## **Business Intelligence in Chile, Recommendations to**

# **Develop Local Applications**

By

## **Sebastian Robles**



Submitted to the System Design and Management Program in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Science in Engineering and Management

at the

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY February 2010

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## Abstract

The volume of information generated from enterprise applications is growing exponentially, and the cost of storage is decreasing rapidly. In addition, cloudbased applications, mobile devices and social networks are becoming relevant sources of unstructured data that provide essential information for strategic decisions making. Therefore, with time, enterprise databases will become more valuable for business but also much harder to integrate, process and analyze.

Business Intelligence software was instrumental in helping organizations to analyze information and provide reports to support business decision-making. Accordingly, BI applications evolved as enterprise information grew, hardwareprocessing capacities developed, and storage cost is being reduced significantly.

In this paper, we will analyze the current BI world market and compare it with the Chilean market, in order to come up with business plan recommendations for local developers and systems integrators interested in capitalizing the opportunities generated by the global BI software market consolidation.

Thesis Supervisor: Michael A. Cusumano Title: Sloan Management Review Distinguished Professor of Management

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## Introduction

## Background

Emerging vendors have capitalized recent changes in the BI ecosystem, showing higher innovation capacity than traditional BI vendors. On the other hand, mega vendors followed a frenetic merger and acquisitions strategy for the last three years instead of focusing on developing newer and more innovative BI capabilities from the inside.

Just like in the world BI software market, the Chilean market had consolidated into a few mega vendors. Accordingly, changes in customer interfaces, vendor culture, sales strategies, support quality and everything that comes along with mergers and acquisitions have had a considerable impact on customer satisfaction. In addition, small and medium business customers faced a market with fewer vendors who were prepared to understand their needs and provide the relationship and support required to implement, operate and maintain BI software in their organizations. All these rapidly increasing market shifts created an important opportunity for local developers and systems integrators for capitalizing on these changes. Indeed, higher interest from corporations in customized BI applications and open source integrations should be expected, boosted by the economic downturn and internal mega vendor adjustments.

### **Research Objective and Motivation**

The objective of this thesis is to make recommendations to Chilean software firms interested in developing BI software. Suggestions will target market and territory, product strategy and strategic alliances. The local market is small and very competitive, and could transform in an excellent laboratory for software development that later can be replicated in the nearby and global markets.

We will start by exploring the global market, including an overview, analyzing the level of penetration of BI software by business unit and by tools, followed by identifying the strengths and weaknesses of the large player. Then, we will mirror this information with the Chilean market, in order to identify the best recommendations to start a new business of BI development in Chile.

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As part of our recommendations, we will identify the best territory in which to start the business, the market size and how much of it could be addressed, followed by the recommended product strategy, that includes the software capabilities and the BI layer that is better to start from, together with suggested strategic alliances to accelerate the time-to-market of the software.

# Chapter 1 Business Intelligence World Market

While the whole software market is facing challenging economic times and a market that declined compared with the previous year, Business Intelligence (BI) software did not share the same destiny, showing double-digit growth in 2009.

According to Gartner's annual survey of CIO technology priorities, BI remained among the top five priorities in 2009 (and it was number one in each of the previous four years). BI software provides the transparency and decision support that is helping senior management to improve business performance. We could say that BI is one of the most relevant business technologies of the decade.

During the last three years, large BI vendors aggressively made strategic acquisitions that capitalized market opportunities and acquired software with newer and more innovative capabilities. BI vendors based their recent innovation strategy on company acquisitions rather than in in-house innovation. As result of this strategy, their customers faced continuous vendor organizational changes that are now negatively impacting their satisfaction.

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## 3.1 Market Overview

A relevant BI market consolidation began in 2007, concentrating the market in a few large vendors. In 2009, the top five vendors held 75%<sup>1</sup> of an \$8 billion market<sup>2</sup>. In the image below, we can observe the most important mergers and acquisitions between 2006 and 2008.



Despite the economic downturn, Gartner forecast for BI the fastest growth in the software market. In tough economic times, BI had become a key business enabler, helping corporations to reduce cost and risk, and increase their incomes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Gartner, Market Share: Business Intelligence, Analytics and Performance Management Software, Worldwide, 2008 <sup>2</sup> Forrester, BI Software and Emerging Trends, 2010

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> http://www.clarkstonconsulting.com/viewpoint/bi marketconsolidation.html

However, the recession, together with the commoditization of Core BI and market consolidation, are expected to reduce BI platform revenue growth<sup>4</sup>. Accordingly, in the image below, we can observe numbers from IDC that show continuous growth since 1993.





