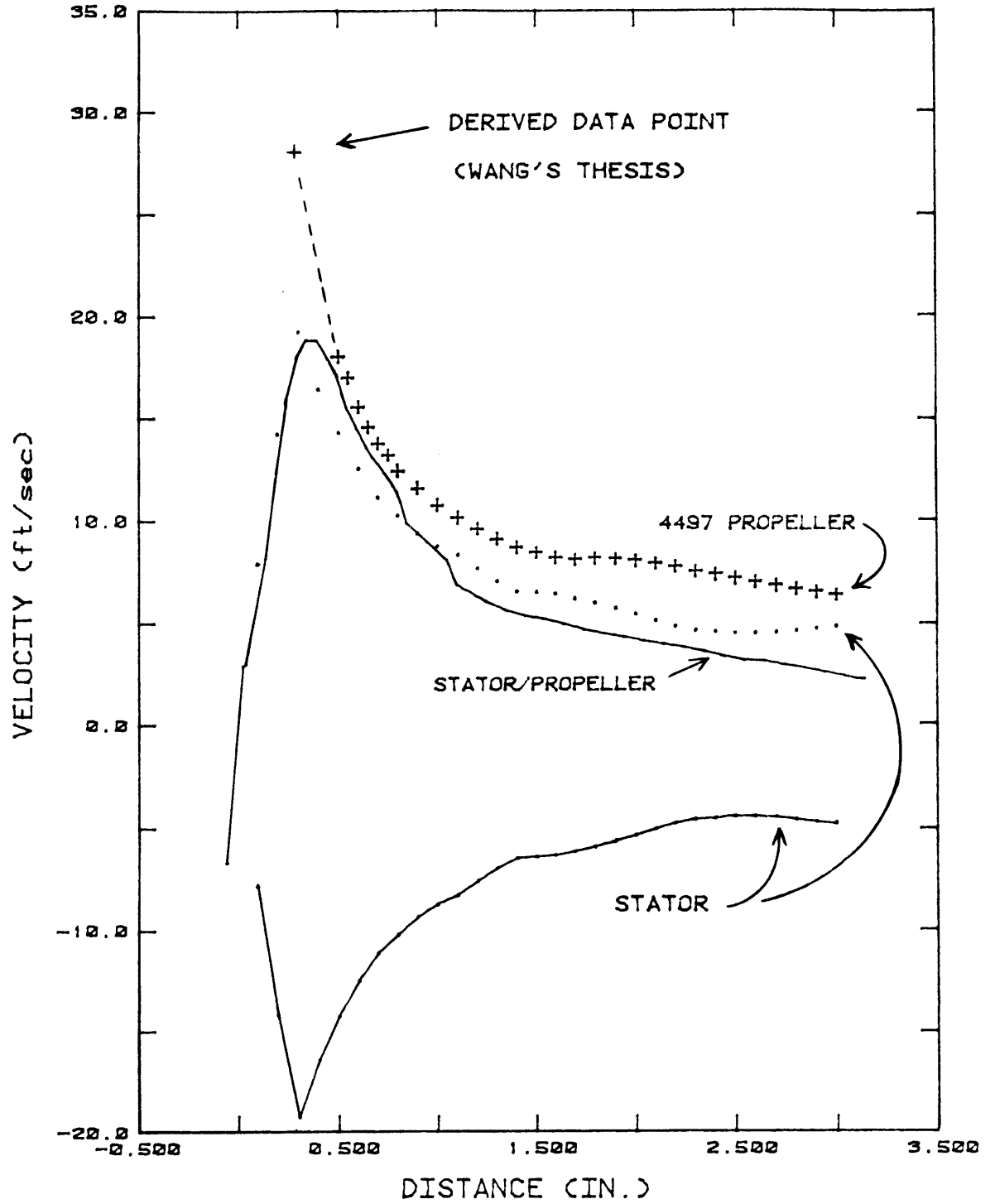
#### 6.1 Hub Vortex Strength

As mentioned in Chapter 5, there were several objectives of the experiment. These were to be accomplished in addition to the primary task of designing a stator which would modify the inflow in the plane of the propeller to counteract a shaft angle.

The first portion of the experiment dealt with the stator in an axisymmetric configuration, all nine blades set at the same angle of attack. As shown in the graph of Figure 3-1, the circulation distribution from SSF-1 was approximately equal to the PLL circulation when the angle of attack was thirteen degrees. With the stator model mounted in the water tunnel by itself at the operating speed of 17.72 feet per second, a significant hub vortex cavity was visible. See Appendix 2, still photograph No. 2 to note its appearance. The LDA system was used to collect tangential velocity measurements for the hub vortex at a distance one inch downstream from the apex of the tip of the hub. This location was selected for study as it was observed that the vortex position was very stable at this point. Velocity measurements were obtained beginning at a position three inches horizontally from centerline of the axis of the shaft inward to the point at which the laser signal was lost due to the hub vortex cavity. This data is presented in the graph of Figure 6-1. The sign of these velocity measurements was changed and plotted a second time to provide for easier comparison with the magnitude of other velocity measurements. Similar measurements at the same location were made for

the 4497 propeller operating by itself. The propeller hub vortex was similar in visual appearance to the stator hub vortex, and, as it should be, its direction of rotation was reversed. See Appendix 2, still photograph No.3 to note its appearance.

Lastly, the hub vortex velocity measurements for the stator and propeller combination were obtained. Its direction of rotation was the same as that of the propeller's hub vortex. In this configuration, at a water tunnel speed of 17.72 feet per second and the propeller at 1200 rpm, the hub vortex was not visible. These curves are also plotted and labelled in Figure 6-1. The peak value of tangential velocity was definitely obtained for the stator operating alone and for the stator/propeller combination. This statement is made based on the data points which shape these curves just inward from the peak. These points attest to the Rankine vortex nature of the hub vortex. The Rankine vortex is discussed further in Wang's doctoral thesis [18]. It is strongly suspected that the peak value of the curve for the 4497 propeller hub vortex was not obtained due to the loss of the LDA signal when the measuring volume was moved just adjacent to the hub vortex cavity. Referencing Wang's thesis, an approximation was made for the the magnitude of the peak tangential velocity and for the radius of the hub vortex. It is recognized that Wang experimented with a slightly different propeller at a lower advance coefficient, however, extrapolation of his data does provide a reasonable analytical approximation. It was estimated that the peak tangential velocity, if able to be measured, would be nearly 28 feet per second and its radius would be approximately 0.28 inches. Further justification for this value is derived from the fact that it was visually observed that the laser signal was lost at a location adjacent to the hub vortex cavity. This was at a radius greater than 0.6 inches. In view of Wang's experimentation, this radius seems too large to be the actual hub



### HUB VORTEX STRENGTH

Figure 6-1: Hub Vortex Comparisons

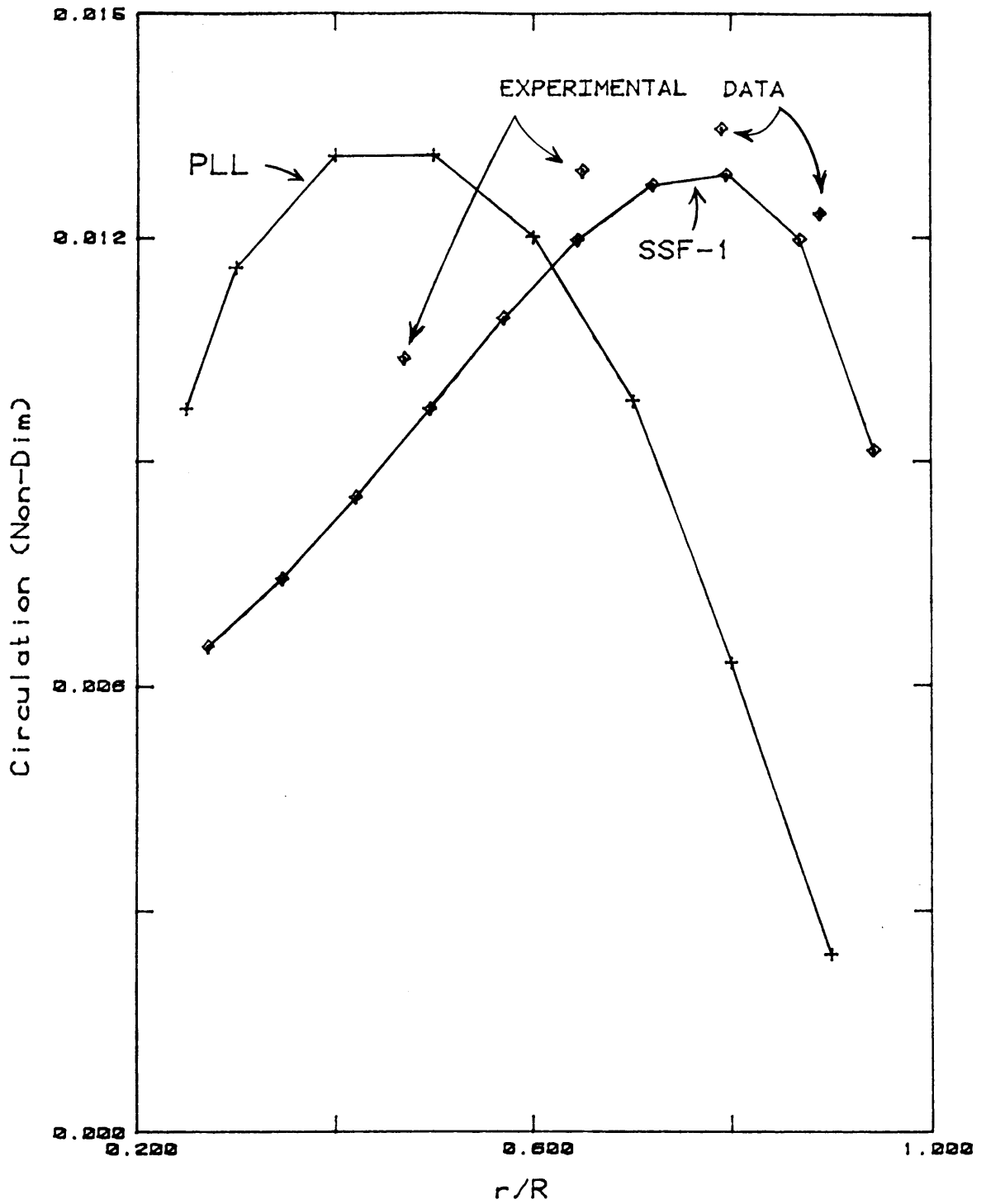
vortex radius. It is highly probable that the cavity was enlarged due to entrained air. The conclusion is that the peak tangential velocity must be greater than the last measurement obtained and must be located closer to the centerline. This derived data point was later plotted and labelled on the graph of Figure 6-1.

The data shows a partial cancellation of the strength of the peak value of the hub vortex for the stator and the propeller operating together. This result was anticipated based on theoretical considerations, and on the absence of any visible vortex cavity during this phase of the experiment. See Appendix 2, still photograph No.4 which documents this phenomena.

## **6.2 Axisymmetric Testing**

### **6.2.1 Non-Dimensional Circulation Measurements**

The angle of attack which provided the desired circulation distribution for the stator blades in the axisymmetric case was determined to be +13 degrees relative to the inflow. To ensure that the circulation distribution on the stator blades was as predicted by the SSF-1 analysis program, velocity measurements were made around a stator blade a several radii. These measurements were made around rectangular closed contours at numerous discrete location. These velocities were converted to a non-dimensional circulation consistent with the manner used in the computer programs to allow for comparison. The distribution of the experimental non-dimensional circulation is graphed and presented in Figure 6-2 with the SSF-1 predicted distribution. Thickness effects were accounted for in the SSF-1 distribution. The comparison is excellent with respect to the shape of the distribution, but is in disagreement by approximately 7 percent in magnitude. The experimental data was greater. One possible explanation for the experimental



### AXISYMMETRIC CIRCULATION

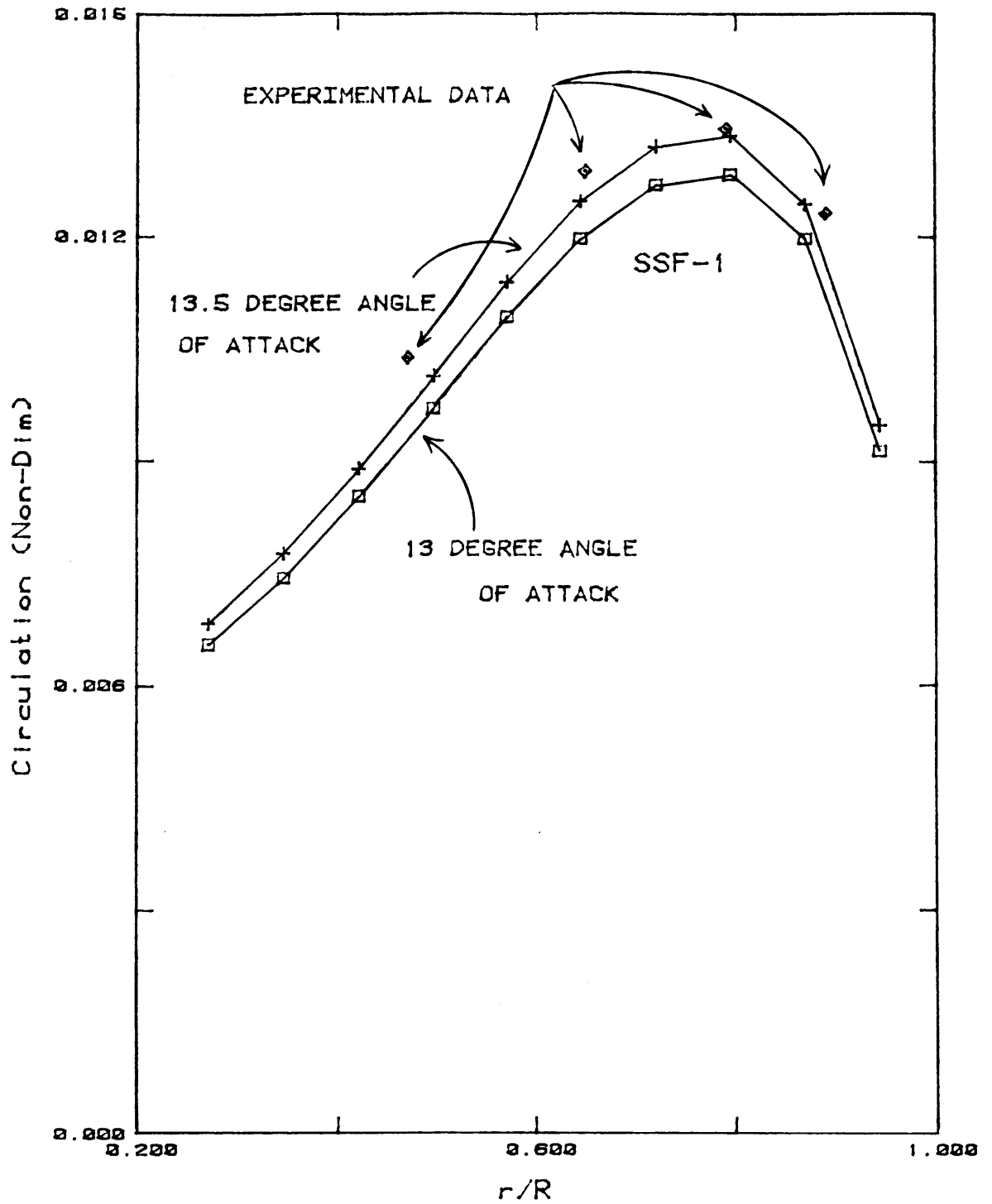
Figure 6-2: Experimental & Axisymmetric Circulation

circulation being greater is the tunnel wall effect experienced in the test section. The presence of the tunnel wall restricts the flow in the test section and could thereby result in more circulation on the blade than would otherwise be present in an unrestricted flow. Additional deviation could be introduced by not setting the stator blade angles accurately. It is estimated that the bench technique for setting blade angles is accurate to within one-half degree. A circulation distribution from the SSF-1 program for an angle setting of +13.5 degrees was obtained. This was done to better establish the magnitude of error which could be introduced by inaccurate setting of the blade's angle of attack. The results of this program run are plotted in Figure 6-3 along with experimental data and the circulation distribution for the +13 degree angle of attack. Assuming that the angle of attack was set one-half degree greater than desired, the graph shows the experimental data to be in much closer agreement with the computer prediction.

It can therefore be concluded that the SSF-1 program is a reliable tool for predicting circulation distributions. This would again be demonstrated in the non-axisymmetric stator testing.

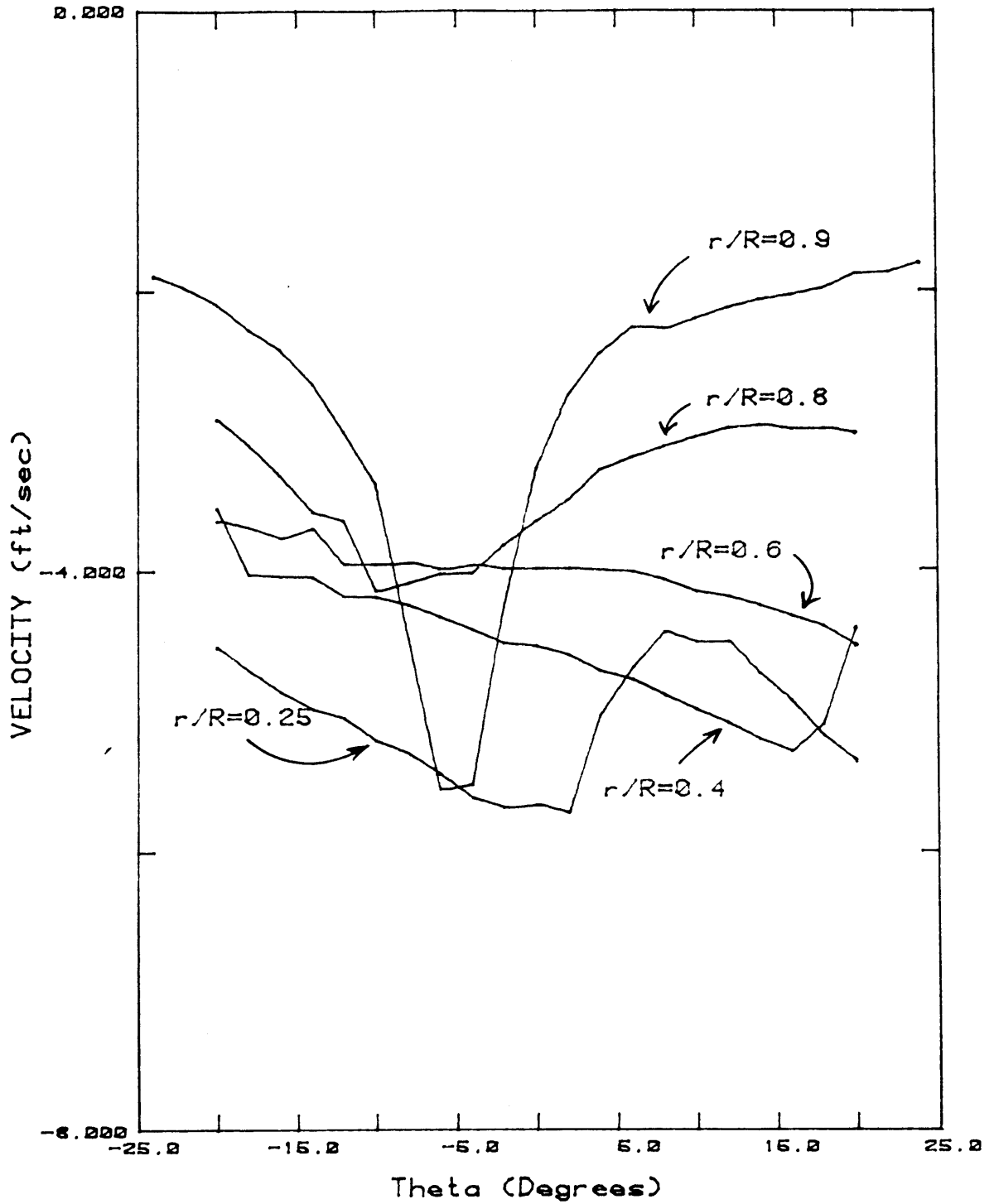
### **6.2.2 Flow Field Measurements**

With the stator blades in an axisymmetric alignment, axial and tangential velocity measurements were made at several radii in the plane of the propeller. Figure 6-4 displays the tangential velocities at five different radii, 4.5 inches downstream from the quarter-chord location of the stator blades. The shape of these curves was as anticipated and can be logically explained. Referring to Figure 6-5 assists in visualizing the flow situation. At the smallest radius, the major fluctuation is due to the hub vortex effects. At the outer radii, the large fluctuation is due to the proximity of the tip vortex. This is also true for  $r/R = 0.8$ . At the



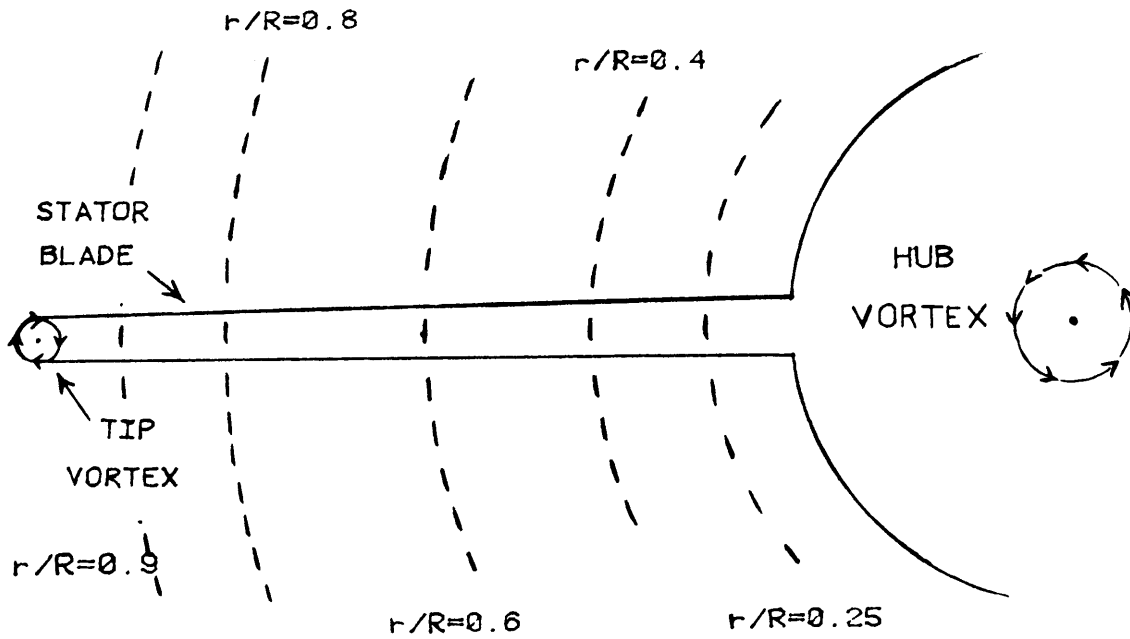
### AXISYMMETRIC CIRCULATION

Figure 6-3: Circulation Distribution Comparison



### TANGENTIAL WAKE

Figure 6-4: Tangential Wake - Axisymmetric Stator



**Figure 6-5:** Radial Locations for Velocity Measurements

radii near mid-span, the tangential velocity fluctuation is not as pronounced due to the distance from both the tip vortex and the hub vortex. The modest negative (downward) velocity at these radii is due to the flow being inclined by the thirteen degree angle of attack of the blades.

