## 18.03 Recitation 19, April 25, 2006

## Hour exam review

Suppose you have an LTI system (what does that term mean?) which is modeled by a differential operator p(D). You don't know the coefficients of the operator, but you investigate the system by delivering a blow to it—a unit impulse input signal—and recording the system response, w(t). (Of course, it was at rest beforehand.)

Review what we know from this:

(1) How do we determine the characteristic polynomial (and hence the coefficients) of the operator?

(2) How can we write down (in terms of w(t)) the solution (with rest initial conditions) to p(D)x = q(t) for some arbitrary input signal?

(3) How can we determine the multiplier W(r) such that  $x_p = W(r)e^{rt}$  is a system response to the exponential input signal  $e^{rt}$  (for r constant)?

(4) How can we determine the frequency response of the system?—that is, A and  $\phi$  (both functions of  $\omega$ ) such that  $p(D)x = \cos(\omega t)$  has sinusoidal solution  $A\cos(\omega t - \phi)$ ?

A unifying visual image is the graph of |W(s)|, which is largely controlled by the poles of W(s).

Work these out in case  $w(t) = e^{-t} \sin(3t)$ .