In order to drill down into BI software and its market growth we will use as a reference the Forrester Research BI framework<sup>5</sup> that covers five layers of BI software, including Core BI, business performance solutions, predictive analytics/data mining, text analytics and complex event processing:

Note: Any differences to historical figures are due to corrections made after receipt of additional market intelligence. Source: IDC, June 2010

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Gartner: Forecast: Enterprise Software Markets, Worldwide, 2008-2013, 4Q09

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Forrester: Market Overview: The Business Intelligence Software Market

### Core Bl

Provides generalized reporting and ad hoc query and analysis. In addition to these, Core BI players now typically provide online analytical processing (OLAP), analytic dashboards, and interactive visualization features such as drilldown, portal and Microsoft Office integration, and alerts. Thus, Core BI today combines reporting and analytics.

### Business Performance Solutions

Adds specific business metrics, often for vertical industries. In combination with Core BI features, business performance solutions provides tools and templates to help users make strategic decisions supported by scorecards, metrics, KPIs, what-if modeling, and budgeting.

Predictive Analytics and Data Mining

Use models and statistical analysis for scenarios. These solutions extend Core BI features and historic business analytics with modeling, statistical analysis, clustering/set analysis, scoring, and simulation. These products are still largely for highly sophisticated users, who employ them to identify meaningful patterns among variables in complex structured data sets.

### Text Analytics

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Extend the scope of BI to unstructured textual data for richer analysis. Core BI does not typically encompass natural language processing, semantic analysis, or entity analysis, but these techniques can identify useful patterns in unstructured and semi-structured formats, especially when combined with powerful search capabilities.

### Complex Event Processing (CEP)

Uses near-real-time data for operational BI or activity monitoring. These products use event stream processing via low-latency middleware. So far confined primarily to the financial community, such analytics hold the promise of more actionable results, moving beyond

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predicting the past to reacting in the present.

From all BI layers, business performance solutions, predictive analytics/data mining, text analytics and complex event processing software show higher forecasted growth. Commoditized Core BI is serving as a platform for the new layers that are generating new business opportunities for vendors that can generate higher margins.





## 1.1.1. Market Share

IT executives and software decision-makers from United States and Europe<sup>6</sup> name as their companies' primary providers for business intelligence software SAP with 20%, followed by IBM with 17% and Oracle with 14%. Indeed, the three largest BI mega vendors started a consolidation race that began in 2007, and current market share values are the result of a frenetic wave of mergers and acquisitions that had not stopped yet.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Forrester: The State of Business Intelligence Software and Emerging Trends:2010

## 1.1.2 Market Leaders' Strengths and Weaknesses

Every year, Gartner researches<sup>7</sup> the BI Industry and provides useful insights to every corporation evaluation of BI Software and to vendors developing BI applications. In this section, we will summarize the largest players' strengths and weaknesses that could be found as part of this research.

IBM

### Strengths

IBM Cognos 8 remains much better integrated than most competing offerings. Research from Gartner estimated customers need only three administration staff per thousand users on average and almost 75% consider IBM a BI standard in their organization.

In April 2009, IBM Global Business Services (GBS) announced the introduction of its Business Analytics and Optimization (BAO) consulting practice with 4,000 consultants focused on BI and performance management. They launched a new

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Gartner:Magic Quadrant for Business Intelligence Platforms, 2010

midmarket offering, acquired SPSS, announced a new content analytics offering for text/unstructured data, an expanded set of deployment options and a cloudbased offering.

### Weaknesses

8.5% of the IBM Cognos customers surveyed said they plan to discontinue using the products in the next five years, versus 1.5% of customers using SAP Business Objects and 3.1% of customers using Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition. IBM does not have business applications and does not share the same operational BI vision or capabilities of Oracle and SAP.

IBM Cognos support is rated among the lowest of the vendors in the Gartner Magic Quadrant, and an increased incidence of unreliable/"buggy" software, affecting its Ability to Execute rating. It should be noted that 2009 was a transition period for IBM, as it changed over Cognos customer support and account management.

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Consistent with previous Magic Quadrants, 32% of customers surveyed reported poor performance as the single most frequently reported problem with IBM Cognos 8 – more than for any other vendor included in the Magic Quadrant.