### 6.3 Non-Axisymmetric Testing

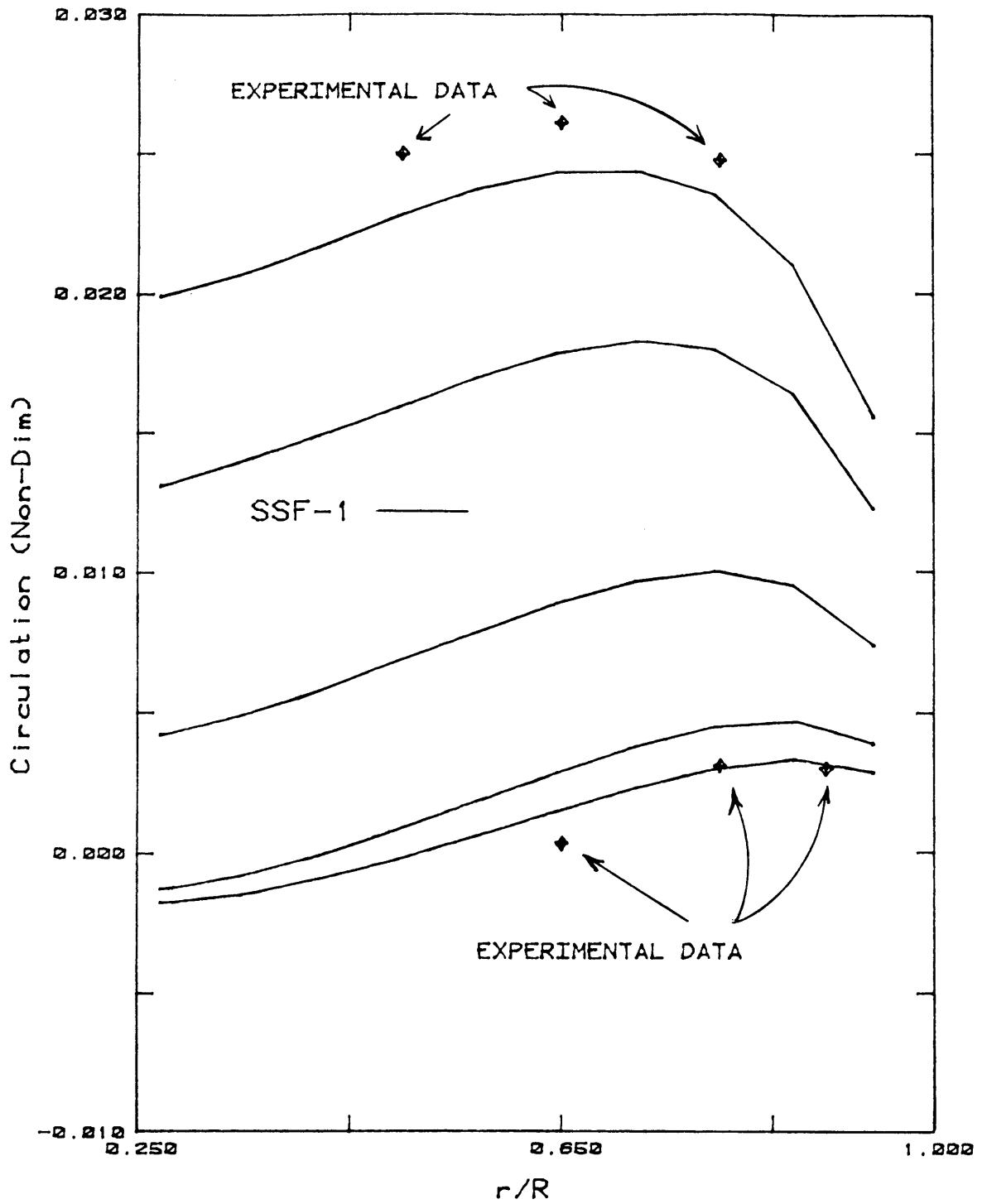
#### 6.3.1 Non-Dimensional Circulation Measurements

In the non-axisymmetric testing of the stator, the nine blades were set at angles of attack determined from the SSF-1 program. Numbering the nine blades consecutively around the stator, the angles were as follows: 19.0 degrees for blade 1, 16.1 degrees for blades 2 and 9, 11.0 degrees for blades 3 and 8, 7.0 degrees for blades 4 and 7, and 5.5 degrees for blades 5 and 6. As shown in Figure 3-2, these

angles gave the best match to the PLL circulation distributions which produced the desired predicted tangential velocities. As was done in the axisymmetric case, non-dimensional circulation measurements were obtained. Based on the reliability of the SSF-1 program established in earlier testing, only three radii on two blades were selected for circulation measurements. The most heavily and lightly loaded blades were sampled at radii about the location the maximum circulation was anticipated to occur. This experimental data is plotted for comparison with the SSF-1 program distribution in Figure 6-6.

Only five blade circulation distributions are shown in the graph because blades 6,7,8, and 9 are symmetric with blades 5,4,3, and 2 respectively. The circulation distributions for the symmetric blades are essentially the same. For the most heavily loaded blade, a similar experimental result to the axisymmetric circulation measurement is noted. With only three data points to compare, it would be suspect to generalize about the shape of the entire distribution. However, with the previous axisymmetric results as a basis, it is claimed that the shape of the distribution matches very well to the SSF-1 program prediction. The magnitude is in disagreement by approximately 8 percent. The same justifications stated for the axisymmetric discrepancies between experimental and computer predicted circulation apply here as well. For blade 5, the most lightly loaded blade, the experimental results are nearly identical for two of the three radii sampled. The shape of the circulation distribution for the lightly loaded blades, which are set at small angles of attack, is more heavily influenced by the blade twist.

Based on these experimental results, it is claimed that the circulation distributions predicted by the SSF-1 program are very nearly the actual distributions on the stator blades. This validation was necessary prior to proceeding to the flow field measurements in the plane of the propeller for the non-



## NON-AXISYMMETRIC CIRCULATION

Figure 6-6: Experimental & Non-Axisymmetric Circulation

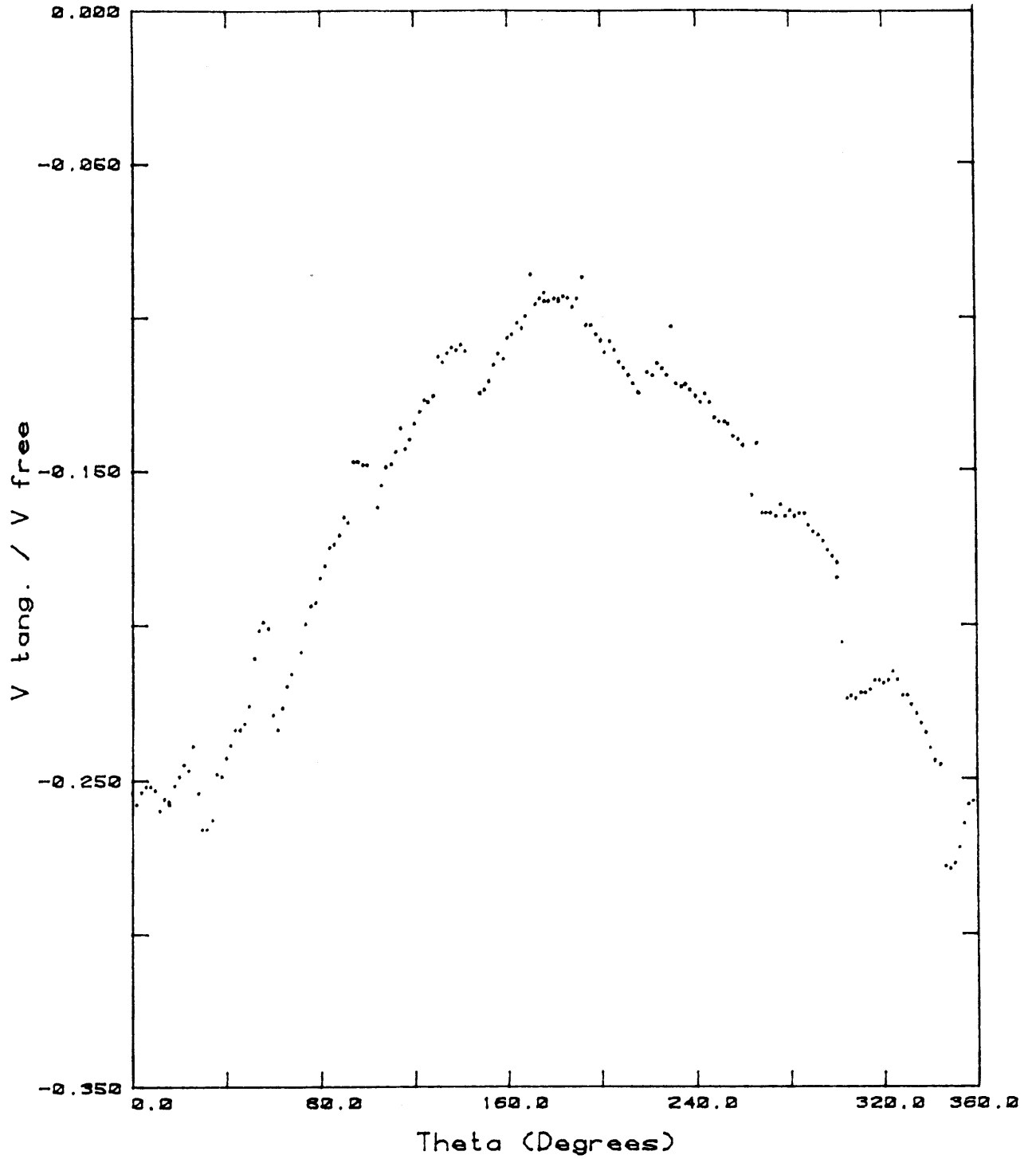
axisymmetric stator. The mapping of these tangential velocities is the key indicator for comparison to PLL wake predictions and the basis for judging the success of the design. The induced tangential velocities represent solid evidence that the stator is providing the desired modification to the inflow.

The non-axisymmetric circulation distributions provided by the SSF-1 program were used to supply inputs back into PLL for revised wake predictions. This was done to allow for the fact that the circulation distributions on the stator blades in the non-axisymmetric alignment were not exactly those originally used by the PLL program. The matching procedure between the PLL and SSF-1 programs discussed in Chapter 3 resulted in some differences in circulation when the 3-dimensional effects were considered. In order to perform a more accurate comparison between the computer wake prediction and the experimentally obtained data, this iteration was performed. Figure 6-10 presents this revised wake prediction.

### **6.3.2 Non-Axisymmetric Flow Field Measurements**

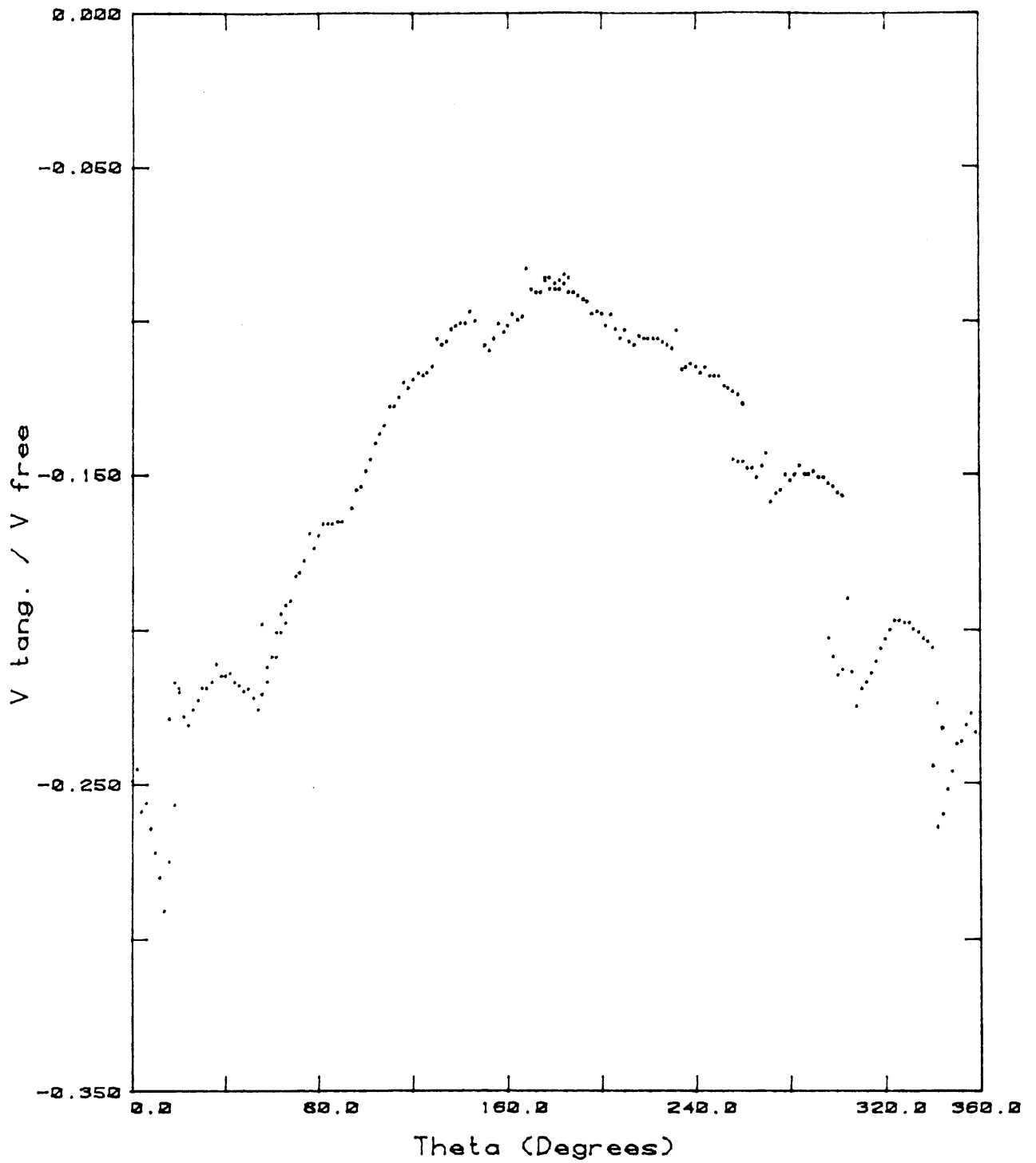
The mapping of the velocity measurements in the plane of the propeller for the non-axisymmetric case was done at three different radii. The experimental results for the tangential velocity measurements are presented in Figure 6-7, Figure 6-8, and Figure 6-9.

As shown in Figure 5-1, the overall desired experimental result for the shape of the tangential wake is periodic for one revolution about the disk of the propeller. This is due to the absence of inclined flow in the tunnel. The superposition of a once per revolution tangential velocity fluctuation due to inclined flow upon the experimental tangential flow mapping should produce the wake predicted by PLL. These wake predictions from PLL were presented in Figure 2-2 and the revised wake



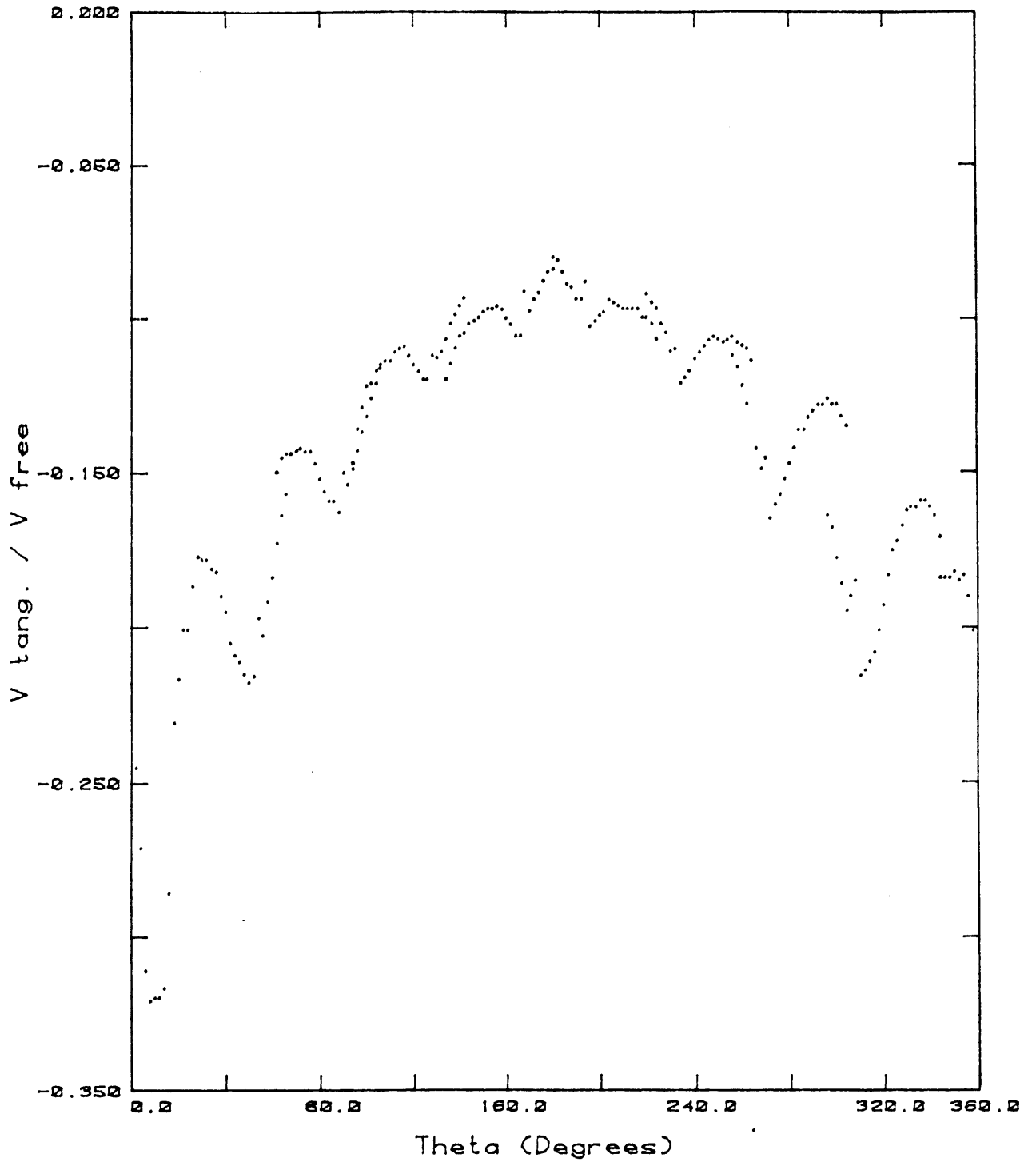
TANGENTIAL WAKE ( $r/R = .45$ )

Figure 6-7: Tangential Wake,  $r/R = .45$



TANGENTIAL WAKE ( $r/R = .60$ )

Figure 6-8: Tangential Wake,  $r/R = .60$



TANGENTIAL WAKE ( $r/R = .75$ )

Figure 6-9: Tangential Wake,  $r/R = .75$

is shown in Figure 6-10. Some overlap of the data points exists on the graphs due to sampling about 24 degrees on either side of each stator blade. This was done intentionally to assist in bringing the nine data files together on one graph. It should be noted that some measurement error due to positioning was undoubtedly introduced each time one of the nine blade tips was directed at the laser by rotating the entire stator assembly on the shaft housing.

From the graphs, the amplitude of the ratio of the tangential velocity to the free stream velocity about its mean is approximately 0.10. The assumed shaft angle for producing the inclined flow was seven degrees for purposes of this experiment. The amplitude of the tangential velocity fluctuation due to a seven degree shaft angle is 0.12. This represents a favorable comparison. Figure 6-10 shows the PLL wake prediction when the SSF-1 program results for non-axisymmetric analysis are used to supply input back to the PLL program. This would be the wake pattern if the experimental results were superimposed upon the inclined flow harmonic fluctuation in tangential velocity. Note that the data for tangential wake inflow does roughly capture the nine smaller amplitude periodic oscillations which represent the influence of the nine stator blades. This effect is best seen in Figure 6-9. This effect was part of the PLL wake prediction, especially at the outer radii. The general observation, which is supported by graphical presentations of experimental data, is that the non-axisymmetric stator does induce tangential velocities to counter the inclined flow. It can be concluded that the stator in this non-axisymmetric alignment, when placed in 7 degree inclined flow, would have a tangential wake as predicted by PLL in Figure 6-10.

During the non-axisymmetric testing, axial and tangential velocity measurements were taken at various radii in the plane of the propeller. These measurements indicate that the flow was indeed inclined by the non-axisymmetric

TANGENTIAL WAKE IN  
PROPELLER DISK

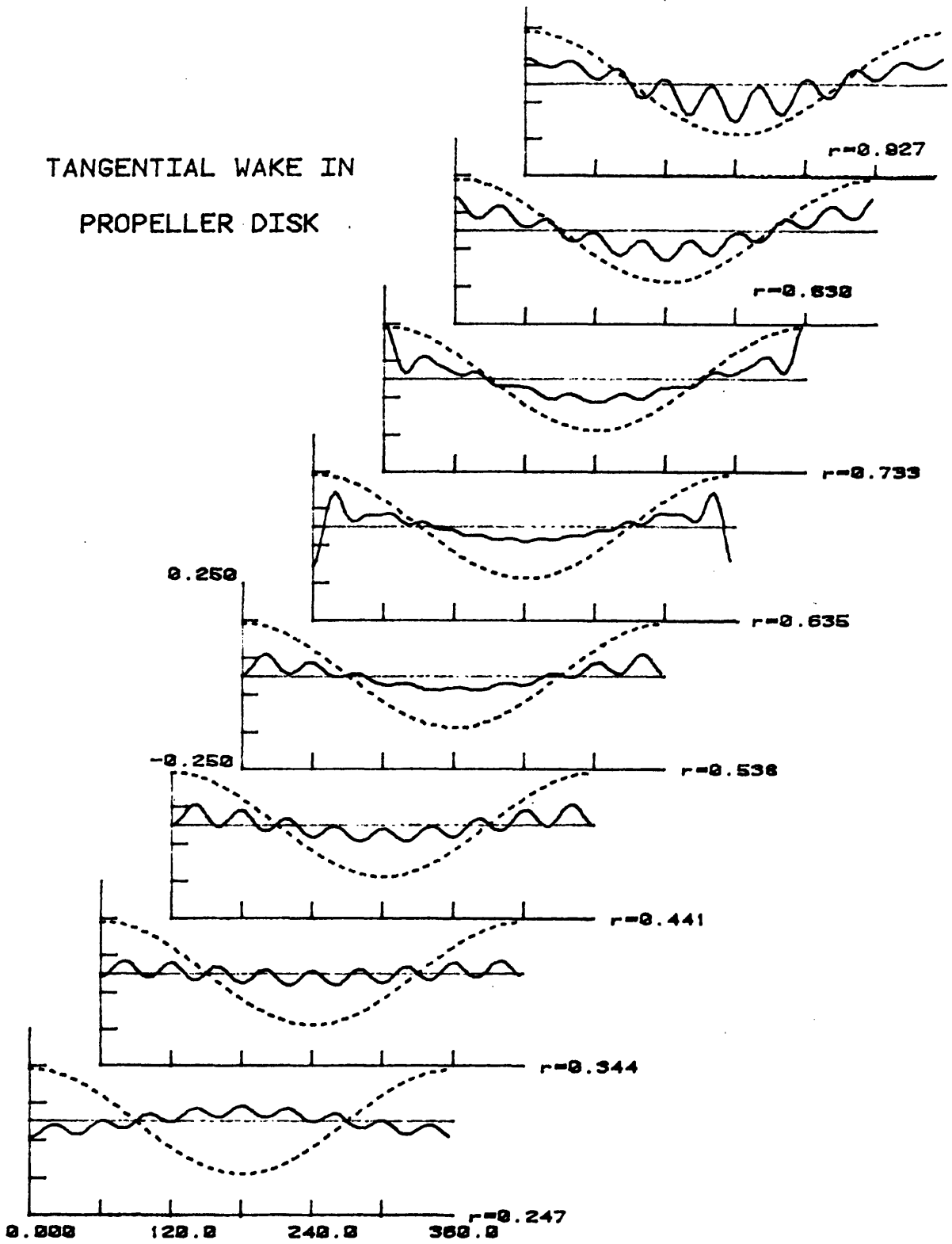


Figure 6-10: Revised PLL Tangential Wake

stator. The angle of inclination did vary with radius. The flow inclination is easily observed by referring to Appendix 2, photographs No.5 and No.6.

#### **6.4 Propulsive Efficiency**

In order to compare the efficiency of the propeller to the stator/propeller combination, standard open-water tests were performed in the water tunnel. Programs were available in the MIT MHL for conducting these tests. The 4497 propeller was tested several times to ensure that a reliable test result was obtained. The representative output from one of these open-water tests is included in Appendix 3. At the design advance coefficient,  $J$ , of .889, the thrust coefficient,  $K_T$  was .233. At 1200 RPM the thrust provided is 180.0 pounds. Its propulsive efficiency,  $\eta$ , was 0.65 at design  $J$ . Figure 6-11 graphically displays the results of this open-water test. Appendix 1 contains a PLL output for the propeller operating by itself. The  $\eta$  value numerically predicted was by PLL was 0.67. The slight discrepancy is most likely accounted for by some difference between the propeller circulation distribution input to PLL and the actual distribution on the blades.

After mounting the stator model on the propeller drive housing just forward of the 4497 propeller, more open-water tests were conducted. The stator was positioned on the housing such that the quarter chord location of the stator was 4.5 inches forward of the quarter chord location of the propeller. A representative result from one of these tests is included in Appendix 3. Figure 6-12 graphically displays the results of this test. Before comparing these results with the results for the propeller alone, the increased drag on the propulsor combination due to the stator must be taken into account. More water tunnel tests were conducted to determine the drag on the stator. A testing sequence was devised whereby the drag on the stator, minus any hub vortex effects, was estimated over a range of

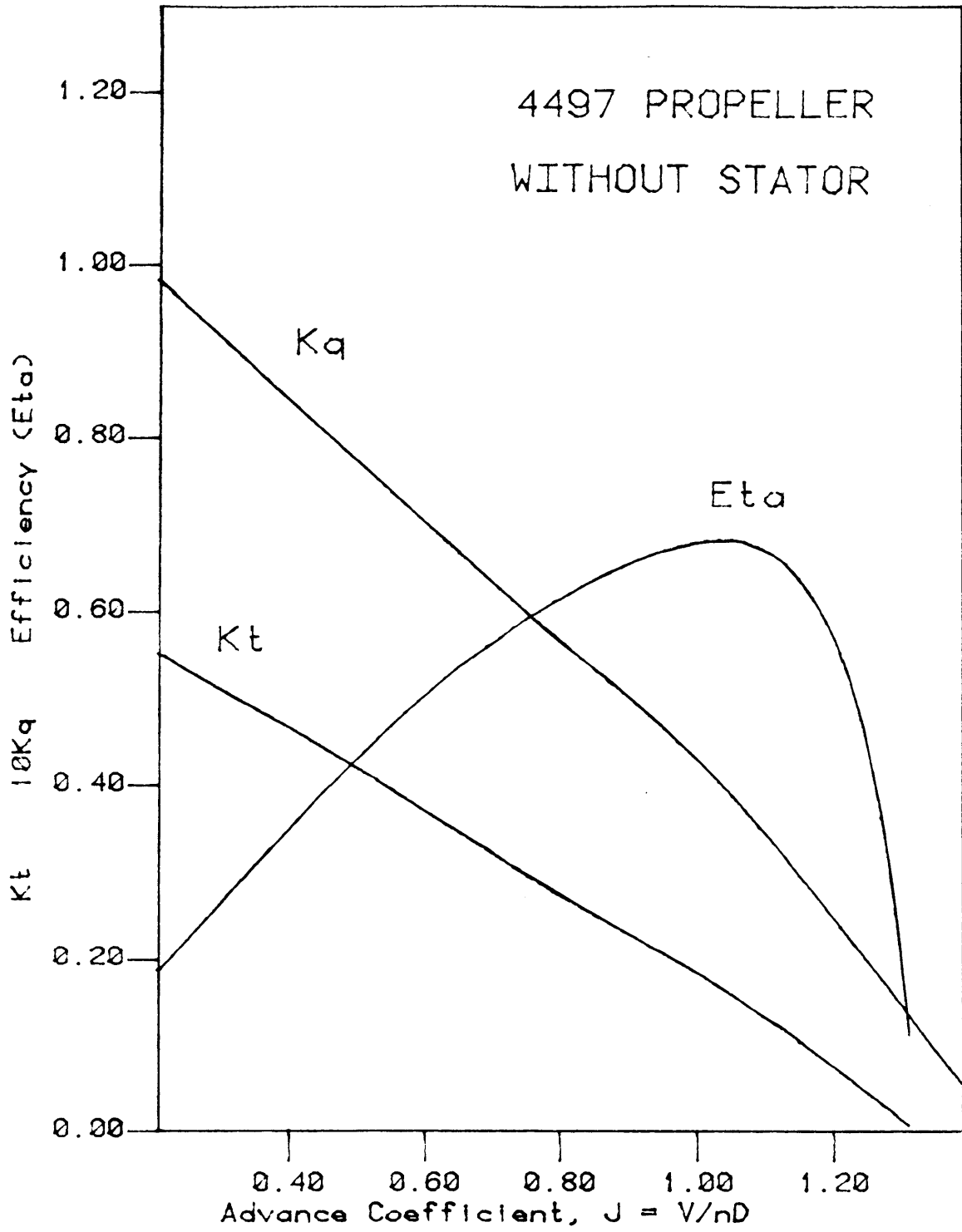


Figure 6-11: Propeller 4497 Open-Water Test

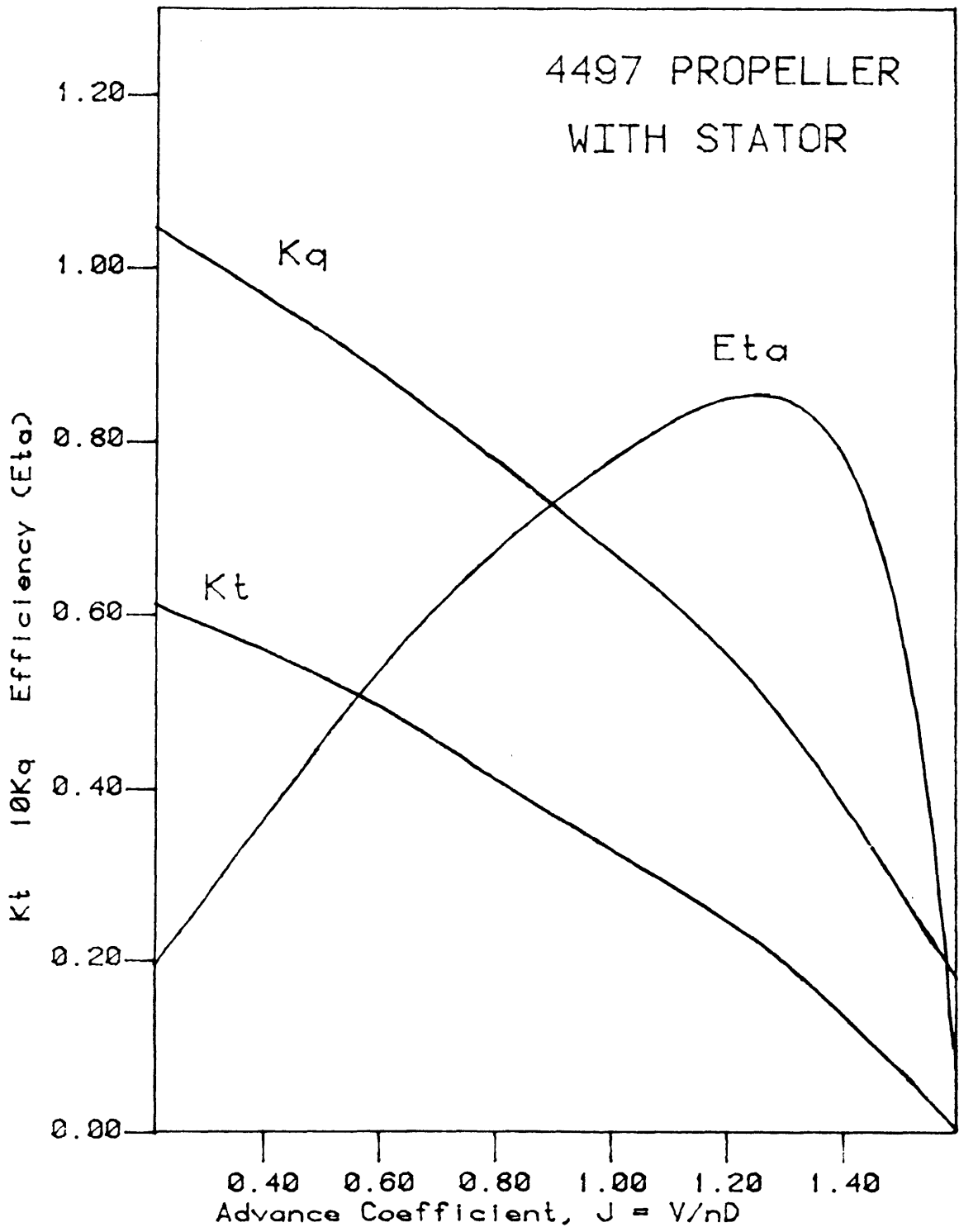


Figure 6-12: Stator/Propeller Open-Water Test

operating speeds. The influence of the hub vortex was experimentally estimated at 2.2 pounds at the operating speed of 17.72 feet per second. This correction was applied to the experimentally derived value of 15.3 pounds of drag on the stator with hub vortex. Therefore, the drag due to the stator alone was estimated at 13.1 pounds. This value compares remarkably well with the PLL prediction of 11 pounds of drag. The experimental value is substantially verified by the computer result.

Having established a reliable estimate for the stator drag, the propulsive efficiencies of the propeller and the stator/propeller can now be compared. To perform a fair comparison, it was decided to select operating points where both propulsors were providing an equal amount of thrust. At the  $J$  value of 0.89, the 4497 propeller provided 180 pounds of thrust. The  $K_T$  at this point was 0.233. The propulsive efficiency,  $\eta$ , was 0.65. This information is also graphically presented in Figure 6-13, which presents the open-water test results for the propeller operating with and without the stator. Also plotted for the propeller is the curve of constant  $K_T/J^2$ , a ratio which relates to the thrust loading coefficient,  $C_T$ . Basically, the  $K_T/J^2$  curve represents the operating points where an equal amount of thrust is provided.

To locate the appropriate stator/propeller operating point for comparison of efficiency, it was first necessary to account for the reduced thrust due to drag on the stator. The operating point selected would have to represent approximately 193 pounds of thrust to offset the estimated 13.1 pounds of stator drag at the water speed of 17.72 feet per second. Through a trial and error procedure, numerous operating points were selected and analyzed. This led to the determination of a comparison operating point at  $J$  equal to 1.01. At this  $J$ , the thrust loading coefficient,  $C_T$ , was .636 and when corrected for stator drag, a thrust of 180.1

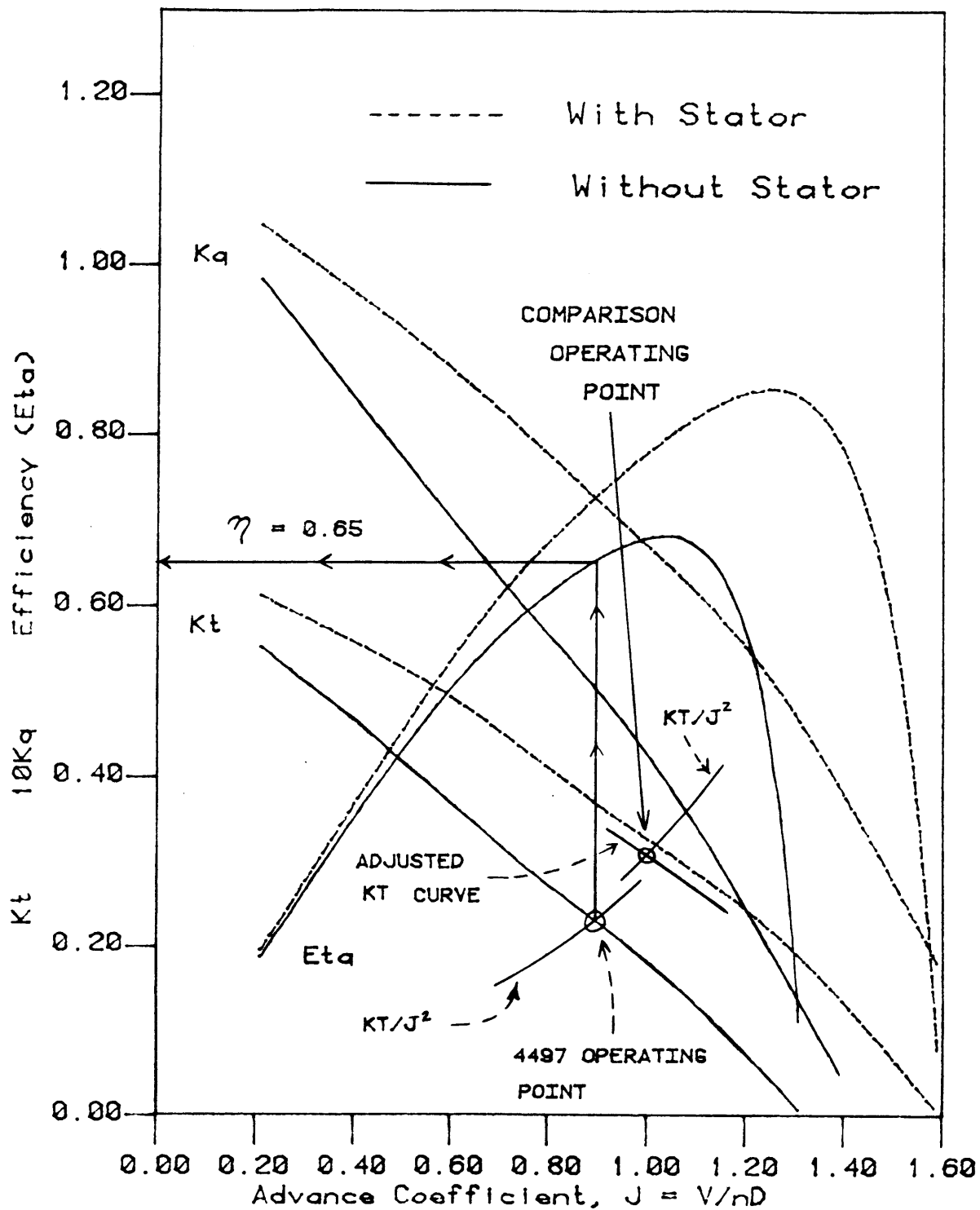


Figure 6-13: 4497 Propeller Tests

pounds is anticipated. The  $K_T/J^2$  ratio was equal to 0.31795 and  $K_T$  was 0.324. Therefore, assuming that the operating speed is fixed at 17.72 feet per second, the thrust provided at this operating point would be 192.9 pounds. Correcting for stator drag results in a net thrust of approximately 180 pounds. The calculated propulsive efficiency,  $\eta = K_T J / 2\pi K_Q$ , at this point is 0.73. This indicates an 8 percent increase in  $\eta$  even after accounting for stator drag.

The curves of Figure 6-13 for the stator/propeller are not corrected for drag due to the stator. The  $K_T$  curve would be shifted downward to adjust for the reduced thrust. A portion of the corrected  $K_T$ , in the vicinity of the comparison operating point is plotted on Figure 6-13. Also, the propulsive efficiency curve would be slightly reduced in amplitude to reflect this correction.

## Chapter 7

# CONCLUSIONS

### 7.1 Experimental Summary

This experimental thesis effort was designed to address a propulsive problem associated with a propeller operating on an inclined shaft. This is the case for a large majority of surface ships of all sizes. The objective was to design a stator model which would minimize the once per revolution tangential wake harmonic associated with inclined flow. The primary benefit of achieving this modified inflow would be an increase in propulsive efficiency. A validation of the PLL computer wake predictions was performed by a comparison with experimental flow field measurements.

The results of the experiment support the claim that the stator improves the propeller's performance. When the two component propulsor was tested with the stator in an axisymmetric blade alignment, there was a significant increase in the propulsive efficiency when compared to the propeller operating alone. This was indicated by the results of the open-water tests. This increase was approximately 8 percent at an operating point where an equal amount of thrust was provided.

The focus of the non-axisymmetric testing was to incline the flow and to map the flow field velocities in the plane of the propeller. The results validate the computer generated wake predictions of the PLL program. The non-axisymmetric stator induced tangential velocities which tended to minimize the once per revolution harmonic due to shaft angle. While unable to model inclined flow, superposition of this harmonic fluctuation on the flow field mapping obtained did

produce the desired result. It is reasonable to conclude that the propulsive efficiency of the non-axisymmetric stator and propeller in an inclined flow would be greater than that of the propeller alone.

During the course of the experiment, the experimentally obtained non-dimensional circulation distributions were used to check the accuracy of the output of the recently developed MIT MHL SSF-1 program. The experimental data collected in this portion of the testing generally exceeded the computer prediction by 7 to 8 percent. However, there appeared to be excellent agreement with regard to the shape of the distribution.

The additional testing performed with reference to the hub vortex strength supports the following statements. The cancellation effect concerning the hub vortices of the stator and the propeller does not represent a significant gain in terms of thrust and efficiency. It was observed that the cancellation effect is not complete at operating points where a reasonable amount of thrust is provided. The negative thrust caused by the hub vortex is not significant in comparison to the net thrust. The results of velocity measurements of hub vortex strength for the stator, the propeller, and the combination support the concept of the Rankine vortex as a model for the hub vortex.

## **7.2 Discussion**

Upon reflection of the results obtained from this experiment, some logical extensions for further testing of the stator can be identified. It was noted that the combination of the stator/propeller was more efficient than the propeller alone. A testing scheme could be devised whereby open-water tests with the axisymmetric stator and propeller would be performed. Successive tests could be conducted

varying the angle at which the stator blades are set. The objective would be to determine the optimum angle in terms of achieving the highest propulsive efficiency while providing an equal amount of thrust as the propeller operating alone. The existing computer programs could be exercised to conduct the same experiment to arrive at the analytical answer. A favorable comparison between the determined angles should result.

The number of non-dimensional circulation data points obtained in the non-axisymmetric testing was limited. This was felt to be justified in this experiment by the reliability established during more extensive axisymmetric sampling. However, the collection of more data would provide greater confidence to the output provide by the SSF-1 analysis program.

The general conclusion which can be drawn from this effort is that the non-axisymmetric stator can be used to favorably modify propeller inflow to counteract the effects of shaft angle. Increased propulsive efficiency can be achieved by a stator by reducing the energy left in the propeller's wake. It is recognized that these results were produced in the laboratory, and that extension of this concept to operating ships presents a greater challenge.