### Oracle

### Strengths

Oracle has established the Oracle BI Enterprise Edition (OBIEE) platform successfully in the market, becoming a "BI standard" in most of their customers that are showing high interest in implementing their Oracle solutions across the enterprise.

Oracle products are perceived as high quality and it has significantly improved its support scores in public surveys. Customers also have a very positive perception of its vision and success.

### Weaknesses

Much effort is being put into integrating the Oracle BI platform with the wide variety of Oracle business applications and other middleware technologies.

While this will benefit the Oracle installed base of customers, Oracle lags behind the competition in introducing new and innovative solutions, such as the ability to integrate interactive visualization, search and collaboration as part of the BI platform offering.

Lack of "data quality" was the number one reason given by customers to expand deployments of OBIEE. This could, in part, be because OBIEE is often used for data federation to query directly against enterprise data sources without the benefit of the data quality processes that occur in a data warehouse.

## SAP

### Strengths

SAP is continuing the Business Objects established strategy of providing leadingedge capabilities, many of which complement its BI platform, in the areas of collaboration and decision support; text analytics; in-memory analytics; OnDemand BI (SaaS); search coupled with BI; data integration with lineage and impact analysis; and data quality.

SAP has one of the largest channel and services ecosystems. It is present in

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127 countries with 5,250 channel partners, 1,350 value-added resellers globally and 850 OEMs. The combination of SAP and Business Objects has formed the largest installed base in the market. Gartner estimates this installed base to be more than 46,000 customers.

### Weaknesses

For the third year in a row, customer survey data shows that customer support ratings for SAP are lower than for any other vendor in our customer survey. Overall customer experience scores that include support, sales experience and software are at the lowest levels. These results are not unusual in the aftermath of an acquisition.

## 1.1.3 Ecosystem

The large vendors and small players we can observe in the ecosystem are:

#### Core Bl

Core BI is table stakes for the large players that increasingly add features from the following list, upping the competitive ante. Some representative vendors are Actuate, IBM (Cognos), Information Builders, Microsoft, MicroStrategy, Oracle (Hyperion), Panorama Software, QlikTech, SAP (Business Objects), SAS, and TIBCO Spotfire.

### **Business Performance Solutions**

Leading firms include SAS; some of the core BI vendors previously mentioned; and others, including Clarity Systems, Infor, Lawson Software, and Longview Solutions.



### **Predictive Analytics and Data Mining**

Angoss Software, InforSense, KXEN, SPSS (with Clementine), and other vendors are innovating in this sector. In addition, open source code bases, such as the R statistical library, have gained a foothold here. Core BI

vendors such as IBM, Information Builders, Microsoft, MicroStrategy, Oracle, SAP, SAS, and TIBCO Spotfire also have some advanced capabilities in this segment.

### **Text Analytics**

Acquisitions by Microsoft (FAST), SAP/Business Objects (Inxight Software), and SAS (Teragram), in addition to offerings from IBM (SPSS) and other vendors such as Attensity, Attivio, Autonomy, Endeca Technologies, and Thomson Reuters (ClearForest) demonstrate strong vendor interest in this sector.

### **Complex Event Processing**

Representative firms include Aleri, Altosoft, Coral8, SENACTIVE, StreamBase Systems, TIBCO Software, and Vitria Technology. Similar to text analytics, complex event processing solutions can be leveraged in any of the layers of the model for real-time reporting, analytics, unification, pervasiveness, and smart BI at the very second of any event.

## 1.1.4 Vision and Ability to Execute

If we take a look at Gartner Magic Quadrant, we can observe the same patterns of mega vendor leadership mentioned before. However, emerging vendors like SAS and Information Builders show high levels of vision and ability to execute becoming members of the exclusive group of market leaders in the upper right corner. The survey also confirms that Information Builders is chosen more often than any other vendor for its data access and integration capabilities and that SAS's approach to BI continues to focus on the more advanced technologies, such as forecasting, predictive modeling and optimization, and embedding them into cross-functional and industry-specific analytical applications.



Source: Gartner (January 2010)

## 1.2 Use of BI

Data from Forrester Research<sup>8</sup> estimates that eighty-four percent of companies in North America and Europe show a strong interest in Information Knowledge (IKM) software, which includes collaboration management, content management and business intelligence software among others. Surveys rank IKM sixth in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Forrester: The State of Business Intelligence Software and Emerging Trends:2010

current adoption rates among all business applications, with 31% of all companies that had already implemented IKM solutions. In addition to the above, companies rank IKM software third in level of interest, just behind finance and accounting and customer relationship management (CRM) software.