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## **Appendix A**

### **PLL OUTPUT**

- |                                    |           |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Stator/Propeller - Axisymmetric | PG. 61-65 |
| 2. Non-Axisymmetric Circulation    | PG. 66    |
| 3. 4497 Propeller Alone            | PG. 67-69 |

PROPELLER LIFTING LINE RUN:  
stator/propeller axisymmetric

17:23:44

PLL SUMMARY OUTPUT

SHIP SPEED (FT/SEC):	17.72	FLUID DENSITY:	1.9350
SHAFT DEPTH (FT):	2.00	NUMBER OF DEVICES:	2
TOTAL THRUST (LBS):	180	TORQUE (FT-LBS):	0
HORSEPOWER:	8	EFFICIENCY:	0.699
IMAGE HUB USED:	T	IMAGE DUCT USED:	F
HUB DRAG (lbs):	0	(HUB VORTEX)/(RHUB):	0.4000

\*\*\*\*\*

SUMMARY OUTPUT FOR COMPONENT NUMBER: 1

AXIAL LOCATION(FT) :	0.00	DIAMETER (FT):	1.00
NUMBER OF BLADES:	5	HUB DIAMETER (FT):	0.20
NUMBER OF CONTROL POINTS:	8	REVS. PER MINUTE:	1200.00
BLADE FILE: blade11121.out		WAKE DIAMETER (FT):	1.00
WAKE FILE: blawake1112.out		THRUST (LBS):	191
TORQUE (FT-LBS):	36	HORSEPOWER:	8
ADVANCE COEFFICIENT:	0.886	EX. AREA RATIO:	0.720
BLADE VOLUME (CU FT):	0.00	MOM. OF INERTIA (FT**5):	0.00
NUMBER OF PANELS:	8		
CT: 0.8035	CQ: 0.1522	CP: 1.0790	KT: 0.2477 KQ: 0.0469

SUMMARY OUTPUT FOR COMPONENT NUMBER: 2

AXIAL LOCATION(FT) :	-0.38	DIAMETER (FT):	1.20
NUMBER OF BLADES:	9	HUB DIAMETER (FT):	0.28
NUMBER OF CONTROL POINTS:	10	REVS. PER MINUTE:	0.00
BLADE FILE: stal124.dat;6		WAKE DIAMETER (FT):	1.20
WAKE FILE: stawake1112.out		THRUST (LBS):	-11
TORQUE (FT-LBS):	-35	HORSEPOWER:	0
ADVANCE COEFFICIENT:	999.000	EX. AREA RATIO:	0.978
BLADE VOLUME (CU FT):	0.00	MOM. OF INERTIA (FT**5):	0.00
NUMBER OF PANELS:	10		
CT: -0.0340	CQ: -0.0872	CP: 0.0000	KT:999.0000 KQ:999.0000

COMPUTATION TOOK: 31.31 SECONDS

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PROPELLER LIFTING LINE RUN:

17:23:44

DETAILED OUTPUT FOR COMPONENT NUMBER: 1

R/R0	Cin/D	T/D	CDRAG	Gin	UA/VS nominal	UA/VS effective	UT/VS	BETA
0.2000	0.1740	0.0434	0.0085	0.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	54.66
0.2500	0.2020	0.0396	0.0085	0.0149	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	48.44
0.3000	0.2290	0.0358	0.0085	0.0213	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	43.23
0.4000	0.2750	0.0294	0.0085	0.0308	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	35.19
0.5000	0.3120	0.0240	0.0085	0.0361	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	29.42
0.6000	0.3370	0.0191	0.0085	0.0369	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	25.18
0.7000	0.3470	0.0146	0.0085	0.0337	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	21.94
0.8000	0.3340	0.0105	0.0085	0.0277	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	19.42
0.9000	0.2800	0.0067	0.0085	0.0189	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	17.40
0.9500	0.2100	0.0048	0.0085	0.0132	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	16.53
1.0000	0.0000	0.0029	0.0085	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	15.75

\*\*\*\*\*

R/R0	C/D	BETA1	G	UA*/VS	UT*/VS	CL	DCT	DCQ	SIGMA
0.2000	0.1740	44.22	0.0124	-0.0248	0.2929	0.2594	0.2581	0.0331	3.7814
0.2500	0.2020	44.24	0.0125	0.0529	0.1949	0.2602	0.2613	0.0337	3.2263
0.3000	0.2290	43.49	0.0168	0.1238	0.1208	0.2894	0.3861	0.0577	2.7535
0.4000	0.2750	40.29	0.0279	0.2321	0.0352	0.3334	0.7925	0.1415	2.0207
0.5000	0.3120	35.52	0.0325	0.2773	0.0167	0.2986	1.1408	0.2160	1.5146
0.6000	0.3370	30.66	0.0331	0.2792	0.0304	0.2461	1.4011	0.2692	1.1625
0.7000	0.3470	26.41	0.0304	0.2577	0.0509	0.1947	1.5049	0.2909	0.9131
0.8000	0.3340	22.69	0.0249	0.2168	0.0729	0.1480	1.4131	0.2755	0.7333
0.9000	0.2800	19.52	0.0171	0.1629	0.0893	0.1117	1.0924	0.2178	0.6013
0.9500	0.2100	18.12	0.0117	0.1323	0.0922	0.0921	0.7846	0.1603	0.5488
1.0000	0.0000	16.83	0.0000	0.0997	0.0897	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5031

PROPELLER LIFTING LINE RUN:

17:23:44

SERIES CIRCULATION COEFFICIENTS FOR COMPONENT 1

NUMBER	COEFFICIENT	NORMALIZED COEFFICIENT
1	0.01092	0.00052
2	0.44689	0.02132
3	-3.27240	-0.15609
4	11.92451	0.56878
5	-18.90395	-0.90168
6	3.22106	0.15364
7	20.96522	1.00000
8	-14.98079	-0.71455

\*\*\*\*\*

OUTPUT AT THE CONTROL POINTS FOR COMPONENT NUMBER: 1

R/R0	G	VA/VS	VI/VS	UA*/VS	UT*/VS	UA*SELF	UA*OTHR	UT*SELF	UT*OTHR
0.2466	0.0124	1.0000	0.0000	0.0478	0.2007	0.0462	0.0017	-0.0743	0.2750
0.3438	0.0224	1.0000	0.0000	0.1777	0.0737	0.1791	-0.0014	-0.1554	0.2291
0.4410	0.0304	1.0000	0.0000	0.2589	0.0209	0.2634	-0.0045	-0.1893	0.2102
0.5382	0.0331	1.0000	0.0000	0.2807	0.0204	0.2871	-0.0064	-0.1727	0.1931
0.6355	0.0326	1.0000	0.0000	0.2744	0.0373	0.2823	-0.0079	-0.1427	0.1800
0.7327	0.0288	1.0000	0.0000	0.2460	0.0581	0.2551	-0.0091	-0.1104	0.1686
0.8299	0.0228	1.0000	0.0000	0.2019	0.0789	0.2118	-0.0099	-0.0787	0.1576
0.9271	0.0144	1.0000	0.0000	0.1466	0.0914	0.1567	-0.0101	-0.0504	0.1418

PROPELLER LIFTING LINE RUN:

17:23:44

DETAILED OUTPUT FOR COMPONENT NUMBER: 2

R/R0	Cin/D	T/D	CDRAG	Gin	UA/VS nominal	UA/VS effective	UT/VS	BETA
0.1666	0.2290	0.0298	0.0085	-0.0070	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	90.00
0.2721	0.2290	0.0298	0.0085	-0.0070	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	90.00
0.3460	0.2290	0.0294	0.0085	-0.0081	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	90.00
0.4266	0.2290	0.0289	0.0085	-0.0097	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	90.00
0.4930	0.2290	0.0281	0.0085	-0.0106	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	90.00
0.5744	0.2290	0.0272	0.0085	-0.0119	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	90.00
0.6483	0.2290	0.0264	0.0085	-0.0127	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	90.00
0.7222	0.2290	0.0255	0.0085	-0.0135	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	90.00
0.7961	0.2290	0.0246	0.0085	-0.0135	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	90.00
0.8633	0.2290	0.0238	0.0085	-0.0127	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	90.00
0.9440	0.2200	0.0234	0.0085	-0.0095	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	90.00
1.0000	0.0000	0.0229	0.0085	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	90.00

\*\*\*\*\*

R/R0	C/D	BETAI	G	UA*/VS	UT*/VS	CL	DCT	DCQ	SIGMA
0.1666	0.2290	81.76	-0.0063	0.0728	0.1554	-0.1603	-0.0343	-0.0327	6.2817
0.2721	0.2290	84.97	-0.0063	0.0726	0.0945	-0.1605	-0.0344	-0.0329	6.3325
0.3460	0.2290	85.21	-0.0073	0.0688	0.0896	-0.1864	-0.0363	-0.0483	6.3751
0.4266	0.2290	85.08	-0.0087	0.0636	0.0916	-0.2243	-0.0415	-0.0710	6.4266
0.4930	0.2290	85.30	-0.0095	0.0596	0.0870	-0.2461	-0.0424	-0.0894	6.4720
0.5744	0.2290	85.36	-0.0107	0.0540	0.0855	-0.2778	-0.0454	-0.1164	6.5328
0.6483	0.2290	85.30	-0.0114	0.0483	0.0862	-0.2981	-0.0478	-0.1395	6.5947
0.7222	0.2290	84.99	-0.0121	0.0420	0.0913	-0.3186	-0.0521	-0.1641	6.6602
0.7961	0.2290	84.66	-0.0121	0.0356	0.0968	-0.3204	-0.0544	-0.1798	6.7279
0.8633	0.2290	84.31	-0.0114	0.0297	0.1026	-0.3027	-0.0541	-0.1823	6.7887
0.9440	0.2200	84.05	-0.0085	0.0241	0.1068	-0.2371	-0.0441	-0.1482	6.8476
1.0000	0.0000	84.16	0.0000	0.0221	0.1046	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	6.8702

PROPELLER LIFTING LINE RUN:

17:23:44

SERIES CIRCULATION COEFFICIENTS FOR COMPONENT 2

NUMBER	COEFFICIENT	NORMALIZED COEFFICIENT
1	-0.00625	-0.00467
2	-0.05462	-0.04087
3	0.24780	0.18541
4	-0.81656	-0.61097
5	1.33650	1.00000
6	-0.93138	-0.69688
7	0.04283	0.03205
8	0.16173	0.12101

\*\*\*\*\*

OUTPUT AT THE CONTROL POINTS FOR COMPONENT NUMBER: 2  
(Quantities are nondimensionalized with the diameter of component 1)

R/R0	G	VA/VS	VT/VS	UA*/VS	UT*/VS	UA*SELF	UA*OTHR	UT*SELF	UT*OTHR
0.3249	-0.0075	1.0000	0.0000	0.0727	0.0948	-0.0001	0.0727	0.0948	0.0000
0.4146	-0.0087	1.0000	0.0000	0.0688	0.0896	-0.0017	0.0705	0.0896	0.0000
0.5044	-0.0104	1.0000	0.0000	0.0639	0.0918	-0.0035	0.0674	0.0918	0.0000
0.5941	-0.0115	1.0000	0.0000	0.0594	0.0869	-0.0043	0.0637	0.0869	0.0000
0.6839	-0.0128	1.0000	0.0000	0.0543	0.0855	-0.0051	0.0594	0.0855	0.0000
0.7737	-0.0137	1.0000	0.0000	0.0486	0.0860	-0.0059	0.0545	0.0860	0.0000
0.8634	-0.0146	1.0000	0.0000	0.0422	0.0911	-0.0070	0.0492	0.0911	0.0000
0.9532	-0.0146	1.0000	0.0000	0.0357	0.0967	-0.0082	0.0439	0.0967	0.0000
1.0429	-0.0136	1.0000	0.0000	0.0292	0.1031	-0.0094	0.0387	0.1031	0.0000
1.1327	-0.0103	1.0000	0.0000	0.0241	0.1068	-0.0096	0.0337	0.1068	0.0000

PROPELLER LIFTING LINE RUN:

CIRCULATION ON EACH BLADE OF PRESWIRL STATOR

RADIUS	ANGLE AND CIRCULATION									
	0.00	40.00	80.00	120.00	160.00	200.00	240.00	280.00	320.00	
0.2889	0.0009	-0.0020	-0.0092	-0.0174	-0.0228	-0.0228	-0.0174	-0.0092	-0.0020	
0.3618	-0.0005	-0.0033	-0.0106	-0.0188	-0.0242	-0.0242	-0.0188	-0.0106	-0.0033	
0.4347	-0.0010	-0.0039	-0.0111	-0.0194	-0.0247	-0.0247	-0.0194	-0.0111	-0.0039	
0.5077	-0.0008	-0.0037	-0.0109	-0.0192	-0.0245	-0.0245	-0.0192	-0.0109	-0.0037	
0.5806	-0.0001	-0.0029	-0.0102	-0.0184	-0.0238	-0.0238	-0.0184	-0.0102	-0.0029	
0.6536	0.0013	-0.0016	-0.0088	-0.0171	-0.0225	-0.0225	-0.0171	-0.0088	-0.0016	
0.7265	0.0032	0.0004	-0.0069	-0.0151	-0.0205	-0.0205	-0.0151	-0.0069	0.0004	
0.7994	0.0059	0.0030	-0.0042	-0.0124	-0.0178	-0.0178	-0.0124	-0.0042	0.0030	
0.8724	0.0090	0.0061	-0.0011	-0.0093	-0.0147	-0.0147	-0.0093	-0.0011	0.0061	
0.9453	0.0105	0.0077	0.0004	-0.0078	-0.0132	-0.0132	-0.0078	0.0004	0.0077	

PROPELLER LIFTING LINE RUN: 0501.1  
4497 alone

1-MAY-87 15:32:26

PLL SUMMARY OUTPUT

SHIP SPEED (FT/SEC):	17.72	FLUID DENSITY:	1.9500
SHAFT DEPTH (FT):	2.00	NUMBER OF DEVICES:	1
TOTAL THRUST (LBS):	180	TORQUE (FT-LBS):	37
HORSEPOWER:	8	EFFICIENCY:	0.677
IMAGE HUB USED:	T	IMAGE DUCT USED:	F
HUB DRAG (lbs):	1	(HUB VORTEX)/(RHUB):	0.4000

\*\*\*\*\*

SUMMARY OUTPUT FOR COMPONENT NUMBER: 1

AXIAL LOCATION(FT) :	0.00	DIAMETER (FT):	1.00
NUMBER OF BLADES:	5	HUB DIAMETER (FT):	0.20
NUMBER OF CONTROL POINTS:	10	REVS. PER MINUTE:	1200.00
BLADE FILE: blade11121.out		WAKE DIAMETER (FT):	1.00
WAKE FILE: blawake1112.out		THRUST (LBS):	181
TORQUE (FT-LBS):	37	HORSEPOWER:	8
ADVANCE COEFFICIENT:	0.886	EX. AREA RATIO:	0.721
BLADE VOLUME (CU FT):	0.00	MOM. OF INERTIA (FT**5):	0.00
NUMBER OF PANELS:	10		
CT: 0.7532	CQ: 0.1559	CP: 1.1056	KT: 0.2322 KQ: 0.0481

COMPUTATION TOOK: 7.04 SECONDS

\*\*\*\*\*

PROPELLER LIFTING LINE RUN: 0501.1

1-MAY-87 15:32:26

DETAILED OUTPUT FOR COMPONENT NUMBER: 1

R/R0	Cin/D	T/D	CDRAG	Gin	UA/Vs nominal	UA/Vs effective	UT/Vs	BETA
0.2000	0.1740	0.0434	0.0085	0.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	54.66
0.2500	0.2020	0.0396	0.0085	0.0149	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	48.44
0.3000	0.2290	0.0358	0.0085	0.0213	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	43.23
0.4000	0.2750	0.0294	0.0085	0.0308	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	35.19
0.5000	0.3120	0.0240	0.0085	0.0361	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	29.42
0.6000	0.3370	0.0191	0.0085	0.0369	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	25.18
0.7000	0.3470	0.0146	0.0085	0.0337	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	21.94
0.8000	0.3340	0.0105	0.0085	0.0277	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	19.42
0.9000	0.2800	0.0067	0.0085	0.0189	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	17.40
0.9500	0.2100	0.0048	0.0085	0.0132	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	16.53
1.0000	0.0000	0.0029	0.0085	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	15.75

\*\*\*\*\*

R/R0	C/D	BETA1	G	UA*/Vs	UT*/Vs	CL	DCT	DCQ	SIGMA
0.2000	0.1740	46.26	0.0095	-0.1006	0.1515	0.2314	0.1515	0.0238	4.7412
0.2500	0.2020	51.58	0.0104	0.0602	-0.0454	0.2434	0.1686	0.0278	3.9852
0.3000	0.2290	51.58	0.0182	0.1546	-0.1479	0.3379	0.3244	0.0645	3.3589
0.4000	0.2750	45.30	0.0285	0.2349	-0.1963	0.3742	0.6809	0.1440	2.4126
0.5000	0.3120	38.88	0.0337	0.2757	-0.1909	0.3348	1.0439	0.2216	1.7601
0.6000	0.3370	33.14	0.0343	0.2826	-0.1626	0.2719	1.3193	0.2763	1.3188
0.7000	0.3470	28.19	0.0313	0.2623	-0.1271	0.2124	1.4443	0.2976	1.0156
0.8000	0.3340	24.02	0.0258	0.2234	-0.0919	0.1611	1.3803	0.2819	0.8018
0.9000	0.2800	20.54	0.0176	0.1729	-0.0614	0.1195	1.0744	0.2216	0.6473
0.9500	0.2100	19.01	0.0122	0.1442	-0.0475	0.1028	0.7897	0.1646	0.5855
1.0000	0.0000	17.60	0.0000	0.1138	-0.0343	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5305

SERIES CIRCULATION COEFFICIENTS FOR COMPONENT 1

NUMBER	COEFFICIENT	NORMALIZED COEFFICIENT
1	0.00955	0.00019
2	0.49592	0.00962
3	-3.18467	-0.06177
4	7.98490	0.15487
5	0.10413	0.00202
6	-33.43883	-0.64854
7	51.56028	1.00000
8	-23.88635	-0.46327

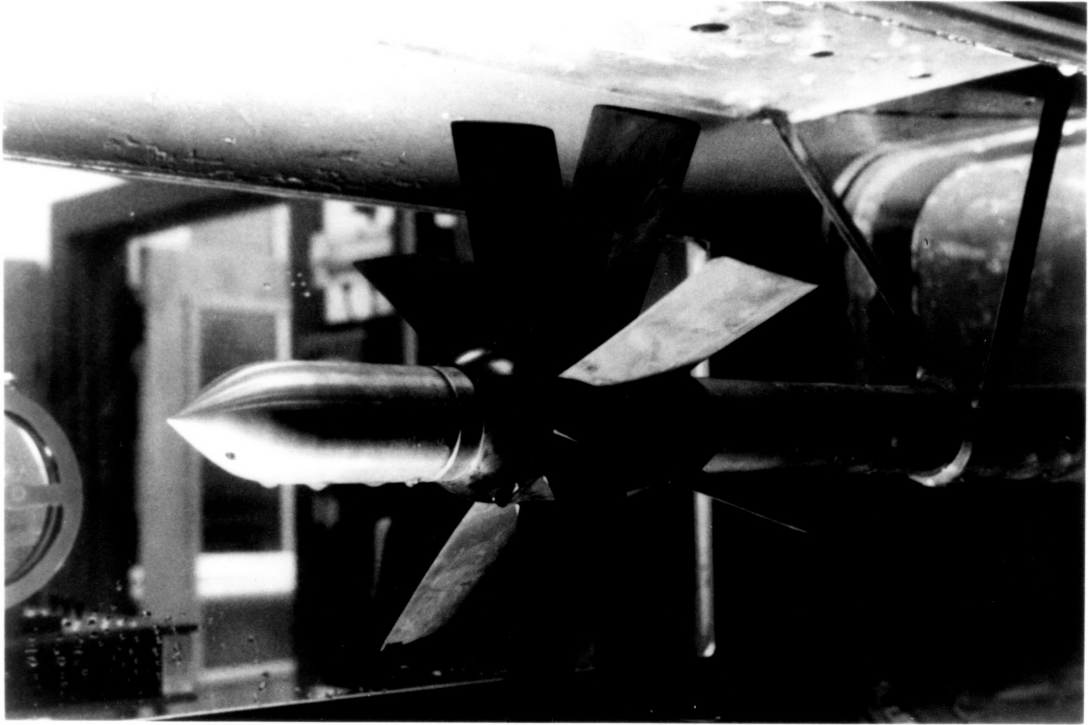
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OUTPUT AT THE CONTROL POINTS FOR COMPONENT NUMBER: 1

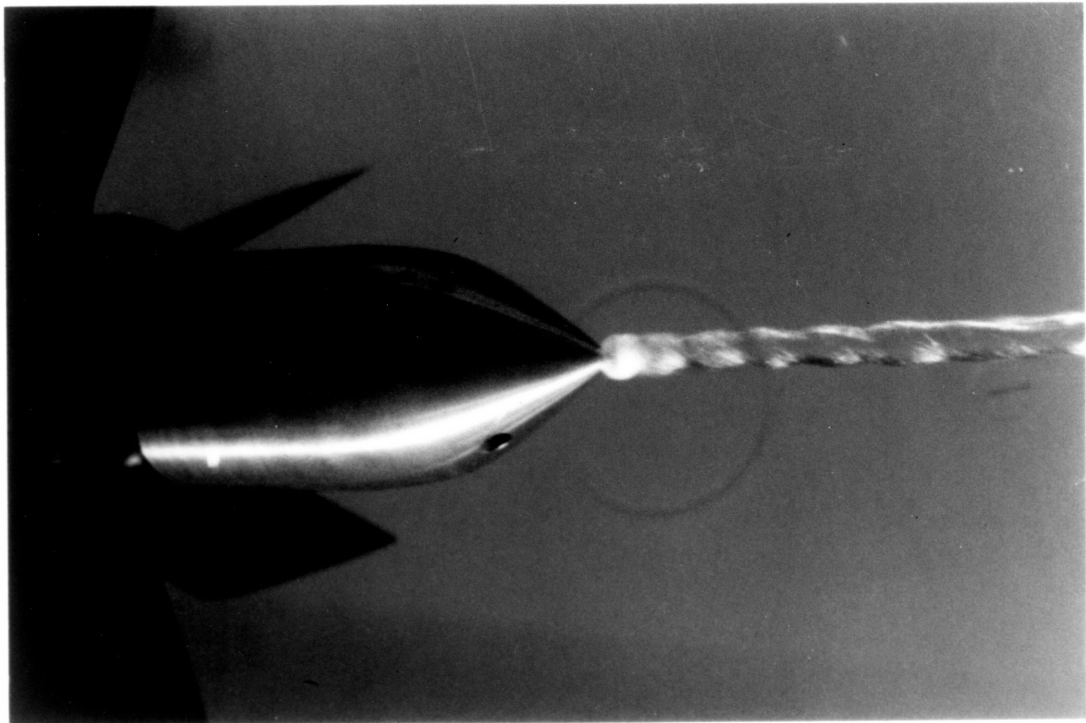
R/R0	C/D	G	VA/VS	VI/VS	UA*/VS	UT*/VS
0.2371	0.1948	0.0095	1.0000	0.0000	0.0261	-0.0049
0.3154	0.2368	0.0207	1.0000	0.0000	0.1738	-0.1654
0.3936	0.2723	0.0281	1.0000	0.0000	0.2315	-0.1958
0.4719	0.3026	0.0328	1.0000	0.0000	0.2677	-0.1953
0.5501	0.3262	0.0344	1.0000	0.0000	0.2828	-0.1785
0.6283	0.3416	0.0338	1.0000	0.0000	0.2794	-0.1528
0.7066	0.3470	0.0310	1.0000	0.0000	0.2602	-0.1247
0.7848	0.3378	0.0268	1.0000	0.0000	0.2301	-0.0970
0.8631	0.3081	0.0209	1.0000	0.0000	0.1926	-0.0721
0.9413	0.2259	0.0133	1.0000	0.0000	0.1493	-0.0499

**Appendix B**  
**PHOTOGRAPHIC PLATES**

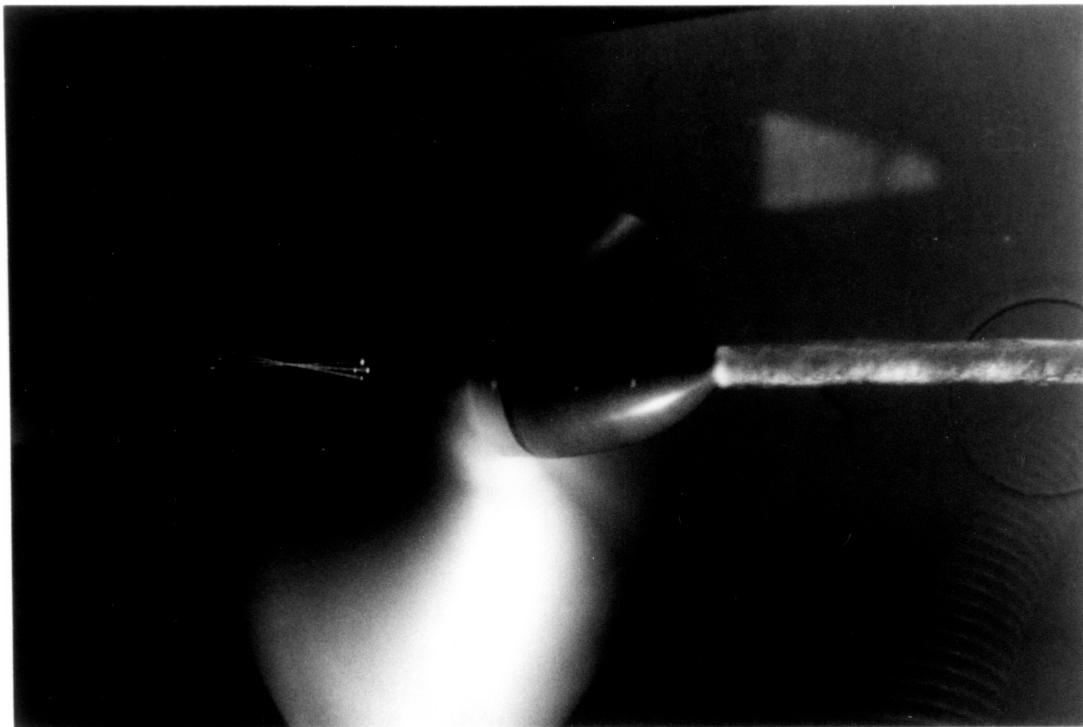
1. Stator Mounted In Tunnel	PG. 71
2. Stator Operating Alone	PG. 71
3. Propeller Operating Alone	PG. 72
4. Stator\Propeller Operating	PG. 72
5. Flow Inclination By Stator	PG. 73
6. Flow Inclination	PG. 73



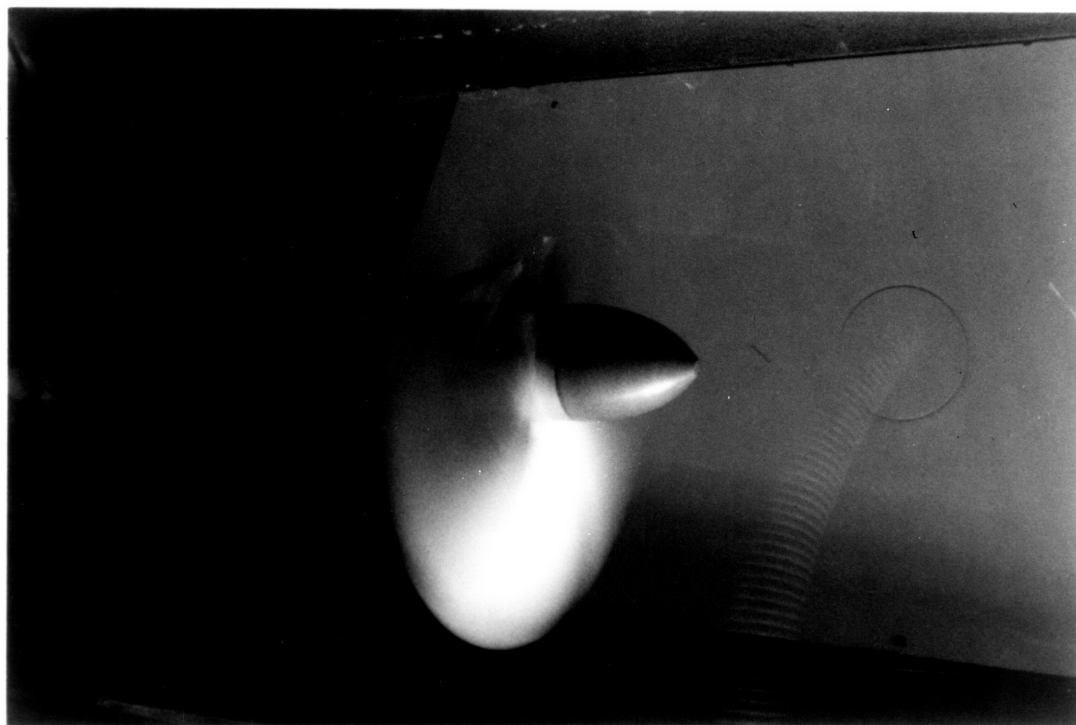
Photograph #1 : Stator Mounted in the Water Tunnel.



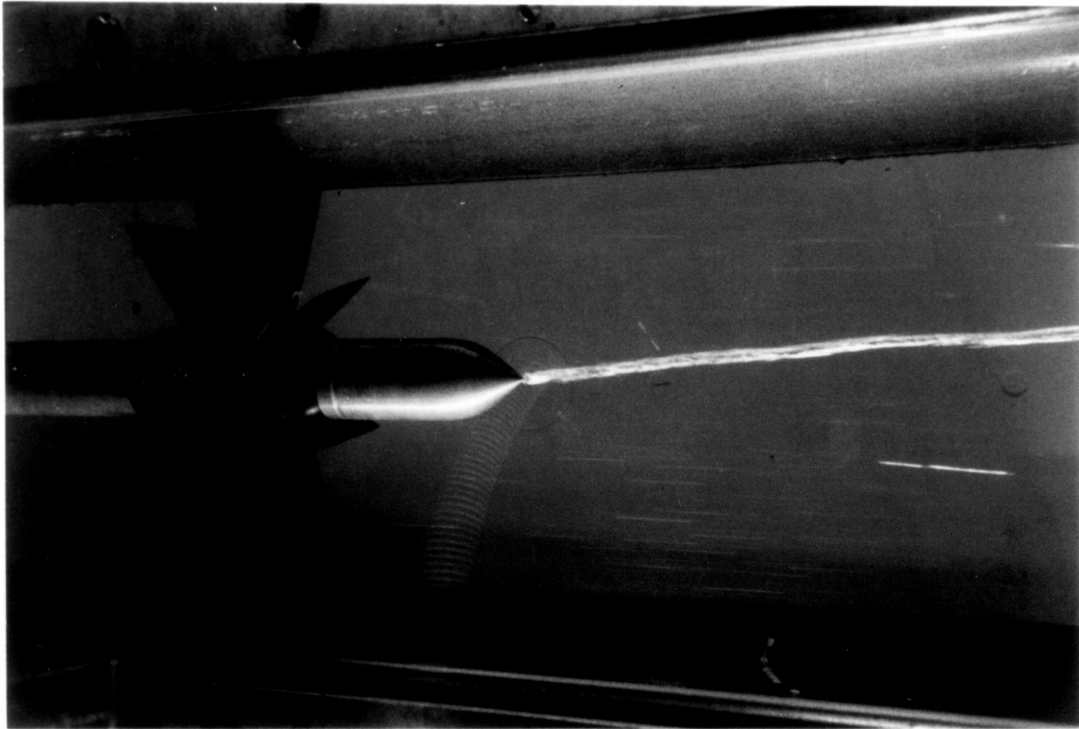
Photograph #2 : Hub Vortex from Stator Operating Alone.



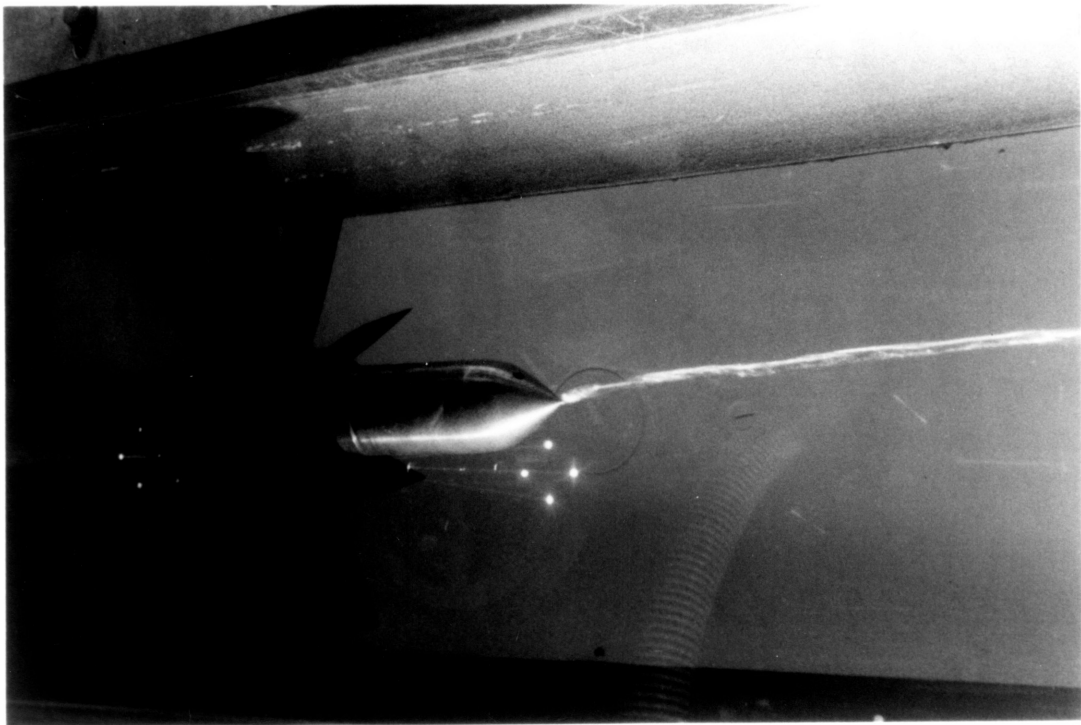
Photograph #3 : Hub Vortex from Propeller Operating Alone.



Photograph #4 : Propeller and Stator Operating Together.  
No Visible Hub Vortex.



Photograph #5 : Non-Axisymmetric Stator Operating Alone.  
Note Flow Inclination.



Photograph #6 : Non-Axisymmetric Stator.

**Appendix C**  
**OPEN-WATER TESTS**

- |                                |           |
|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Open-Water Test 4497        | PG. 75-79 |
| 2. Open-Water Test With Stator | PG. 80-84 |
| 3. Stator Drag Test            | PG. 85    |

DATA FILE: 449704

OWPPI PROGRAM RELEASED: 21 AUG 84

PROP 4497 OPEN WATER TEST

DIA (INCHES)	0.7R CHORD (INCHES)	HUB COR	VELINC	WATER TEMP (DEGREE F)	BAROMETER (MMHG)	ROOM TEMP (DEGREE F)
12.0000	4.0000	-0.0010	0.0000	82.0000	758.4728	75.00

TUNNEL VEL (FT/SEC)	STAT PRESS (MMHG)	RPM	T (LBS)	Q (INCH-LBS)	J CORR	WIEMP (F)	IMP RPM
4.794	814.526	784.100	171.883	369.718	0.279	82.0	0.
6.193	814.642	845.705	185.852	402.221	0.357	82.0	1.
7.760	815.778	893.052	191.013	417.299	0.449	82.0	77.
8.994	813.533	938.248	197.290	436.469	0.504	82.0	102.
9.889	811.270	991.391	213.754	476.665	0.529	82.0	116.
10.527	810.658	1007.800	212.860	477.744	0.559	82.0	130.
11.211	807.273	1026.865	212.214	481.579	0.590	82.0	142.
12.250	803.069	1043.912	203.617	470.665	0.648	82.0	162.
13.480	795.654	1069.292	196.596	465.433	0.702	82.0	185.
14.375	791.369	1101.880	199.819	479.682	0.730	82.0	199.
15.724	782.168	1119.906	185.510	460.193	0.796	82.0	223.
18.182	764.014	1147.570	155.465	414.087	0.919	82.0	265.
20.418	745.550	1174.312	127.607	367.035	1.016	82.0	303.
22.159	728.233	1179.294	95.031	303.175	1.107	82.0	332.
24.226	708.423	1181.308	46.596	206.306	1.222	82.0	366.
25.285	696.886	1184.753	19.658	153.432	1.277	82.0	384.
25.798	691.872	1187.464	6.352	127.363	1.302	82.0	393.
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	0.

OUTPUT LIST DATA FILE: 44974F

TEST DATA FILE: 449704 TEST DATE:

PROP 4497 OPEN WATER TEST

J-TUN	J-CORR	KT	KQ	ETA	V	RPM	RN*10E-6
0.367	0.279	0.5204	0.09326	0.248	4.79	784.1	1.071
0.439	0.357	0.4837	0.08722	0.315	6.19	845.7	1.161
0.521	0.449	0.4459	0.08114	0.393	7.76	893.1	1.236
0.575	0.504	0.4173	0.07689	0.435	8.99	938.2	1.306
0.598	0.529	0.4050	0.07521	0.453	9.89	991.4	1.384
0.627	0.559	0.3903	0.07295	0.476	10.53	1007.8	1.411
0.655	0.590	0.3749	0.07083	0.497	11.21	1026.9	1.443
0.704	0.648	0.3481	0.06698	0.536	12.25	1043.9	1.476
0.756	0.702	0.3205	0.06313	0.567	13.48	1069.3	1.523
0.783	0.730	0.3068	0.06127	0.582	14.38	1101.9	1.575
0.842	0.796	0.2759	0.05690	0.614	15.72	1119.9	1.615
0.951	0.919	0.2205	0.04876	0.661	18.18	1147.6	1.684
1.043	1.016	0.1732	0.04128	0.679	20.42	1174.3	1.750
1.127	1.107	0.1284	0.03381	0.669	22.16	1179.3	1.785
1.230	1.222	0.0636	0.02293	0.540	24.23	1181.3	1.823
1.281	1.277	0.0277	0.01695	0.332	25.28	1184.8	1.846
1.304	1.302	0.0101	0.01401	0.149	25.80	1187.5	1.859

J-CORR	DKT	DKQ	SIGN	SIGB	SIGV
0.279	0.0003	0.00012	13.250	11.679	98.462
0.357	-0.0014	-0.00028	11.392	9.549	59.010
0.449	0.0026	0.00027	10.231	8.044	37.639
0.504	-0.0002	-0.00006	9.242	6.945	27.939
0.529	-0.0006	0.00004	8.254	6.077	23.044
0.559	-0.0008	-0.00011	7.981	5.730	20.320
0.590	-0.0010	-0.00006	7.654	5.356	17.838
0.648	0.0010	0.00012	7.367	4.925	14.860
0.702	0.0001	-0.00004	6.954	4.423	12.154
0.730	0.0001	-0.00000	6.512	4.038	10.628
0.796	0.0004	0.00003	6.228	3.643	8.776
0.919	0.0002	0.00008	5.789	3.041	6.405
1.016	-0.0021	-0.00029	5.389	2.581	4.952
1.107	0.0006	0.00004	5.215	2.296	4.103
1.222	0.0027	0.00038	5.050	2.009	3.335
1.277	0.0002	0.00006	4.935	1.870	3.010
1.302	-0.0020	-0.00029	4.876	1.806	2.870

OUTPUT LIST DATA FILE: 44974F  
TEST DATA FILE: 449704 TEST DATE:  
PROP 4497 OPEN WATER TEST

J-COR	KT	KQ	ETA	KT/J**2	J'	KT'	KQ'
0.200	0.555	0.0989	0.179	13.884068	0.196	0.534	0.0951
0.210	0.551	0.0981	0.188	12.491432	0.206	0.528	0.0940
0.220	0.546	0.0974	0.196	11.289039	0.215	0.521	0.0929
0.230	0.542	0.0967	0.205	10.244104	0.224	0.515	0.0918
0.240	0.537	0.0960	0.214	9.330596	0.233	0.508	0.0907
0.250	0.533	0.0952	0.223	8.527615	0.243	0.502	0.0896
0.260	0.529	0.0945	0.231	7.818235	0.252	0.495	0.0885
0.270	0.524	0.0938	0.240	7.188635	0.261	0.488	0.0874
0.280	0.520	0.0931	0.249	6.627441	0.270	0.482	0.0863
0.290	0.515	0.0923	0.257	6.125223	0.279	0.475	0.0852
0.300	0.511	0.0916	0.266	5.674108	0.287	0.469	0.0841
0.310	0.506	0.0909	0.275	5.267492	0.296	0.462	0.0829
0.320	0.502	0.0902	0.283	4.899792	0.305	0.455	0.0818
0.330	0.497	0.0895	0.292	4.566271	0.313	0.448	0.0807
0.340	0.493	0.0887	0.301	4.262884	0.322	0.442	0.0795
0.350	0.488	0.0880	0.309	3.986165	0.330	0.435	0.0784
0.360	0.484	0.0873	0.318	3.733125	0.339	0.428	0.0773
0.370	0.479	0.0866	0.326	3.501183	0.347	0.422	0.0761
0.380	0.475	0.0858	0.335	3.288093	0.355	0.415	0.0750
0.390	0.470	0.0851	0.343	3.091901	0.363	0.408	0.0739
0.400	0.466	0.0844	0.351	2.910896	0.371	0.402	0.0728
0.410	0.461	0.0837	0.360	2.743576	0.379	0.395	0.0716
0.420	0.457	0.0830	0.368	2.588618	0.387	0.388	0.0705
0.430	0.452	0.0822	0.376	2.444855	0.395	0.382	0.0694
0.440	0.447	0.0815	0.384	2.311252	0.403	0.375	0.0683

0.450	0.443	0.0808	0.393	2.186890	0.410	0.368	0.0672
0.460	0.438	0.0801	0.401	2.070950	0.418	0.362	0.0661
0.470	0.434	0.0794	0.409	1.962701	0.425	0.355	0.0650
0.480	0.429	0.0787	0.417	1.861489	0.433	0.349	0.0639
0.490	0.424	0.0779	0.424	1.766727	0.440	0.342	0.0629
0.500	0.419	0.0772	0.432	1.677887	0.447	0.336	0.0618
0.510	0.415	0.0765	0.440	1.594494	0.454	0.329	0.0607
0.520	0.410	0.0758	0.448	1.516118	0.461	0.323	0.0597
0.530	0.405	0.0751	0.455	1.442371	0.468	0.316	0.0586
0.540	0.400	0.0744	0.462	1.372900	0.475	0.310	0.0576
0.550	0.395	0.0737	0.470	1.307394	0.482	0.304	0.0566
0.560	0.391	0.0730	0.477	1.245572	0.489	0.297	0.0556
0.570	0.386	0.0723	0.484	1.187180	0.495	0.291	0.0546
0.580	0.381	0.0716	0.491	1.131985	0.502	0.285	0.0536
0.590	0.376	0.0709	0.498	1.079772	0.508	0.279	0.0526
0.600	0.371	0.0702	0.505	1.030347	0.514	0.273	0.0516
0.610	0.366	0.0695	0.511	0.983529	0.521	0.267	0.0506
0.620	0.361	0.0688	0.518	0.939151	0.527	0.261	0.0497
0.630	0.356	0.0681	0.524	0.897062	0.533	0.255	0.0488
0.640	0.351	0.0674	0.530	0.857120	0.539	0.249	0.0478
0.650	0.346	0.0667	0.537	0.819195	0.545	0.243	0.0469
0.660	0.341	0.0660	0.543	0.783167	0.551	0.238	0.0460
0.670	0.336	0.0653	0.549	0.748923	0.557	0.232	0.0451
0.680	0.331	0.0647	0.554	0.716361	0.562	0.227	0.0442
0.690	0.326	0.0640	0.560	0.685384	0.568	0.221	0.0433
0.700	0.321	0.0633	0.566	0.655903	0.573	0.216	0.0425

OUTPUT LIST DATA FILE: 44974F  
TEST DATA FILE: 449704 TEST DATE:  
PROP 4497 OPEN WATER TEST

J-COR	KT	KQ	ETA	KT/J**2	J'	KT'	KQ'
0.700	0.321	0.0633	0.566	0.655903	0.573	0.216	0.0425
0.710	0.316	0.0626	0.571	0.627835	0.579	0.210	0.0416
0.720	0.312	0.0619	0.576	0.601102	0.584	0.205	0.0408
0.730	0.307	0.0613	0.582	0.575633	0.590	0.200	0.0400
0.740	0.302	0.0606	0.587	0.551359	0.595	0.195	0.0392
0.750	0.297	0.0599	0.592	0.528219	0.600	0.190	0.0384
0.760	0.292	0.0593	0.597	0.506153	0.605	0.185	0.0376
0.770	0.288	0.0586	0.602	0.485106	0.610	0.181	0.0368
0.780	0.283	0.0579	0.606	0.465027	0.615	0.176	0.0360
0.790	0.278	0.0573	0.611	0.445867	0.620	0.171	0.0353
0.800	0.274	0.0566	0.616	0.427580	0.625	0.167	0.0345
0.810	0.269	0.0560	0.620	0.410114	0.629	0.162	0.0338
0.820	0.265	0.0553	0.624	0.393417	0.634	0.158	0.0331
0.830	0.260	0.0546	0.629	0.377443	0.639	0.154	0.0324
0.840	0.256	0.0540	0.633	0.362149	0.643	0.150	0.0316
0.850	0.251	0.0533	0.637	0.347492	0.648	0.146	0.0310
0.860	0.247	0.0527	0.641	0.333434	0.652	0.142	0.0303
0.870	0.242	0.0520	0.645	0.319941	0.656	0.138	0.0296
0.880	0.238	0.0513	0.649	0.306977	0.661	0.134	0.0289