Expanding/ Implementing/ upgrading implemented implementation	Planning to Planning the next implement in but no plans interested know the next is a year or more 12 months
Finance and accounting software	26% 50% 6% 5% 6% 2%
Customer relationship management (CRM) software	23% 27% 11% 9% 14% 12% 2%
Enterprise resource planning (ERP) software	22% 26% 7% 6% 13% 22% 4%
Software that supports an industry-specific process	22% 24% 8% 5% 10% 23% 8%
Order management software	15% 29% 5% 8% 10% 30% 4%
Information and knowledge management (IKM) software	19% 22% 10% 10% 23% 13% 4%
Human capital management software	13% 24% 6% 5% 18% 29% 6%
Enterprise asset management (EAM) software	7% 22% 8% 7% 19% 29% 7%
Supply chain management (SCM) software	11% 15% 6% 5% 16% 40% 7%
Project portfolio management (PPM) software	8% 16% 7% 6% 24% 34% 6%
Spend management or supplier relationship management (SRM) software	6% 14% 6% 5% 19% 42% 8%
Product life-cycle management (PLM) software	7%         12%         6%         21%         42%         8%

#### "What are your firm's plans to adopt the following business applications?"

Figure 2 IKM Ranks Sixth In Implementation But Third In Interest Among Business Apps Software

Base: 928 North American and European software decision-makers responsible for packaged applications (percentages may not total 100 because of rounding)

Source: Enterprise And SMB Software Survey, North America And Europe, Q4 2009

Specifically for BI software, 49% percent of all companies in North America and Europe are planning a project for 2010. A drilldown into the survey data reveals that 54% of all companies have already implemented BI software, and another 25% are planning to implement it. If we consider the 24% of existing implementations that will be expanded or upgraded, 49% of all companies were planning a BI project for 2010.

BI has the highest project forecast percentage among all business application software, followed by CRM at 43%, finance and accounting at 37%, and enterprise resource planning (ERP) and industry specific software, both at 35%. Indeed, companies have a huge interest in adopting BI technologies, especially during an economic downturn, and this brings along important business opportunities for BI vendors.

Expanding/ Implementing/ upgrading implemented implementation	Planning to Planning to implement implement in the next in a year of 12 months more	o Interested t but no plan	Not Don't know
Collaboration software	31%	37%	7% 14% 8% 1%
Content management software	26%	29% 9%	17% 14% 5% 1%
Business intelligence software	24%	30% 9%	16% 14% 6% 2%
Information access software	19% 12% 11%	10%	30% 14% 4%
Learning management software	15% 9% 8% 7%	30%	26% 4%
Learning management software	15% 9% 8% 7%	30%	26% 4%

# "What are your firm's plans to adopt the following information and knowledge management software technologies?"

Base: 921 North American and European software decision-makers responsible for packaged applications (percentages may not total 100 because of rounding)

Source: Enterprise And SMB Software Survey, North America And Europe, Q4 2009 56749 Source: Forrester Research, Inc.

## 1.2.1 Use by Business Units

On the same survey<sup>9</sup> performed by Forrester, Business Performance Solutions have the highest adoption in the finance department, and the levels of interest in other business units like sales, production, procurement, and sustainability, are all at a similar level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Forrester: The State of Business Intelligence Software and Emerging Trends:2010

Expanding/ Implementing/ upgrading implemented implementation	Planning to implement in the next 12 months	Planning to line implement bu in a year or more	terested 📰 Not it no plans inter	Don't rested know
Financial performance management	17%	31%	11% 10%	18% 8% 5%
Sales performance management	13%	23% 10% 8	% 16%	24% 6%
Production performance management	12%	21% 9% 8%	19%	26% 5%
Sourcing, procurement, and trading performance management	8%	19% 10% 7%	20%	27% 9%
Supply chain performance management	10%	17% 9% 8%	18%	32% 6%
Sustainability performance management	5% 14%	9% 8%	32%	25% 8%
Base: 649 North American and Europea (percentages	n software de may not tota	ecision-makers respor I 100 because of rour	nsible for packaged nding)	applications

#### "What are your firm's plans to adopt the following business performance solutions?"

Source: Enterprise And SMB Software Survey, North America And Europe, Q4 2009

56749

Source: Forrester Research, Inc.