0.890	0.233	0.0507	0.652	0.294512	0.665	0.130	0.0283
0.900	0.229	0.0500	0.656	0.282516	0.669	0.126	0.0276
0.910	0.224	0.0493	0.659	0.270962	0.673	0.123	0.0270
0.920	0.220	0.0486	0.662	0.259823	0.677	0.119	0.0263
0.930	0.215	0.0479	0.665	0.249077	0.681	0.116	0.0257
0.940	0.211	0.0472	0.668	0.238699	0.685	0.112	0.0251
0.950	0.206	0.0465	0.671	0.228668	0.689	0.108	0.0244
0.960	0.202	0.0458	0.673	0.218965	0.693	0.105	0.0238
0.970	0.197	0.0451	0.676	0.209570	0.696	0.102	0.0232
0.980	0.193	0.0443	0.678	0.200465	0.700	0.098	0.0226
0.990	0.188	0.0436	0.679	0.191635	0.704	0.095	0.0220
1.000	0.183	0.0428	0.681	0.183063	0.707	0.092	0.0214
1.010	0.178	0.0420	0.682	0.174734	0.711	0.088	0.0208
1.020	0.173	0.0412	0.682	0.166635	0.714	0.085	0.0202
1.030	0.168	0.0404	0.683	0.158752	0.717	0.082	0.0196
1.040	0.163	0.0396	0.683	0.151073	0.721	0.078	0.0190
1.050	0.158	0.0388	0.682	0.143587	0.724	0.075	0.0185
1.060	0.153	0.0379	0.681	0.136284	0.727	0.072	0.0179
1.070	0.148	0.0371	0.679	0.129162	0.731	0.069	0.0173
1.080	0.143	0.0362	0.677	0.122217	0.734	0.066	0.0167
1.090	0.137	0.0353	0.674	0.115445	0.737	0.063	0.0161
1.100	0.132	0.0344	0.670	0.108842	0.740	0.060	0.0156
1.110	0.126	0.0335	0.666	0.102407	0.743	0.057	0.0150
1.120	0.121	0.0326	0.660	0.096135	0.746	0.053	0.0144
1.130	0.115	0.0316	0.654	0.090023	0.749	0.050	0.0139
1.140	0.109	0.0307	0.646	0.084068	0.752	0.048	0.0133
1.150	0.104	0.0297	0.638	0.078267	0.755	0.045	0.0128
1.160	0.098	0.0287	0.628	0.072618	0.757	0.042	0.0123
1.170	0.092	0.0278	0.616	0.067117	0.760	0.039	0.0117
1.180	0.086	0.0268	0.603	0.061761	0.763	0.036	0.0112
1.190	0.080	0.0258	0.588	0.056548	0.766	0.033	0.0107
1.200	0.074	0.0248	0.571	0.051475	0.768	0.030	0.0102

OUTPUT LIST DATA FILE: 44974F  
TEST DATA FILE: 449704 TEST DATE:  
PROP 4497 OPEN WATER TEST

J-COR	KT	KQ	ETA	KT/J**2	J'	KT'	KQ'
1.200	0.074	0.0248	0.571	0.051475	0.768	0.030	0.0102
1.210	0.068	0.0238	0.552	0.046540	0.771	0.028	0.0096
1.220	0.062	0.0228	0.530	0.041739	0.773	0.025	0.0091
1.230	0.056	0.0217	0.505	0.037071	0.776	0.022	0.0086
1.240	0.050	0.0207	0.477	0.032532	0.778	0.020	0.0082
1.250	0.044	0.0197	0.444	0.028121	0.781	0.017	0.0077
1.260	0.038	0.0187	0.407	0.023835	0.783	0.015	0.0072
1.270	0.032	0.0176	0.364	0.019672	0.786	0.012	0.0067
1.280	0.026	0.0166	0.315	0.015630	0.788	0.010	0.0063
1.290	0.019	0.0155	0.257	0.011705	0.790	0.007	0.0058
1.300	0.013	0.0145	0.190	0.007897	0.793	0.005	0.0054
1.310	0.007	0.0135	0.112	0.004203	0.795	0.003	0.0050
1.320	0.001	0.0124	0.018	0.000622	0.797	0.000	0.0045

1.330	-0.005	0.0114	-0.094	-0.002850	0.799	-0.002	0.0041
1.340	-0.011	0.0104	-0.230	-0.006214	0.801	-0.004	0.0037
1.350	-0.017	0.0093	-0.397	-0.009472	0.804	-0.006	0.0033
1.360	-0.023	0.0083	-0.609	-0.012625	0.806	-0.008	0.0029
1.370	-0.029	0.0073	-0.881	-0.015676	0.808	-0.010	0.0025
1.380	-0.035	0.0063	-1.245	-0.018626	0.810	-0.012	0.0022
1.390	-0.041	0.0052	-1.752	-0.021477	0.812	-0.014	0.0018
1.400	-0.047	0.0042	-2.502	-0.024232	0.814	-0.016	0.0014



OUTPUT LIST DATA FILE: FSTAT  
TEST DATA FILE: STAT TEST DATE:  
STATOR & 4497, 3/22/87

J-IUN	J-CORR	KT	KQ	ETA	V	RPM	RN*10E-6
0.380	0.288	0.5898	0.10160	0.266	4.81	759.3	0.995
0.474	0.385	0.5598	0.09687	0.354	6.55	829.6	1.096
0.551	0.474	0.5385	0.09377	0.433	7.94	865.4	1.152
0.655	0.576	0.5006	0.08873	0.517	9.83	900.2	1.213
0.708	0.634	0.4791	0.08606	0.562	10.81	915.9	1.242
0.785	0.723	0.4452	0.08179	0.626	12.24	936.1	1.283
0.830	0.766	0.4255	0.07936	0.654	13.07	945.2	1.304
0.898	0.838	0.3954	0.07569	0.697	14.18	948.0	1.322
0.970	0.917	0.3629	0.07155	0.740	15.47	956.8	1.350
1.013	0.963	0.3429	0.06898	0.762	16.74	991.8	1.410
1.091	1.055	0.3075	0.06415	0.805	18.13	996.9	1.437
1.159	1.121	0.2769	0.05987	0.825	19.30	999.2	1.458
1.262	1.232	0.2285	0.05268	0.850	21.02	999.7	1.488
1.368	1.347	0.1689	0.04354	0.831	22.72	996.3	1.515
1.443	1.429	0.1189	0.03585	0.754	23.90	993.5	1.534
1.579	1.577	0.0120	0.01920	0.157	25.95	985.9	1.567

J-CORR	DKT	DKQ	SIGN	SIGB	SIGV
0.288	0.0007	0.00025	14.293	12.486	98.766
0.385	-0.0022	-0.00045	11.985	9.785	53.321
0.474	0.0029	0.00025	11.064	8.490	36.498
0.576	-0.0014	-0.00018	10.168	7.116	23.703
0.634	-0.0013	-0.00007	9.772	6.509	19.496
0.723	0.0010	0.00018	9.270	5.737	15.054
0.766	-0.0003	-0.00001	9.038	5.352	13.125
0.838	0.0006	0.00013	8.909	4.934	11.057
0.917	0.0015	0.00017	8.654	4.459	9.201
0.963	0.0001	-0.00000	7.955	3.928	7.758
1.055	0.0007	0.00003	7.766	3.545	6.524
1.121	-0.0034	-0.00049	7.638	3.259	5.685
1.232	-0.0021	-0.00029	7.466	2.880	4.690
1.347	0.0018	0.00027	7.339	2.556	3.922
1.429	0.0037	0.00059	7.259	2.354	3.484
1.577	-0.0023	-0.00037	7.154	2.047	2.868

LIST DATA FILE: FSTAT  
TEST DATA FILE: STAT TEST DATE:  
STATOR & 4497, 3/22/87

J-COR	KT	KQ	ETA	KT/J**2	J'	KT'	KQ'
0.200	0.614	0.1050	0.186	15.342723	0.196	0.590	0.1010
0.210	0.611	0.1046	0.195	13.852078	0.206	0.585	0.1002
0.220	0.608	0.1042	0.204	12.563206	0.215	0.580	0.0994
0.230	0.605	0.1038	0.214	11.441481	0.224	0.575	0.0985
0.240	0.602	0.1033	0.223	10.459381	0.233	0.570	0.0977
0.250	0.600	0.1029	0.232	9.594806	0.243	0.564	0.0969
0.260	0.597	0.1025	0.241	8.829845	0.252	0.559	0.0960
0.270	0.594	0.1021	0.250	8.149861	0.261	0.554	0.0952

0.280	0.591	0.1017	0.259	7.542803	0.270	0.548	0.0943
0.290	0.589	0.1013	0.268	6.998670	0.279	0.543	0.0934
0.300	0.586	0.1009	0.277	6.509111	0.287	0.537	0.0925
0.310	0.583	0.1004	0.286	6.067114	0.296	0.532	0.0916
0.320	0.580	0.1000	0.295	5.666750	0.305	0.526	0.0907
0.330	0.577	0.0996	0.304	5.302983	0.313	0.521	0.0898
0.340	0.575	0.0992	0.313	4.971509	0.322	0.515	0.0889
0.350	0.572	0.0988	0.322	4.668640	0.330	0.509	0.0880
0.360	0.569	0.0984	0.331	4.391193	0.339	0.504	0.0871
0.370	0.566	0.0980	0.340	4.136416	0.347	0.498	0.0862
0.380	0.563	0.0975	0.349	3.901917	0.355	0.492	0.0852
0.390	0.561	0.0971	0.358	3.685608	0.363	0.487	0.0843
0.400	0.558	0.0967	0.367	3.485662	0.371	0.481	0.0834
0.410	0.555	0.0963	0.376	3.300475	0.379	0.475	0.0824
0.420	0.552	0.0958	0.385	3.128633	0.387	0.469	0.0815
0.430	0.549	0.0954	0.394	2.968888	0.395	0.463	0.0805
0.440	0.546	0.0950	0.402	2.820129	0.403	0.457	0.0796
0.450	0.543	0.0946	0.411	2.681373	0.410	0.452	0.0786
0.460	0.540	0.0941	0.420	2.551744	0.418	0.446	0.0777
0.470	0.537	0.0937	0.429	2.430454	0.425	0.440	0.0767
0.480	0.534	0.0933	0.437	2.316805	0.433	0.434	0.0758
0.490	0.531	0.0928	0.446	2.210163	0.440	0.428	0.0748
0.500	0.527	0.0924	0.454	2.109962	0.447	0.422	0.0739
0.510	0.524	0.0919	0.463	2.015691	0.454	0.416	0.0730
0.520	0.521	0.0915	0.471	1.926887	0.461	0.410	0.0720
0.530	0.518	0.0910	0.480	1.843132	0.468	0.404	0.0711
0.540	0.514	0.0906	0.488	1.764046	0.475	0.398	0.0701
0.550	0.511	0.0901	0.496	1.689285	0.482	0.392	0.0692
0.560	0.508	0.0897	0.505	1.618534	0.489	0.386	0.0683
0.570	0.504	0.0892	0.513	1.551508	0.495	0.380	0.0673
0.580	0.501	0.0887	0.521	1.487945	0.502	0.375	0.0664
0.590	0.497	0.0883	0.529	1.427606	0.508	0.369	0.0655
0.600	0.493	0.0878	0.537	1.370272	0.514	0.363	0.0645
0.610	0.490	0.0873	0.544	1.315742	0.521	0.357	0.0636
0.620	0.486	0.0868	0.552	1.263834	0.527	0.351	0.0627
0.630	0.482	0.0863	0.560	1.214387	0.533	0.345	0.0618
0.640	0.478	0.0858	0.567	1.167258	0.539	0.339	0.0609
0.650	0.474	0.0853	0.575	1.122310	0.545	0.333	0.0600
0.660	0.470	0.0848	0.582	1.079420	0.551	0.328	0.0591
0.670	0.466	0.0843	0.589	1.038471	0.557	0.322	0.0582
0.680	0.462	0.0838	0.597	0.999356	0.562	0.316	0.0573
0.690	0.458	0.0833	0.604	0.961975	0.568	0.310	0.0564
0.700	0.454	0.0828	0.611	0.926234	0.573	0.305	0.0556

OUTPUT LIST DATA FILE: FSTAT  
TEST DATA FILE: STAT TEST DATE:  
STATOR & 4497, 3/22/87

J-COR	KT	KQ	ETA	KT/J**2	J'	KT'	KQ'
0.700	0.454	0.0828	0.611	0.926234	0.573	0.305	0.0556
0.710	0.450	0.0823	0.617	0.892047	0.579	0.299	0.0547
0.720	0.445	0.0818	0.624	0.859332	0.584	0.293	0.0539
0.730	0.441	0.0813	0.631	0.828014	0.590	0.288	0.0530

0.740	0.437	0.0807	0.637	0.798021	0.595	0.282	0.0522
0.750	0.433	0.0802	0.644	0.769288	0.600	0.277	0.0513
0.760	0.428	0.0797	0.650	0.741752	0.605	0.272	0.0505
0.770	0.424	0.0792	0.657	0.715354	0.610	0.266	0.0497
0.780	0.420	0.0786	0.663	0.690041	0.615	0.261	0.0489
0.790	0.416	0.0781	0.669	0.665760	0.620	0.256	0.0481
0.800	0.411	0.0776	0.675	0.642463	0.625	0.251	0.0473
0.810	0.407	0.0770	0.681	0.620106	0.629	0.246	0.0465
0.820	0.403	0.0765	0.687	0.598644	0.634	0.241	0.0458
0.830	0.398	0.0760	0.692	0.578037	0.639	0.236	0.0450
0.840	0.394	0.0755	0.698	0.558249	0.643	0.231	0.0442
0.850	0.390	0.0749	0.703	0.539242	0.648	0.226	0.0435
0.860	0.385	0.0744	0.709	0.520982	0.652	0.221	0.0428
0.870	0.381	0.0739	0.714	0.503439	0.656	0.217	0.0420
0.880	0.377	0.0733	0.720	0.486580	0.661	0.212	0.0413
0.890	0.373	0.0728	0.725	0.470378	0.665	0.208	0.0406
0.900	0.368	0.0723	0.730	0.454806	0.669	0.204	0.0399
0.910	0.364	0.0717	0.735	0.439837	0.673	0.199	0.0392
0.920	0.360	0.0712	0.740	0.425447	0.677	0.195	0.0386
0.930	0.356	0.0707	0.745	0.411614	0.681	0.191	0.0379
0.940	0.352	0.0702	0.750	0.398314	0.685	0.187	0.0373
0.950	0.348	0.0697	0.755	0.385520	0.689	0.183	0.0366
0.960	0.344	0.0691	0.760	0.373206	0.693	0.179	0.0360
0.970	0.340	0.0686	0.765	0.361344	0.696	0.175	0.0354
0.980	0.336	0.0681	0.770	0.349910	0.700	0.171	0.0347
0.990	0.332	0.0676	0.774	0.338881	0.704	0.168	0.0341
1.000	0.328	0.0671	0.779	0.328234	0.707	0.164	0.0335
1.010	0.324	0.0665	0.784	0.317950	0.711	0.161	0.0329
1.020	0.320	0.0660	0.788	0.308007	0.714	0.157	0.0323
1.030	0.317	0.0655	0.793	0.298389	0.717	0.154	0.0318
1.040	0.313	0.0649	0.797	0.289077	0.721	0.150	0.0312
1.050	0.309	0.0644	0.801	0.280056	0.724	0.147	0.0306
1.060	0.305	0.0638	0.805	0.271309	0.727	0.144	0.0301
1.070	0.301	0.0633	0.810	0.262822	0.731	0.140	0.0295
1.080	0.297	0.0627	0.814	0.254582	0.734	0.137	0.0290
1.090	0.293	0.0622	0.817	0.246574	0.737	0.134	0.0284
1.100	0.289	0.0616	0.821	0.238787	0.740	0.131	0.0279
1.110	0.285	0.0610	0.825	0.231209	0.743	0.128	0.0273
1.120	0.281	0.0604	0.828	0.223829	0.746	0.125	0.0268
1.130	0.277	0.0598	0.832	0.216636	0.749	0.121	0.0263
1.140	0.272	0.0592	0.835	0.209620	0.752	0.118	0.0257
1.150	0.268	0.0586	0.838	0.202772	0.755	0.115	0.0252
1.160	0.264	0.0579	0.841	0.196083	0.757	0.112	0.0247
1.170	0.259	0.0573	0.843	0.189544	0.760	0.110	0.0242
1.180	0.255	0.0566	0.846	0.183147	0.763	0.107	0.0237
1.190	0.250	0.0560	0.848	0.176885	0.766	0.104	0.0232
1.200	0.246	0.0553	0.850	0.170750	0.768	0.101	0.0227

OUTPUT LIST DATA FILE: FSTAT  
TEST DATA FILE: STAT TEST DATE:  
STATOR & 4497, 3/22/87

J-COR KT KQ ETA KT/J\*\*2 J' KT' KQ'

1.200	0.246	0.0553	0.850	0.170750	0.768	0.101	0.0227
1.210	0.241	0.0546	0.851	0.164735	0.771	0.098	0.0221
1.220	0.236	0.0539	0.852	0.158835	0.773	0.095	0.0216
1.230	0.232	0.0531	0.853	0.153042	0.776	0.092	0.0211
1.240	0.227	0.0524	0.854	0.147350	0.778	0.089	0.0206
1.250	0.221	0.0516	0.854	0.141755	0.781	0.086	0.0201
1.260	0.216	0.0508	0.854	0.136251	0.783	0.084	0.0196
1.270	0.211	0.0500	0.853	0.130835	0.786	0.081	0.0191
1.280	0.206	0.0492	0.852	0.125507	0.788	0.078	0.0186
1.290	0.200	0.0483	0.850	0.120268	0.790	0.075	0.0181
1.300	0.195	0.0475	0.848	0.115116	0.793	0.072	0.0177
1.310	0.189	0.0466	0.845	0.110053	0.795	0.070	0.0172
1.320	0.183	0.0457	0.841	0.105077	0.797	0.067	0.0167
1.330	0.177	0.0448	0.837	0.100188	0.799	0.064	0.0162
1.340	0.171	0.0439	0.832	0.095386	0.801	0.061	0.0157
1.350	0.165	0.0430	0.826	0.090671	0.804	0.059	0.0152
1.360	0.159	0.0421	0.819	0.086042	0.806	0.056	0.0148
1.370	0.153	0.0411	0.812	0.081498	0.808	0.053	0.0143
1.380	0.147	0.0401	0.803	0.077040	0.810	0.051	0.0138
1.390	0.140	0.0392	0.793	0.072666	0.812	0.048	0.0134
1.400	0.134	0.0382	0.782	0.068377	0.814	0.045	0.0129
1.410	0.128	0.0372	0.770	0.064172	0.816	0.043	0.0124
1.420	0.121	0.0362	0.757	0.060049	0.818	0.040	0.0120
1.430	0.115	0.0352	0.742	0.056009	0.820	0.038	0.0115
1.440	0.108	0.0341	0.725	0.052051	0.821	0.035	0.0111
1.450	0.101	0.0331	0.706	0.048175	0.823	0.033	0.0107
1.460	0.095	0.0321	0.686	0.044379	0.825	0.030	0.0102
1.470	0.088	0.0310	0.663	0.040663	0.827	0.028	0.0098
1.480	0.081	0.0300	0.638	0.037027	0.829	0.025	0.0094
1.490	0.074	0.0289	0.610	0.033469	0.830	0.023	0.0090
1.500	0.067	0.0278	0.578	0.029990	0.832	0.021	0.0086
1.510	0.061	0.0268	0.544	0.026588	0.834	0.018	0.0082
1.520	0.054	0.0257	0.506	0.023262	0.835	0.016	0.0078
1.530	0.047	0.0246	0.463	0.020013	0.837	0.014	0.0074
1.540	0.040	0.0236	0.415	0.016839	0.839	0.012	0.0070
1.550	0.033	0.0225	0.362	0.013740	0.840	0.010	0.0066
1.560	0.026	0.0214	0.302	0.010716	0.842	0.008	0.0062
1.570	0.019	0.0203	0.235	0.007764	0.843	0.006	0.0059
1.580	0.012	0.0192	0.159	0.004885	0.845	0.003	0.0055
1.590	0.005	0.0182	0.073	0.002078	0.846	0.001	0.0051
1.600	-0.002	0.0171	-0.025	-0.000657	0.848	-0.000	0.0048



**Appendix D**  
**SSF-1 OUTPUT**

1. Axisymmetric Circulation, 13 Degrees	PG. 87-89
2. Axisymmetric Circulation, 13.5 Degrees	PG. 90-92
3. Non-Axisymmetric Circulation	PG. 93-95
4. Non-Axisymmetric Circulation (with thickness)	PG. 96-98

9  
1  
10  
0.2721268 6.5282192E-03  
0.3467805 7.4240533E-03  
0.4214342 8.5248984E-03  
0.4960878 9.7106444E-03  
0.5707415 1.0921160E-02  
0.6453952 1.1968476E-02  
0.7200489 1.2695494E-02  
0.7947026 1.2842632E-02  
0.8693563 1.1967322E-02  
0.9440100 9.1451388E-03

2  
10  
0.2721268 6.5279077E-03  
0.3467805 7.4237674E-03  
0.4214342 8.5246628E-03  
0.4960878 9.7104106E-03  
0.5707415 1.0920931E-02  
0.6453952 1.1968298E-02  
0.7200489 1.2695328E-02  
0.7947026 1.2842465E-02  
0.8693563 1.1967234E-02  
0.9440100 9.1450736E-03

3  
10  
0.2721268 6.5283305E-03  
0.3467805 7.4241101E-03  
0.4214342 8.5249254E-03  
0.4960878 9.7106565E-03  
0.5707415 1.0921146E-02  
0.6453952 1.1968455E-02  
0.7200489 1.2695441E-02  
0.7947026 1.2842576E-02  
0.8693563 1.1967274E-02  
0.9440100 9.1451416E-03

4  
10  
0.2721268 6.5283347E-03  
0.3467805 7.4241445E-03  
0.4214342 8.5249711E-03  
0.4960878 9.7106891E-03  
0.5707415 1.0921150E-02  
0.6453952 1.1968406E-02  
0.7200489 1.2695372E-02  
0.7947026 1.2842479E-02  
0.8693563 1.1967160E-02  
0.9440100 9.1450494E-03

5  
10  
0.2721268 6.5277959E-03  
0.3467805 7.4237054E-03  
0.4214342 8.5246330E-03

0.4960878	9.7104581E-03
0.5707415	1.0920944E-02
0.6453952	1.1968271E-02
0.7200489	1.2695287E-02
0.7947026	1.2842474E-02
0.8693563	1.1967143E-02
0.9440100	9.1450447E-03

6  
10

0.2721268	6.5284274E-03
0.3467805	7.4242610E-03
0.4214342	8.5250763E-03
0.4960878	9.7108483E-03
0.5707415	1.0921264E-02
0.6453952	1.1968572E-02
0.7200489	1.2695491E-02
0.7947026	1.2842577E-02
0.8693563	1.1967214E-02
0.9440100	9.1450708E-03

7  
10

0.2721268	6.5280492E-03
0.3467805	7.4239429E-03
0.4214342	8.5247774E-03
0.4960878	9.7105466E-03
0.5707415	1.0921123E-02
0.6453952	1.1968487E-02
0.7200489	1.2695504E-02
0.7947026	1.2842617E-02
0.8693563	1.1967341E-02
0.9440100	9.1451593E-03

8  
10

0.2721268	6.5281759E-03
0.3467805	7.4240509E-03
0.4214342	8.5248798E-03
0.4960878	9.7106276E-03
0.5707415	1.0921170E-02
0.6453952	1.1968526E-02
0.7200489	1.2695467E-02
0.7947026	1.2842628E-02
0.8693563	1.1967396E-02
0.9440100	9.1451928E-03

9  
10

0.2721268	6.5280753E-03
0.3467805	7.4239294E-03
0.4214342	8.5247550E-03
0.4960878	9.7104870E-03
0.5707415	1.0921003E-02
0.6453952	1.1968384E-02
0.7200489	1.2695354E-02
0.7947026	1.2842589E-02
0.8693563	1.1967331E-02

0.9440100

9.1451807E-03

9  
1  
10  
0.2721268 6.8057715E-03  
0.3467805 7.7518704E-03  
0.4214342 8.9047551E-03  
0.4960878 1.0137256E-02  
0.5707415 1.1397047E-02  
0.6453952 1.2477698E-02  
0.7200489 1.3219172E-02  
0.7947026 1.3355246E-02  
0.8693563 1.2429432E-02  
0.9440100 9.4883088E-03

2  
10  
0.2721268 6.8054935E-03  
0.3467805 7.7516348E-03  
0.4214342 8.9045241E-03  
0.4960878 1.0137106E-02  
0.5707415 1.1396856E-02  
0.6453952 1.2477528E-02  
0.7200489 1.3219036E-02  
0.7947026 1.3355091E-02  
0.8693563 1.2429317E-02  
0.9440100 9.4882343E-03

3  
10  
0.2721268 6.8058684E-03  
0.3467805 7.7519389E-03  
0.4214342 8.9047849E-03  
0.4960878 1.0137322E-02  
0.5707415 1.1397101E-02  
0.6453952 1.2477739E-02  
0.7200489 1.3219163E-02  
0.7947026 1.3355196E-02  
0.8693563 1.2429361E-02  
0.9440100 9.4882483E-03

4  
10  
0.2721268 6.8059522E-03  
0.3467805 7.7520222E-03  
0.4214342 8.9048911E-03  
0.4960878 1.0137381E-02  
0.5707415 1.1397103E-02  
0.6453952 1.2477729E-02  
0.7200489 1.3219153E-02  
0.7947026 1.3355233E-02  
0.8693563 1.2429395E-02  
0.9440100 9.4882753E-03

5  
10  
0.2721268 6.8053808E-03  
0.3467805 7.7515701E-03  
0.4214342 8.9045139E-03

0.4960878	1.0137077E-02
0.5707415	1.1396892E-02
0.6453952	1.2477550E-02
0.7200489	1.3218986E-02
0.7947026	1.3355214E-02
0.8693563	1.2429360E-02
0.9440100	9.4882417E-03

6

10

0.2721268	6.8060267E-03
0.3467805	7.7521116E-03
0.4214342	8.9050084E-03
0.4960878	1.0137454E-02
0.5707415	1.1397218E-02
0.6453952	1.2477805E-02
0.7200489	1.3219222E-02
0.7947026	1.3355361E-02
0.8693563	1.2429475E-02
0.9440100	9.4883163E-03

7

10

0.2721268	6.8055149E-03
0.3467805	7.7516418E-03
0.4214342	8.9045623E-03
0.4960878	1.0137115E-02
0.5707415	1.1396971E-02
0.6453952	1.2477520E-02
0.7200489	1.3219085E-02
0.7947026	1.3355271E-02
0.8693563	1.2429461E-02
0.9440100	9.4882902E-03

8

10

0.2721268	6.8057543E-03
0.3467805	7.7518644E-03
0.4214342	8.9047179E-03
0.4960878	1.0137257E-02
0.5707415	1.1397040E-02
0.6453952	1.2477699E-02
0.7200489	1.3219153E-02
0.7947026	1.3355284E-02
0.8693563	1.2429445E-02
0.9440100	9.4882622E-03

9

10

0.2721268	6.8056579E-03
0.3467805	7.7517154E-03
0.4214342	8.9045856E-03
0.4960878	1.0137147E-02
0.5707415	1.1396919E-02
0.6453952	1.2477526E-02
0.7200489	1.3219087E-02
0.7947026	1.3355230E-02
0.8693563	1.2429453E-02

0.9440100

9.4882594E-03

9  
1  
10  
0.2721268 2.1254944E-02  
0.3467805 2.2306718E-02  
0.4214342 2.3508435E-02  
0.4960878 2.4673378E-02  
0.5707415 2.5571367E-02  
0.6453952 2.6092848E-02  
0.7200489 2.5987294E-02  
0.7947026 2.4913538E-02  
0.8693563 2.2193337E-02  
0.9440100 1.6340559E-02

2  
10  
0.2721268 1.4494461E-02  
0.3467805 1.5579796E-02  
0.4214342 1.6644796E-02  
0.4960878 1.7661966E-02  
0.5707415 1.8708309E-02  
0.6453952 1.9461619E-02  
0.7200489 1.9752463E-02  
0.7947026 1.9268097E-02  
0.8693563 1.7429676E-02  
0.9440100 1.3011266E-02

3  
10  
0.2721268 7.1340008E-03  
0.3467805 7.8472961E-03  
0.4214342 8.6224740E-03  
0.4960878 9.4599314E-03  
0.5707415 1.0271830E-02  
0.6453952 1.1026465E-02  
0.7200489 1.1544276E-02  
0.7947026 1.1592996E-02  
0.8693563 1.0760130E-02  
0.9440100 8.1952643E-03

4  
10  
0.2721268 -3.0031153E-03  
0.3467805 -2.5477826E-03  
0.4214342 -1.9478098E-03  
0.4960878 -1.1732639E-03  
0.5707415 -2.9981980E-04  
0.6453952 6.1695668E-04  
0.7200489 1.5498905E-03  
0.7947026 2.3588939E-03  
0.8693563 2.8145500E-03  
0.9440100 2.5096431E-03

5  
10  
0.2721268 -6.4823111E-03  
0.3467805 -6.2765968E-03  
0.4214342 -5.9051877E-03

0.4960878	-5.3566471E-03
0.5707415	-4.6464400E-03
0.6453952	-3.7866826E-03
0.7200489	-2.8073313E-03
0.7947026	-1.7704009E-03
0.8693563	-8.1045198E-04
0.9440100	-1.2219616E-04

6

10

0.2721268	-6.6159652E-03
0.3467805	-6.4162891E-03
0.4214342	-6.0180314E-03
0.4960878	-5.4584788E-03
0.5707415	-4.7375606E-03
0.6453952	-3.8623733E-03
0.7200489	-2.8687352E-03
0.7947026	-1.8174873E-03
0.8693563	-8.3982229E-04
0.9440100	-1.3146240E-04

7

10

0.2721268	-3.2303645E-03
0.3467805	-2.7348336E-03
0.4214342	-2.0251325E-03
0.4960878	-1.1864583E-03
0.5707415	-2.4804013E-04
0.6453952	7.2806596E-04
0.7200489	1.6778724E-03
0.7947026	2.4943650E-03
0.8693563	2.9531142E-03
0.9440100	2.6312040E-03

8

10

0.2721268	7.4081020E-03
0.3467805	8.2689878E-03
0.4214342	9.3080457E-03
0.4960878	1.0330791E-02
0.5707415	1.1264992E-02
0.6453952	1.2036547E-02
0.7200489	1.2526325E-02
0.7947026	1.2506584E-02
0.8693563	1.1547311E-02
0.9440100	8.7634185E-03

9

10

0.2721268	1.4685245E-02
0.3467805	1.5924480E-02
0.4214342	1.7347924E-02
0.4960878	1.8667376E-02
0.5707415	1.9770281E-02
0.6453952	2.0535162E-02
0.7200489	2.0786664E-02
0.7947026	2.0210361E-02
0.8693563	1.8227799E-02

0.9440100

1.3581386E-02

9  
1  
10  
0.2721268 1.9875202E-02  
0.3467805 2.0656846E-02  
0.4214342 2.1690205E-02  
0.4960878 2.2797354E-02  
0.5707415 2.3730611E-02  
0.6453952 2.4350051E-02  
0.7200489 2.4389703E-02  
0.7947026 2.3497380E-02  
0.8693563 2.1018183E-02  
0.9440100 1.5534872E-02

2  
10  
0.2721268 1.3088644E-02  
0.3467805 1.3948503E-02  
0.4214342 1.4902722E-02  
0.4960878 1.5909884E-02  
0.5707415 1.7011948E-02  
0.6453952 1.7871080E-02  
0.7200489 1.8302249E-02  
0.7947026 1.7985575E-02  
0.8693563 1.6365061E-02  
0.9440100 1.2279435E-02

3  
10  
0.2721268 4.1945255E-03  
0.3467805 4.8928699E-03  
0.4214342 5.7990816E-03  
0.4960878 6.8431869E-03  
0.5707415 7.9052355E-03  
0.6453952 8.9263981E-03  
0.7200489 9.7207064E-03  
0.7947026 1.0053061E-02  
0.8693563 9.5336335E-03  
0.9440100 7.3815342E-03

4  
10  
0.2721268 -1.2915328E-03  
0.3467805 -7.9251331E-04  
0.4214342 -4.5745492E-05  
0.4960878 8.6903863E-04  
0.5707415 1.8618968E-03  
0.6453952 2.8686346E-03  
0.7200489 3.8032951E-03  
0.7947026 4.5000687E-03  
0.8693563 4.6909275E-03  
0.9440100 3.8805353E-03

5  
10  
0.2721268 -1.7706522E-03  
0.3467805 -1.4365921E-03  
0.4214342 -8.8215299E-04

0.4960878	-1.7654711E-04
0.5707415	6.3022098E-04
0.6453952	1.4854361E-03
0.7200489	2.3195073E-03
0.7947026	3.0033782E-03
0.8693563	3.3130967E-03
0.9440100	2.8404784E-03

6

10

0.2721268	-1.7734164E-03
0.3467805	-1.4226027E-03
0.4214342	-8.5162441E-04
0.4960878	-1.3878947E-04
0.5707415	6.7552505E-04
0.6453952	1.5352308E-03
0.7200489	2.3704024E-03
0.7947026	3.0530924E-03
0.8693563	3.3601136E-03
0.9440100	2.8779253E-03

7

10

0.2721268	-1.3077059E-03
0.3467805	-7.3799171E-04
0.4214342	7.6039985E-05
0.4960878	1.0359877E-03
0.5707415	2.0736367E-03
0.6453952	3.1033370E-03
0.7200489	4.0375972E-03
0.7947026	4.7232090E-03
0.8693563	4.8937667E-03
0.9440100	4.0337434E-03

8

10

0.2721268	4.2983606E-03
0.3467805	5.1368671E-03
0.4214342	6.2507344E-03
0.4960878	7.4355807E-03
0.5707415	8.6008143E-03
0.6453952	9.6402075E-03
0.7200489	1.0420025E-02
0.7947026	1.0707621E-02
0.8693563	1.0100877E-02
0.9440100	7.7932784E-03

9

10

0.2721268	1.3188139E-02
0.3467805	1.4216806E-02
0.4214342	1.5506248E-02
0.4960878	1.6786363E-02
0.5707415	1.7933266E-02
0.6453952	1.8799637E-02
0.7200489	1.9193945E-02
0.7947026	1.8795036E-02
0.8693563	1.7049093E-02

0.9440100

1.2767860E-02

**Appendix E**  
**VELOCITY MEASUREMENTS**

1  
TANG, BL9, R/R. 45

25

296.000	-0.210
298.000	-0.206
300.000	-0.185
302.000	-0.206
304.000	-0.224
306.000	-0.223
308.000	-0.224
310.000	-0.222
312.000	-0.222
314.000	-0.221
316.000	-0.218
318.000	-0.218
320.000	-0.219
322.000	-0.218
324.000	-0.215
326.000	-0.218
328.000	-0.223
330.000	-0.223
332.000	-0.226
334.000	-0.229
336.000	-0.232
338.000	-0.235
340.000	-0.240
342.000	-0.244
344.000	-0.234

*v tang*  
*v free*

1  
TANG, BL8, R/R. 45

25

256.000	-0.159
258.000	-0.161
260.000	-0.162
262.000	-0.161
264.000	-0.158
266.000	-0.141
268.000	-0.164
270.000	-0.164
272.000	-0.164
274.000	-0.165
276.000	-0.161
278.000	-0.165
280.000	-0.163
282.000	-0.165
284.000	-0.164
286.000	-0.164
288.000	-0.168
290.000	-0.170
292.000	-0.171
294.000	-0.173
296.000	-0.176
298.000	-0.178

300.000 -0.180  
302.000 -0.184  
304.000 -0.186

1  
TANG, BL7, R/R. 45

25  
216.000 -0.115  
218.000 -0.118  
220.000 -0.118  
222.000 -0.119  
224.000 -0.115  
226.000 -0.117  
228.000 -0.119  
230.000 -0.103  
232.000 -0.122  
234.000 -0.123  
236.000 -0.122  
238.000 -0.124  
240.000 -0.126  
242.000 -0.128  
244.000 -0.125  
246.000 -0.128  
248.000 -0.133  
250.000 -0.134  
252.000 -0.134  
254.000 -0.135  
256.000 -0.139  
258.000 -0.140  
260.000 -0.142  
262.000 -0.145  
264.000 -0.148

1  
TANG, R/R. 45, NONA BLADE 6

25  
176.000 -0.092  
178.000 -0.095  
180.000 -0.094  
182.000 -0.095  
184.000 -0.093  
186.000 -0.094  
188.000 -0.097  
190.000 -0.094  
192.000 -0.087  
194.000 -0.103  
196.000 -0.103  
198.000 -0.106  
200.000 -0.108  
202.000 -0.112  
204.000 -0.108  
206.000 -0.111  
208.000 -0.115  
210.000 -0.117

212.000 -0.119  
214.000 -0.122  
216.000 -0.125  
218.000 -0.129  
220.000 -0.129  
222.000 -0.134  
224.000 -0.135

1

TANG, BL5, R/R. 45

27

186.000 -0.089  
184.000 -0.089  
182.000 -0.094  
180.000 -0.094  
178.000 -0.095  
176.000 -0.095  
174.000 -0.094  
172.000 -0.096  
170.000 -0.086  
168.000 -0.100  
166.000 -0.104  
164.000 -0.102  
162.000 -0.106  
160.000 -0.107  
158.000 -0.114  
156.000 -0.112  
154.000 -0.116  
152.000 -0.121  
150.000 -0.124  
148.000 -0.125  
146.000 -0.128  
144.000 -0.133  
142.000 -0.137  
140.000 -0.140  
138.000 -0.145  
136.000 -0.148  
134.000 -0.154

1

TANG, BL4, R/R. 45

27

146.000 -0.107  
144.000 -0.106  
142.000 -0.111  
140.000 -0.109  
138.000 -0.111  
136.000 -0.110  
134.000 -0.112  
132.000 -0.115  
130.000 -0.113  
128.000 -0.126  
126.000 -0.128  
124.000 -0.127  
122.000 -0.131

120.00 -0.135  
118.00 -0.140  
116.00 -0.143  
114.00 -0.136  
112.00 -0.144  
110.00 -0.148  
108.00 -0.149  
106.00 -0.155  
104.00 -0.162  
102.00 -0.167  
100.00 -0.172  
98.000 -0.177  
96.000 -0.166  
94.000 -0.143

1

TANG, BL3, R/R. 45

27

106.00 -0.140  
104.00 -0.139  
102.00 -0.146  
100.0 -0.148  
98.000 -0.148  
96.000 -0.147  
94.000 -0.147  
92.000 -0.167  
90.000 -0.165  
88.000 -0.171  
86.000 -0.174  
84.000 -0.175  
82.000 -0.181  
80.000 -0.185  
78.000 -0.193  
76.000 -0.194  
74.000 -0.200  
72.000 -0.209  
68.000 -0.216  
66.000 -0.220  
64.000 -0.227  
62.000 -0.234  
60.000 -0.229  
58.000 -0.201  
56.000 -0.199  
54.000 -0.202  
52.000 -0.211

1

TANG, BL2, R/R. 45

23

60.000 -0.171  
58.000 -0.202  
56.000 -0.218  
54.000 -0.222  
52.000 -0.225  
50.000 -0.226  
48.000 -0.232

46.000 -0.234  
44.000 -0.234  
42.000 -0.239  
40.000 -0.243  
38.000 -0.249  
36.000 -0.248  
34.000 -0.263  
32.000 -0.266  
30.000 -0.266  
28.000 -0.254  
26.000 -0.239  
24.000 -0.247  
22.000 -0.245  
20.000 -0.249  
18.000 -0.252  
16.000 -0.258

1

TANG, R/R.45, NONA , BLADE O

27

26.000 -0.234  
24.000 -0.261  
22.000 -0.264  
20.000 -0.261  
18.000 -0.261  
16.000 -0.257  
14.000 -0.256  
12.000 -0.265  
10.000 -0.253  
8.000 -0.252  
6.000 -0.252  
4.000 -0.254  
2.000 -0.258  
0.000 -0.254  
358.0 -0.257  
356.0 -0.258  
354.0 -0.264  
352.0 -0.272  
350.0 -0.277  
348.0 -0.279  
346.0 -0.278  
344.0 -0.245  
342.0 -0.233  
340.0 -0.232  
338.0 -0.236  
336.0 -0.239  
334.0 -0.243

1  
TANG, BL9, R/R.6  
25  
296.000 -0.203  
298.000 -0.209  
300.000 -0.215  
302.000 -0.213  
304.000 -0.190  
306.000 -0.214  
308.000 -0.225  
310.000 -0.219  
312.000 -0.217  
314.000 -0.214  
316.000 -0.210  
318.000 -0.206  
320.000 -0.203  
322.000 -0.200  
324.000 -0.197  
326.000 -0.197  
328.000 -0.198  
330.000 -0.198  
332.000 -0.200  
334.000 -0.201  
336.000 -0.203  
338.000 -0.204  
340.000 -0.206  
242.000 -0.209  
244.000 -0.208

1  
TANG, BL8, R/R.6  
25  
256.000 -0.145  
258.000 -0.146  
260.000 -0.146  
262.000 -0.148  
264.000 -0.148  
266.000 -0.151  
268.000 -0.147  
270.000 -0.143  
272.000 -0.159  
274.000 -0.156  
276.000 -0.155  
278.000 -0.150  
280.000 -0.152  
282.000 -0.150  
284.000 -0.147  
286.000 -0.150  
288.000 -0.150  
290.000 -0.149  
292.000 -0.151  
294.000 -0.151  
296.000 -0.153  
298.000 -0.154

300.000 -0.156  
302.000 -0.157  
304.000 -0.156

1

TANG, BL7, R/R.6

25

216.000 -0.105  
218.000 -0.106  
220.000 -0.106  
222.000 -0.106  
224.000 -0.106  
226.000 -0.107  
228.000 -0.108  
230.000 -0.109  
232.000 -0.103  
234.000 -0.116  
236.000 -0.115  
238.000 -0.114  
240.000 -0.115  
242.000 -0.117  
244.000 -0.115  
246.000 -0.118  
248.000 -0.118  
250.000 -0.118  
252.000 -0.121  
254.000 -0.122  
256.000 -0.123  
258.000 -0.124  
260.000 -0.127  
262.000 -0.129  
264.000 -0.128

1

TANG, BL6, R/R.6

25

176.000 -0.086  
178.000 -0.086  
180.000 -0.088  
182.000 -0.090  
184.000 -0.088  
186.000 -0.091  
188.000 -0.091  
190.000 -0.092  
192.000 -0.093  
194.000 -0.094  
196.000 -0.098  
198.000 -0.097  
200.000 -0.098  
202.000 -0.102  
204.000 -0.098  
206.000 -0.103  
208.000 -0.106  
210.000 -0.103  
212.000 -0.107  
214.000 -0.108

216.000 -0.111  
218.000 -0.113  
220.000 -0.116  
222.000 -0.117  
224.000 -0.119

1

TANG, BL5, R/R.6

27

186.000 -0.086  
184.000 -0.085  
182.000 -0.087  
180.000 -0.090  
178.000 -0.090  
176.000 -0.087  
174.000 -0.091  
172.000 -0.091  
170.000 -0.090  
168.000 -0.083  
166.000 -0.099  
164.000 -0.100  
162.000 -0.098  
160.000 -0.102  
158.000 -0.104  
156.000 -0.101  
154.000 -0.106  
152.000 -0.110  
150.000 -0.108  
148.000 -0.111  
146.000 -0.115  
144.000 -0.117  
142.000 -0.121  
140.000 -0.124  
138.000 -0.127  
136.000 -0.128  
134.000 -0.133

1

TANG, BL4, R/R.6

27

146.000 -0.100  
144.000 -0.097  
142.000 -0.101  
140.000 -0.101  
138.000 -0.102  
136.000 -0.103  
134.000 -0.107  
132.000 -0.108  
130.000 -0.106  
128.000 -0.115  
126.000 -0.117  
124.000 -0.118  
122.000 -0.117  
120.000 -0.119  
118.000 -0.122  
116.000 -0.120

114.000 -0.125  
112.000 -0.128  
110.000 -0.128  
108.000 -0.134  
106.000 -0.137  
104.000 -0.140  
102.000 -0.145  
100.000 -0.149  
98.000 -0.154  
96.000 -0.155  
94.000 -0.161

1

TANG,BL3,R/R.6

27

106.00 -0.137  
104.00 -0.135  
102.00 -0.140  
100.00 -0.142  
98.000 -0.146  
96.000 -0.147  
94.000 -0.152  
92.000 -0.151  
90.000 -0.165  
88.000 -0.165  
86.000 -0.166  
84.000 -0.166  
82.000 -0.166  
80.000 -0.170  
78.000 -0.174  
76.000 -0.169  
74.000 -0.178  
72.000 -0.182  
70.000 -0.183  
68.000 -0.191  
66.000 -0.198  
64.000 -0.201  
62.000 -0.209  
58.000 -0.217  
56.000 -0.221  
54.000 -0.197  
52.000 -0.196

1

TANG,BL2,R/R.6

27

66.000 -0.192  
64.000 -0.195  
62.000 -0.201  
60.000 -0.209  
58.000 -0.212  
56.000 -0.198  
54.000 -0.226  
52.000 -0.222  
50.000 -0.219  
48.000 -0.220

46.000 -0.218  
44.000 -0.217  
42.000 -0.214  
40.000 -0.215  
38.000 -0.215  
36.000 -0.211  
34.000 -0.217  
32.000 -0.219  
30.000 -0.219  
28.000 -0.223  
26.000 -0.226  
24.000 -0.231  
22.000 -0.228  
20.000 -0.220  
18.000 -0.217  
16.000 -0.229  
14.000 -0.247

1

TANG, R/R.6, NONA, BLADE O

27  
26.000 -0.207  
24.000 -0.191  
22.000 -0.189  
20.000 -0.219  
18.000 -0.257  
16.000 -0.275  
14.000 -0.291  
12.000 -0.280  
10.000 -0.272  
8.000 -0.264  
6.000 -0.256  
4.000 -0.259  
2.000 -0.245  
0.000 -0.249  
358.0 -0.233  
356.0 -0.227  
354.0 -0.231  
352.0 -0.236  
350.0 -0.237  
348.0 -0.246  
346.0 -0.252  
344.0 -0.260  
342.0 -0.264  
340.0 -0.244  
338.0 -0.242  
336.0 -0.239  
334.0 -0.242