### 1.2.2 Use of BI Tools

Of those companies using BI solutions, surveys<sup>10</sup> estimate that 62% are using BI reporting solutions, and about half of these are still expanding and upgrading their reporting applications. Data visualization and dashboard solutions are currently implemented by 39% of all companies. While 46% of enterprises have already implemented analytics solutions, only 30% of small and medium-size businesses (SMBs) have done so, and this provides an excellent growth opportunity for BI vendors in this market. The next big growth area predicted by Forrester in BI applications, however, will be in the category of business performance solutions, expected to grow from a \$2 billion market in 2009 to \$5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Forrester: The State of Business Intelligence Software and Emerging Trends:2010

### billion by 2014.

Expanding/ Implemen upgrading implemen implementation	ting/ Planning to Planning to linter ted implement implement but in the next in a year or 12 months more	rested 🛛 🕅 no plans	Not interested	Don't know
Reporting tools	31% 31%	12%	9% 10%	5% 2%
Data visualization, dashboards	17% 22% 18%	13%	19%	9% 3%
Specialized database engines	18% 15% 9% 8%	21%	22%	7%
Business performance solutions	16% 11% 10% 11%	27%	16%	8%
Decision support solutions	15% 11% 10% 10%	28%	20%	7%
Data quality management	15% 10% 11% 10%	28%	18%	8%
Advanced analytics	9% 11% 10% 10%	29%	22%	9%
Complex event processing	8% 5% 6% 6% 28%		34%	13%
Text analytics	9% 3% 7% 6% 28%		33%	13%
In-process analytics	□1% 3% 29% L <sub>2%</sub> L <sub>4%</sub>	4	1%	19%

#### "What are your firm's plans to adopt the following business intelligence technologies?"

Base: 853 North American and European software decision-makers responsible for packaged applications (percentages may not total 100 because of rounding)

Source: Enterprise And SMB Software Survey, North America And Europe, Q4 2009

56749

Source: Forrester Research, Inc.

Business Performance Solutions software integrates data from various sources to key performance indicators to provide strategic decision-making support. While 27% of companies have already implemented business performance solutions, an additional 49% is planning to implement or is interested in this technology.

Additional research<sup>11</sup> from Gartner found that the most used tools are reporting, Adhoc Query and Dashboards. Accordingly, those three tools also received the top four highest rated scores.



Figure 1. Overall Rating of BI Platform Capabilities in Meeting Needs

percentage of respondents claiming extensive use across vendors. Chart represents customer perception and not Gartner's opinion. The chart may feature vendors that (in Gartner's opinion) do not deliver the functional capability described. BI = business intelligence, OLAP = online analytical processing.

N=897

Source: Gartner (February 2010)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Gartner: BI Platforms User Survey, 2010: Customers Rate heir BI Platform Functionality

# Chapter 2 Business Intelligence in Chile

The size of the Business Intelligence market in Chile is a very small portion of the global market. Nevertheless, we can observe the presence of all the large players in the global Business Intelligence industry that, together with open source solutions, distributors and consultants have built a market as competitive as any other large market, including the United States.

## 2.1 Market Overview

There is no public data regarding the size of the BI or software market in Chile; however, the Chamber of Commerce of Santiago estimates a market of 3.4 billions for software, hardware and related services in 2009.

Large vendors dominate the local market, and there is no presence of local developers. Data <sup>12</sup> from CETIUC shows that the most utilized business intelligence solution is SQL Server, which is used by 55.9% of large corporations present in the country. Second and third, respectively, we find Business Objects (acquired by SAP) with 32.2% and Hyperion (acquired by Oracle) with 28.8% of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> CETIUC: Reporte Anual de Business Intelligence, 2008

large companies using their solutions.

If SAP and Oracle are able to leverage the Business Objects and Hyperion market share, they have a great opportunity to cross-sell their portfolio if they are able to maintain or increase their customer's satisfaction. Due to the major acquisitions that will inevitably impact local customers, it is hard predicting their loyalty.



Which of the following BI software are used or are expected to be to be

Source: CETIUC

used in your firm?

When asked which vendor they would like to work with in the future, large corporations forecast very low usage growth, which could also be interpreted as indifference about deciding their future Business Intelligence vendors.

## 2.2 Use of BI

Business Intelligence market penetration is as high as we can observe in other countries like the United States (49% estimated for 2010 by Forrester). Sources from IDC<sup>13</sup> estimate that, in 2008, 44% of companies based in Chile used BI to administrate their business, and 30% of them developed their own applications in-house or through outsourcing.

<sup>13</sup> http://www.idclatin.com/events/event\_hotinfo.asp?ctr=chi&id=97&hot=newsletter#



### Adoption of Business Intelligence in Chile during 2008

Source: IDC

If we look at the behavior of the larger companies in the country, sources from CETIUC<sup>14</sup> estimate that, in 2008, 69% of them had implemented an initiative of BI. The same source estimates a 76.9% of BI usage for companies with revenues over \$330 million and 80% for companies with revenues between \$130 million and \$330 million.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> CETIUC: Reporte Anual de Business Intelligence, 2008

Is your firm actually using or have they used in the past any type of



**Business Intelligence Solution?** 

Source: CETIUC

## 2.2.1 Use by Business Units

On the same report from CETUC<sup>15</sup>, if we look into the usage of BI inside larger companies, we can observe that business and support units have different levels of utilization. Marketing and sales is the business unit that benefits the most from BI, with an usage of 71.2%, and an expected usage of 83.3% for 2009, followed by administration and finance and production and operations with usages of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> CETIUC: Reporte Anual de Business Intelligence, 2008

54.2% and 49.2% respectively. The emerging trend is the usage of BI for customer service with 72.9% of companies planning to use it for those purposes in 2009.

Areas of Application of Business Intelligence: In which business unit has your firm used or is expecting to use Business Intelligence software?



Source: CETIUC

## 2.2.2 Use by Industry

The use of Business Intelligence differs in each industry. Marketing and sales is

the business unit that uses BI the most in almost every company; nevertheless, other business and support units show different levels of utilization depending on the business they are immersed in. On the graphic below<sup>16</sup>, it is possible to observe the usage for Chilean companies grouped in three types of industries: Information Services, Distribution Services and Production.

Application of Business Intelligence by Industry: In which business unit has your firm used or is expecting to use Business Intelligence software?



Source: CETIUC

If we observe companies that belong to the information services group, we can

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> CETIUC: Reporte Anual de Business Intelligence, 2008

find high levels of BI usage in marketing and sales, and a higher use in research and development as compared to other industries.

Companies that belong to the distribution services industry also have a high use of BI for marketing and sales but differentiate from the others by having a high usage for operations. In the production industry, the highest levels of utilization are observed in administration and finance, followed by marketing and sales.

## 2.2.3 Use of BI Tools

Business Intelligence solutions provide a wide variety of tools and applications with different levels of implementation complexities and business return. If we take a look at the level of implementation of each tool, we could conclude that higher levels of utilization are observed on those tools that have a higher ratio of complexity versus business return. The higher the business impact and the lower the complexity, the higher the usage that we can observe.

The research from CETIUC<sup>17</sup> shows a very high use of query and reporting, with 88.1% for 2008 and an expected 98.3% for 2009. Second comes data warehouse, with a usage of 78% in 2008 and an expected usage of 93.3% for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> CETIUC: Reporte Anual de Business Intelligence, 2008

2009. Third comes OLAP, with a usage of 76.3% in 2008, and an expected 83.1% for 2009.

## Which of the following business support tools are currently used or in



project at your firm?

## Source: CETIUC

The tool that represents the highest ratio of complexity vs. business impact is

data mining. Nevertheless, it also shows the highest level of expected growth, with a predicted 28.8% for 2009.

## **Chapter 3**

# Business Plan Recommendations for Business Intelligence Software in Chile

## 3.1 Target Market

## 3.1.1 Size

Forrester forecasts<sup>18</sup> the Business Performance Software World Market in \$3.226 billion followed by an accelerated growth for the coming years. Core BI commoditization reduces its market growth but its forecasted market size is still an impressive \$5.668 billion.

For the Chilean Market, we do not have precise data, but estimations can be done with global market information.

### Facts

Santiago Chamber of Commerce estimates a local market of \$3.4
 billion for software, hardware and related services.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Forrester: Market Overview: The Business Intelligence Software Market

Global spending<sup>19</sup> in enterprise software represents approximately 0 15.3% of the spending in software, hardware and related services (as shown in figure below).

T

Global BI software market<sup>20</sup> size is \$8 billion out of \$366 billion of 0 the total software market, representing approximately 2.2%.