1

TANG, BL9, R/R. 75

25

296.000	-0.164
298.000	-0.168
300.000	-0.178
302.000	-0.186
304.000	-0.195
306.000	-0.190
308.000	-0.185
310.000	-0.216
312.000	-0.214
314.000	-0.211
316.000	-0.208
318.000	-0.201
320.000	-0.193
322.000	-0.183
324.000	-0.175
326.000	-0.172
328.000	-0.167
330.000	-0.162
332.000	-0.161
334.000	-0.161
336.000	-0.159
338.000	-0.159
340.000	-0.161
342.000	-0.164
344.000	-0.171

1

TANG, BL8, R/R. 75

25

256.000	-0.112
258.000	-0.116
260.000	-0.122
262.000	-0.128
264.000	-0.363
266.000	-0.142
268.000	-0.149
270.000	-0.145
272.000	-0.165
274.000	-0.160
276.000	-0.157
278.000	-0.152
280.000	-0.147
282.000	-0.142
284.000	-0.136
286.000	-0.136
288.000	-0.132
290.000	-0.130
292.000	-0.128
294.000	-0.128
296.000	-0.126
298.000	-0.128
300.000	-0.128

302.000 -0.132  
304.000 -0.135

1

TANG, BL7, R/R. 75

25

216.000 -0.083  
218.000 -0.087  
220.000 -0.092  
222.000 -0.095  
224.000 -0.097  
226.000 -0.102  
228.000 -0.105  
230.000 -0.111  
232.000 -0.110  
234.000 -0.121  
236.000 -0.119  
238.000 -0.117  
240.000 -0.113  
242.000 -0.111  
244.000 -0.109  
246.000 -0.107  
248.000 -0.106  
250.000 -0.107  
252.000 -0.108  
254.000 -0.107  
256.000 -0.106  
258.000 -0.108  
260.000 -0.109  
262.000 -0.110  
264.000 -0.114

1

TANG, BL6, R/R. 75

25

176.000 -0.076  
178.000 -0.075  
180.000 -0.080  
182.000 -0.081  
184.000 -0.085  
186.000 -0.089  
188.000 -0.090  
190.000 -0.094  
192.000 -0.094  
194.000 -0.088  
196.000 -0.103  
198.000 -0.101  
200.000 -0.099  
202.000 -0.098  
204.000 -0.094  
206.000 -0.095  
208.000 -0.096  
210.000 -0.097  
212.000 -0.097  
214.000 -0.097

216.000	-0.097
218.000	-0.100
220.000	-0.100
222.000	-0.102
224.000	-0.107

1

TANG, BL5, R/R. 75

27

186.000	-0.073
184.000	-0.076
182.000	-0.081
180.000	-0.084
178.000	-0.085
176.000	-0.088
174.000	-0.092
172.000	-0.094
170.000	-0.098
168.000	-0.091
166.000	-0.106
164.000	-0.106
162.000	-0.102
160.000	-0.100
158.000	-0.097
156.000	-0.096
154.000	-0.097
152.000	-0.097
150.000	-0.098
148.000	-0.100
146.000	-0.101
144.000	-0.102
142.000	-0.105
140.000	-0.106
138.000	-0.110
136.000	-0.115
134.000	-0.120

1

TANG, BL4, R/R. 75

27

146.000	-0.086
144.000	-0.088
142.000	-0.093
140.000	-0.096
138.000	-0.099
136.000	-0.102
134.000	-0.107
132.000	-0.111
130.000	-0.113
128.000	-0.112
126.000	-0.120
124.000	-0.120
122.000	-0.117
120.000	-0.115
118.000	-0.112

116.000 -0.109  
114.000 -0.110  
112.000 -0.111  
110.000 -0.114  
108.000 -0.114  
106.000 -0.115  
104.000 -0.117  
102.000 -0.121  
100.000 -0.122  
98.000 -0.129  
96.000 -0.136  
94.000 -0.147

1

TANG, BL3, R/R. 75

27

106.00 -0.116  
104.00 -0.121  
102.00 -0.126  
100.00 -0.132  
98.000 -0.137  
96.000 -0.143  
94.000 -0.149  
92.000 -0.154  
90.000 -0.150  
88.000 -0.163  
86.000 -0.159  
84.000 -0.159  
82.000 -0.156  
80.000 -0.152  
78.000 -0.147  
76.000 -0.143  
74.000 -0.143  
72.000 -0.142  
70.000 -0.143  
68.000 -0.144  
66.000 -0.144  
64.000 -0.145  
62.000 -0.150  
60.000 -0.152  
58.000 -0.159  
56.000 -0.167  
54.000 -0.165

1

TANG, BL2, R/R. 75

27

66.000 -0.157  
64.000 -0.164  
62.000 -0.173  
60.000 -0.184  
58.000 -0.192  
56.000 -0.203  
54.000 -0.197  
52.000 -0.216  
50.000 -0.218

48.000	-0.215
46.000	-0.211
44.000	-0.209
42.000	-0.205
40.000	-0.195
38.000	-0.190
36.000	-0.182
34.000	-0.181
32.000	-0.178
30.000	-0.178
28.000	-0.177
26.000	-0.178
24.000	-0.183
22.000	-0.187
20.000	-0.191
18.000	-0.199
16.000	-0.234
14.000	-0.291

1

TANG,R/R.75,BL0

27

26.000	-0.187
24.000	-0.201
22.000	-0.201
20.000	-0.217
18.000	-0.231
16.000	-0.286
14.000	-0.317
12.000	-0.320
10.000	-0.320
8.000	-0.321
6.000	-0.311
4.000	-0.271
2.000	-0.245
0.000	-0.218
358.0	-0.201
356.0	-0.190
354.0	-0.183
352.0	-0.185
350.0	-0.182
348.0	-0.184
346.0	-0.184
344.0	-0.184
342.0	-0.187
340.0	-0.190
338.0	-0.191
336.0	-0.211
334.0	-0.239

1  
AXIAL,BL0,R/R.45  
27  
26.000 0.964  
24.000 0.985  
22.000 0.996  
20.000 1.004  
18.000 0.982  
16.000 0.988  
14.000 0.997  
12.000 0.995  
10.000 0.988  
8.000 0.988  
6.000 0.982  
4.000 0.981  
2.000 0.983  
0.000 0.980  
358.0 0.985  
356.0 0.984  
354.0 0.988  
352.0 0.992  
350.0 0.999  
348.0 1.005  
346.0 0.997  
344.0 0.910  
342.0 0.961  
340.0 1.060  
338.0 1.076  
336.0 1.094  
334.0 1.111

1  
AXIAL,BL2,R/R.45  
27  
66.000 1.073  
64.000 1.058  
62.000 1.018  
60.000 0.924  
58.000 0.982  
56.000 1.004  
54.000 0.995  
52.000 0.990  
50.000 0.985  
48.000 0.980  
46.000 0.975  
44.000 0.969  
42.000 0.969  
40.000 0.968  
38.000 0.971  
36.000 0.973  
34.000 0.973  
32.000 0.976  
30.000 0.985

28.000	0.988
26.000	0.943
24.000	0.892
22.000	0.954
20.000	1.006
18.000	1.027
16.000	1.054
14.000	1.080

1

AXIAL, BL3, R/R. 45

27

106.000	1.079
104.000	1.063
102.00	1.043
100.00	1.032
98.000	1.017
96.000	0.995
94.000	0.898
92.000	0.984
90.000	0.984
88.000	0.981
86.000	0.972
84.000	0.968
82.000	0.966
80.000	0.963
78.000	0.966
76.000	0.970
74.000	0.967
72.000	0.973
70.000	0.978
68.000	0.985
66.000	0.996
64.000	1.003
62.000	0.984
60.000	0.920
58.000	1.024
56.000	1.060
54.000	1.075

1

AXIAL, BL4, R/R. 45

27

146.000	1.091
144.000	1.075
142.000	1.057
140.000	1.045
138.000	1.029
136.000	1.016
134.000	1.008
132.000	0.970
130.000	0.929
128.000	0.990
126.000	0.982
124.000	0.978

25  
 AXIAL, BL6, R/R.45  
 V<sub>axial</sub>

224.0000  
 222.0000  
 220.0000  
 218.0000  
 216.0000  
 214.0000  
 17.77489  
 17.73600  
 17.75497  
 17.67719  
 17.67245  
 17.66202

1  
 AXIAL, BL5, R/R.45  
 27

186.000 1.097  
 184.000 1.081  
 182.000 1.061  
 180.000 1.050  
 178.000 1.034  
 176.000 1.022  
 174.000 1.011  
 172.000 1.004  
 170.000 0.924  
 168.000 0.957  
 166.000 0.984  
 164.000 0.982  
 162.000 0.978  
 160.000 0.979  
 158.000 0.981  
 156.000 0.982  
 154.000 0.983  
 152.000 0.986  
 150.000 0.990  
 148.000 0.996  
 146.000 1.006  
 144.000 1.013  
 142.000 1.028  
 140.000 1.038  
 138.000 1.052  
 136.000 1.070  
 134.000 1.084

122.000 0.977  
 120.000 0.973  
 118.000 0.975  
 116.000 0.977  
 114.000 0.976  
 112.000 0.980  
 110.000 0.988  
 108.000 0.993  
 106.000 1.001  
 104.000 1.011  
 102.000 1.022  
 100.000 1.032  
 98.0000 1.048  
 96.0000 1.014  
 94.0000 1.017

212.0000	17.68004
210.0000	17.39170
208.0000	15.84469
206.0000	17.60511
204.0000	17.65063
202.0000	17.71134
200.0000	17.61459
198.0000	17.63356
196.0000	17.66676
194.0000	17.58139
192.0000	17.54346
190.0000	17.58993
188.0000	17.60321
186.0000	17.62123
184.0000	17.58803
182.0000	17.57475
180.0000	17.56337
178.0000	17.58898
176.0000	17.56812

1

AXIAL, BL7, R/R. 45

25

264.0000	17.85931
262.0000	17.81093
260.0000	17.86405
258.0000	17.78817
256.0000	17.79291
254.0000	17.78532
252.0000	17.78437
250.0000	16.07044
248.0000	17.50457
246.0000	17.86120
244.0000	17.78912
242.0000	17.87828
240.0000	17.80334
238.0000	17.83275
236.0000	17.87448
234.0000	17.80050
232.0000	17.74738
230.0000	17.75212
228.0000	17.74169
226.0000	17.77868
224.0000	17.73505
222.0000	17.77394
220.0000	17.73790
218.0000	17.72557
216.0000	17.74264

1

AXIAL, BL8, R/R. 45

25

304.0000	17.71893
302.0000	17.64115
300.0000	17.71988
298.0000	17.67245

296.0000	17.62218
294.0000	15.71664
292.0000	17.12801
290.0000	17.83370
288.0000	17.85172
286.0000	17.81662
284.0000	17.79291
282.0000	17.83180
280.0000	17.85267
278.0000	17.88966
276.0000	17.91622
274.0000	17.85172
272.0000	17.81188
270.0000	17.84887
268.0000	17.82516
266.0000	17.85361
264.0000	17.82137
262.0000	17.83275
260.0000	17.85267
258.0000	17.82706
256.0000	17.86405

1

AXIAL, BL9, R/R. 45

25

344.0000	17.48085
342.0000	17.03127
340.0000	15.39131
338.0000	16.50959
336.0000	17.55863
334.0000	17.62597
332.0000	17.66012
330.0000	17.64874
328.0000	17.68478
326.0000	17.66866
324.0000	17.67340
322.0000	17.70091
320.0000	17.69332
318.0000	17.72462
316.0000	17.72936
314.0000	17.72177
312.0000	17.73410
310.0000	17.72557
308.0000	17.71419
306.0000	17.70944
304.0000	17.74738
302.0000	17.76161
300.0000	17.74833
298.0000	17.73790
296.0000	17.43817

1  
AXIAL,BL0,R/R.6

27

26.000	1.086	$V_{AXIAL}/V_{free}$
24.000	1.061	
22.000	1.008	
20.000	0.924	
18.000	0.873	
16.000	0.862	
14.000	0.872	
12.000	0.909	
10.000	0.935	
8.000	0.955	
6.000	0.964	
4.000	0.977	
2.000	0.981	
358.0	0.984	
356.0	0.989	
354.0	0.989	
352.0	0.993	
350.0	0.995	
348.0	1.002	
346.0	1.009	
344.0	1.017	
342.0	1.026	
340.0	1.033	
338.0	0.931	
336.0	0.980	
340.0	1.084	
338.0	1.104	

1  
AXIAL,BL2,R/R.6

27

66.000	1.079
64.000	1.058
62.000	1.043
60.000	1.028
58.000	1.008
56.000	0.873
54.000	0.980
52.000	0.991
50.000	0.985
48.000	0.982
46.000	0.978
44.000	0.972
42.000	0.973
40.000	0.973
38.000	0.973
36.000	0.975
34.000	0.980
32.000	0.983
30.000	0.989
28.000	0.996

26.000	1.006
24.000	1.016
22.000	1.020
20.000	1.016
18.000	0.960
16.000	0.906
14.000	0.915

1

AXIAL,BL3,R/R.6

27

106.000	1.082
104.000	1.064
102.000	1.047
100.000	1.034
98.000	1.023
96.000	1.008
94.000	0.999
92.000	0.932
90.000	0.968
88.000	0.983
86.000	0.978
84.000	0.969
82.000	0.969
80.000	0.969
78.000	0.969
76.000	0.970
74.000	0.974
72.000	0.976
70.000	0.980
68.000	0.988
66.000	0.995
64.000	1.004
62.000	1.012
60.000	1.024
58.000	1.017
56.000	0.921
54.000	1.064

1

AXIAL,BL4,R/R.45

27

146.000	1.100
144.000	1.078
142.000	1.062
140.000	1.048
138.000	1.035
136.000	1.022
134.000	1.012
132.000	1.005
130.000	0.975
128.000	0.965
126.000	0.988
124.000	0.981
122.000	0.982
120.000	0.982

118.000	0.980
116.000	0.981
114.000	0.985
112.000	0.985
110.000	0.991
108.000	0.998
106.000	1.006
104.000	1.014
102.000	1.023
100.000	1.038
98.000	1.050
96.000	1.066
94.000	1.079

1

AXIAL,BL5,R/R.6

27

186.000	1.105
184.000	1.088
182.000	1.070
180.000	1.056
178.000	1.042
176.000	1.030
174.000	1.019
172.000	1.010
170.000	1.004
168.000	0.899
166.000	0.994
164.000	0.988
162.000	0.989
160.000	0.988
158.000	0.989
156.000	0.989
154.000	0.991
152.000	0.993
150.000	0.999
148.000	1.005
146.000	1.015
144.000	1.021
142.000	1.032
140.000	1.044
138.000	1.059
136.000	1.071
134.000	1.088

1

AXIAL,BL6,R/R.6

25

224.0000	17.82326
222.0000	17.80903
220.0000	17.82706
218.0000	17.81852
216.0000	17.78248
214.0000	17.79101
212.0000	17.79101
210.0000	17.78058

208.0000	17.65917
206.0000	16.93073
204.0000	17.75782
202.0000	17.79671
200.0000	17.79671
198.0000	17.73600
196.0000	17.75592
194.0000	17.71703
192.0000	17.69522
190.0000	17.68194
188.0000	17.69237
186.0000	17.68004
184.0000	17.66771
182.0000	17.65253
180.0000	17.68668
178.0000	17.65822
176.0000	17.61744

1

AXIAL,BL7,R/R.6

25

264.0000	17.86784
262.0000	17.87922
260.0000	17.90483
258.0000	17.90673
256.0000	17.88112
254.0000	17.86215
252.0000	17.86500
250.0000	17.88112
248.0000	16.59590
246.0000	17.88871
244.0000	17.87353
242.0000	17.91811
240.0000	17.91622
238.0000	17.90483
236.0000	17.89820
234.0000	17.87069
232.0000	17.79860
230.0000	17.84223
228.0000	17.83749
226.0000	17.85456
224.0000	17.81188
222.0000	17.82326
220.0000	17.84223
218.0000	17.80714
216.0000	17.79481

1

AXIAL,BL8,R/R.6

25

304.0000	17.77679
302.0000	17.74359
300.0000	17.76161
298.0000	17.77394
296.0000	17.76825
294.0000	17.77868

292.0000	17.61744
290.0000	16.13968
288.0000	17.95605
286.0000	17.86784
284.0000	17.82611
282.0000	17.87164
280.0000	17.91242
278.0000	17.90009
276.0000	17.87828
274.0000	17.90768
272.0000	17.90863
270.0000	17.91052
268.0000	17.92286
266.0000	17.91242
264.0000	17.93044
262.0000	17.84413
260.0000	17.90958
258.0000	17.83464
256.0000	17.82421

1

AXIAL, BL9, R/R.6

25

344.0000	17.45714
342.0000	17.48939
340.0000	17.47232
338.0000	17.39075
336.0000	15.09348
334.0000	16.65566
332.0000	17.58709
330.0000	17.63546
328.0000	17.71419
326.0000	17.72557
324.0000	17.68288
322.0000	17.72746
320.0000	17.72841
318.0000	17.74169
316.0000	17.78627
314.0000	17.79291
312.0000	17.80714
310.0000	17.79386
308.0000	17.79386
306.0000	17.80239
304.0000	17.82516
302.0000	17.83085
300.0000	17.81947
298.0000	17.79860
296.0000	17.79101

1

AXIAL,BL0,R/R.75

27

26.000	1.080
24.000	1.063
22.000	1.049
20.000	1.006
18.000	0.923
16.000	0.817
14.000	0.759
12.000	0.772
10.000	0.828
8.000	0.868
6.000	0.924
4.000	0.953
2.000	0.972
0.000	0.979
358.0	0.984
356.0	0.984
354.0	0.993
352.0	0.997
350.0	1.002
348.0	1.013
346.0	1.017
344.0	1.030
342.0	1.038
340.0	1.054
338.0	1.062
336.0	0.936
334.0	1.098

1

AXIAL,BL2,R/R.75

27

66.000	1.079
64.000	1.060
62.000	1.046
60.000	1.033
58.000	1.017
56.000	1.005
54.000	0.924
52.000	0.942
50.000	0.980
48.000	0.977
46.000	0.970
44.000	0.972
42.000	0.970
40.000	0.973
38.000	0.976
36.000	0.975
34.000	0.978
32.000	0.985
30.000	0.989
28.000	0.996
26.000	1.003

24.000	1.013
22.000	1.021
20.000	1.030
18.000	1.037
16.000	0.987
14.000	0.890

1

AXIAL,BL3,R/R.75

27

106.000	1.083
104.000	1.064
102.000	1.051
100.000	1.036
98.000	1.021
96.000	1.009
94.000	0.999
92.000	0.987
90.000	0.888
88.000	0.975
86.000	0.967
84.000	0.967
82.000	0.965
80.000	0.967
78.000	0.971
76.000	0.967
74.000	0.972
72.000	0.978
70.000	0.980
68.000	0.987
66.000	0.996
64.000	1.004
62.000	1.012
60.000	1.027
58.000	1.037
56.000	1.053
54.000	1.030

1

axial,BL4,R/R.75

27

146.000	1.099
144.000	1.079
142.000	1.064
140.000	1.050
138.000	1.033
136.000	1.023
134.000	1.013
132.000	1.003
130.000	0.992
128.000	0.914
126.000	0.977
124.000	0.981
122.000	0.978
120.000	0.979

118.000 0.981  
116.000 0.978  
114.000 0.982  
112.000 0.986  
110.000 0.989  
108.000 0.997  
106.000 1.005  
104.000 1.014  
102.000 1.020  
100.000 1.036  
98.000 1.047  
96.000 1.060  
94.000 1.076

1

AXIAL, BL5, R/R. 75

27

186.000 1.109  
184.000 1.085  
182.000 1.071  
180.000 1.056  
178.000 1.042  
176.000 1.033  
174.000 1.020  
172.000 1.011  
170.000 1.002  
168.000 0.923  
166.000 0.991  
164.000 0.989  
162.000 0.987  
160.000 0.987  
158.000 0.988  
156.000 0.988  
154.000 0.992  
152.000 0.994  
150.000 0.999  
148.000 1.007  
146.000 1.013  
144.000 1.023  
142.000 1.033  
140.000 1.042  
138.000 1.058  
136.000 1.072  
134.000 1.087

1

AXIAL, BL6, R/R. 75

V<sub>AXIAL</sub>

25

224.0000	17.80050
222.0000	17.80809
220.0000	17.79386
218.0000	17.75592
216.0000	17.79101
214.0000	17.76920
212.0000	17.79481
210.0000	17.71134

208.0000	17.70755
206.0000	15.84374
204.0000	17.72841
202.0000	17.70470
200.0000	17.73410
198.0000	17.73505
196.0000	17.68478
194.0000	17.68004
192.0000	17.71608
190.0000	17.64115
188.0000	17.65538
186.0000	17.67530
184.0000	17.67719
182.0000	17.61364
180.0000	17.62977
178.0000	17.60131
176.0000	17.60795

1

AXIAL,BL7,R/R.75

25

264.0000	17.88492
262.0000	17.91622
260.0000	17.92380
258.0000	17.88776
256.0000	17.88492
254.0000	17.88586
252.0000	17.84603
250.0000	17.83844
248.0000	17.55294
246.0000	17.36703
244.0000	17.82990
242.0000	17.82706
240.0000	17.86595
238.0000	17.88017
236.0000	17.81568
234.0000	17.82611
232.0000	17.83464
230.0000	17.78912
228.0000	17.80619
226.0000	17.82232
224.0000	17.80145
222.0000	17.76635
220.0000	17.77489
218.0000	17.75687
216.0000	17.75876

AXIAL,BL8,R/R.75

25

304.0000	17.79007
302.0000	17.84508
300.0000	17.85741
298.0000	17.81188
296.0000	17.84508
294.0000	17.87448
292.0000	17.84034

290.0000	16.73249
288.0000	17.58424
286.0000	17.71229
284.0000	17.83749
282.0000	17.81378
280.0000	17.82611
278.0000	17.87069
276.0000	17.83844
274.0000	17.84982
272.0000	17.86215
270.0000	17.89156
268.0000	17.91906
266.0000	17.92286
264.0000	17.93234
262.0000	17.86215
260.0000	17.81757
258.0000	17.81283
256.0000	17.82042

1

AXIAL, BL9, R/R. 75

25

344.0000	17.53397
342.0000	17.58614
340.0000	17.61459
338.0000	17.59562
336.0000	17.64305
334.0000	17.18587
332.0000	15.44348
330.0000	17.55768
328.0000	17.62882
326.0000	17.65158
324.0000	17.65253
322.0000	17.66297
320.0000	17.71893
318.0000	17.71324
316.0000	17.72367
314.0000	17.75592
312.0000	17.77489
310.0000	17.76540
308.0000	17.78437
306.0000	17.81283
304.0000	17.82895
302.0000	17.79291
300.0000	17.78058
298.0000	17.80429
296.0000	17.78153