 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Forrester: The State of Business Intelligence Software and Emerging Trends:2010
 <sup>20</sup> Forrester: The State of Business Intelligence Software and Emerging Trends:2010

### Assumptions

If we use the global trend as a reference for the local market:

- Chilean business software market is 15.3% of the spending in software, hardware and related services
- Chilean BI software market is 2.2% of the total enterprise software market

### Chilean Market Size:

The Chilean software market size could be estimated at \$550 million dollars, with the BI Software market at approximately \$12.11 million dollars.

## 3.1.2 Growth

IDC forecasts<sup>21</sup> the advanced analytics software market in Latin America to grow 12% in 2010. The Core BI software market is also expected to grow in 2010 at a more moderate but still impressive 8%. Despite the slowdown seen in the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> IDC: Top 10 predictions: Latin America Predictions 2010

applications market in 2009, the predictive and analysis tools market will continue their growth trend over the coming years.

## 3.2 Technology

### 3.2.1 Product

As mentioned in the previous chapters, there are different types of business Intelligence software with diverse capabilities that tackle a variety of business needs. There are different BI layers, and the best strategy would be focusing on one while entering the market. Considering market size and growth, the best layer to start a new product for would be business performance.

It is also true that each day, more companies are using electronic invoicing. Government is also pushing to accelerate the adoption of digital invoicing technologies by giving benefits to early adopters. A small or medium company can use electronic invoice software without the need of having an ERP, creating a valuable source of information that can feed a business performance solution at a very low cost. Indeed, BI software that can include capabilities of e-facture would enable a very low cost business performance solution that can provide valuable business performance information for small and medium businesses. Something that would usually require having an ERP now would be possible by having low cost software,

### 3.2.2 BI into the Cloud

Cloud computing is an incremental innovation rather than a disruptive, a term that covers different technologies that used to be named separately and were consolidated prior to the creation of the "cloud computing" tag.

Technologies of distributed or grid computing; distributed and virtualized storage; virtualized servers and desktops; application services; web applications used to reach customers through the internet; software as a service—all these technologies and business models together, after being subjected to important incremental innovations that significantly reduced costs and risks and increased performance, is what we know today as the "cloud."

While 21% of all companies are already using software as a service (SaaS)<sup>22</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Forrester: BI in the Cloud? Yes, and on the Ground, Too, 2010

only customer relationship management (CRM) and human capital management (HCM) have made their way into the cloud. Business Intelligence does not have the same adoption rate. Nevertheless, 41% of all companies are strongly interested in moving BI into the cloud.

The benefits that are driving customers to cloud computing are ease of implementation, costs and mobility. However, the top concerns that are impeding the adoption are security and integration challenges. BI applications need to consolidate all kinds of data from many different sources, and the biggest challenges come from there.

A cloud-based BI solution would facilitate customer acquisition by simplifying the implementation process and obtaining economies of scale. BI vendors are moving aggressively into the cloud and customers are willing to adopt this type of technology. Regardless of the currently low deployment rates, it has already become a strategic technology to reach a wide customer territory, simply through implementations and competitive costs.

### 3.3 Tactics

### 3.3.1 Market

Focusing only in Chile is a high-risk bet, due to the small market and high competitiveness observed. Nevertheless, the business needs of Chilean companies are the same that can be observed in the global market and local software developments could be replicated in other countries using Chile as a business platform. Starting in Chile would require smaller investments and implicate fewer risks to the owners as compared to a company located in the United States or Europe.

The recommended growth strategy for Chilean BI software developers would be growing in phases. Testing a small market and then replicating to larger ones. A good roadmap would be starting first in the Chilean market, then the South Cone, then Latin America and, finally, expanding to global markets.

## 3.3.2 Customer Segmentation

Small and medium business (SMB) represents a land of opportunities. In this segment, large players cannot deliver high levels of service, specific customizations and competitive pricing at the same time. Especially now, when the impact of BI market consolidation has affected customer satisfaction, and

smaller vendors that are able to deliver a higher level of service, quality products and affordable costs have a competitive advantage that can be capitalized.

If the venture is successful in the early stages, it would be easy to expand to other customer segments and start doing business with larger corporations as the company and the sales force grows. Enterprise business has lower margins than SMB, but it also has higher revenues that would help obtain higher economies of scale.

## 3.3.3 Sales and Marketing

Depending on the growth phase, there are different strategies that could be used.

### Phase 1

Market entry: Target innovator customers

- Enter the market working with one or two innovator SMB customers that are willing to work with a company new in the industry.
- It is recommended to start working with customers that are currently are not using ERP's. The solution for these customers will be of higher value

than for those that currently have Enterprise Resource Planning software that is creating relevant data for the business.

- Networking and background of the founding team would be essential in acquiring the first customers and should be considered while building the core team.
- Include cloud-computing capabilities. Users should be able to access the private/public cloud to use the application. Customers will benefit by a faster implementation, nonexistent maintenance costs, no need for a high initial investment, and ubiquitous access.

Google enterprise market place should be considered as the source of the backend required to provide cloud services. Partnering with Google would accelerate time-to-market and reduce maintenance costs. It can become a great partner for this venture and provide the entire infrastructure required to start cloud-based software from day one, without huge initial investments and maintenance costs.

### Phase 2

Expand: Target early adopters

- After a few customers (2-4) have been serviced through Phase 1, look for new customers where exactly the same product can be implemented.
- In this phase, economies of scale are the key. As long as the software
  previously developed can be used with new customers without the need of
  redoing everything, development costs will go down and margins will go
  up.
- After a total of four or six customers have been served, the company should start marketing the product aggressively.

### Phase 3

Growth: Early majority

- With a packaged cloud-based solution, start marketing the product aggressively by word of mouth, obtaining presence in the media and partnering with local telecommunications providers.
- Create a sales strategy to cover the market, identify business leads and follow business opportunities. An inside sales representative should be

contacting potential customers and identifying business opportunities to grow the business funnel. An account manager partnering with the inside sales representative should follow those leads that move forward on the funnel until deals are closed.

- An engineering team should be able to manage a relation with the customers and provide software support.
- Facilitate customer adoption with demos and trials. Customers who are willing to pay to implement a trial are very likely to buy the product unless they are not satisfied.

### 3.3.4 Pricing

A model of software as a service through cloud computing would be a great pricing strategy. A monthly fee would be easier to obtain approval on at almost every corporation as compared to a large upfront investment that carries higher risks and maintenance costs.

Business performance solutions also require consulting services that should become one of the largest sources of gross margins. Accordingly, gross margins should not be expected to come exclusively from software. The usual license/service ratio observed in the market is 33% license and 66% services (customization, implementation and support).

## 3.3.5 Integration

It is essential for the success of new Bi software to integrate with electronic invoicing solutions. As mentioned in the initial section of this chapter, it would be ideal to have electronic invoicing capabilities on the same solutions. Small businesses in Chile that adopt this solution will obtain enormous value when they are able to obtain real-time key performance indicators accessible from anywhere through the web, without the need of having sophisticated enterprise software.

# Chapter 4 Conclusions

- Market consolidation had an important impact on customer satisfaction and SMB companies will be the ones suffering the most if the same market dynamics continue. They create lower individual revenues for vendors as compared to higher corporations and, as a result of this, fewer resources are assigned per company for customer support and account management.
- Cloud-based software is the best product strategy to enter the SMB market. Implementation is much faster and maintenance costs are lower.
   Many SMB companies do not have enough resources to maintain hardware and software and most likely will prefer a cloud-based solution.
   In addition, higher economies of scale are obtained as many users could share infrastructure.
- Software as a service model comes together with public cloud computing.
   Customers that prefer a public cloud-based solution will also prefer to pay

a monthly fee as they use the application. It also reduces vendor dependency and facilitates contract renewals without business interruption.

- There is a higher use of customized Business Intelligence software in Chile than in the world market. While 17% of the world market prefers to develop customized software in-house or through third parties during 2009, 30% of Chilean companies made the same decision.
- Sales strategy should consider a top-down approach to customers. The main beneficiaries inside the target accounts will be decision makers and senior management, rather than the IT department, who will have different needs.
- Business performance management software should be the niche of a new BI company entering the market. The size of the market is not as big as the Core BI market, but is still an important source of revenue increasing with rapid growth. It facilitates a consultative approach to senior management and decision makers.
- Finance, sales and product performance should be part of the business performance software. These business groups are most likely to adopt

business performance solutions or improve the current ones in Chile and in the world market.

 Due to the high risk of entering a market led by large players, the financing strategy should consider the minimum possible investment. Partnering with a local software developer that currently develops code for customers and does not sell packetized software is a potential business partner that could facilitate a low investment entry. The creation of a new company in a joint venture should be explored.

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