# Unbundling Standardization: Product Development Processes in Multi-Project Organizations

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## What is the impact of process standardization on organizational performance?

# + Process Standardization

## Organizational Performance

- Efficiency
- Knowledge Transfer
- Decision making / Resource Allocation

Adler et. al 1999; Morgan, Liker 2006

Argote 1999; Adler and Cole 1993

Hammer and Stanton 1999; Garvin 1998; Sobek, Liker, Ward 1998

- Project performance
- Innovation/ Creativity
- Adaptation/ Learning over time
- Employee Satisfaction

Krubasik 1988; Shenhar 2001

Benner and Tushman 2002

March 1991; Levinthal and March 1993

Adler et al. 1999

"On both sides of the question, complex causal mechanisms play out in diverse ways in diverse situations. This might imply that we should not be aspiring to general conclusions with respect to the overall question, but rather seeking to sort out the mechanisms and the contingencies."

Sidney Winter in Adler et al. (2008)

When and how is process standardization beneficial for organizational performance?



## Research Approach

- Theory-building from case studies (Eisenhardt and Graebner 2007)
- Selected Cases (Theoretical Sample):
  - 4 large companies (\$5B+ annual sales)
  - Develop electromechanical assembled products
  - Different industries
  - Different approaches to process standardization

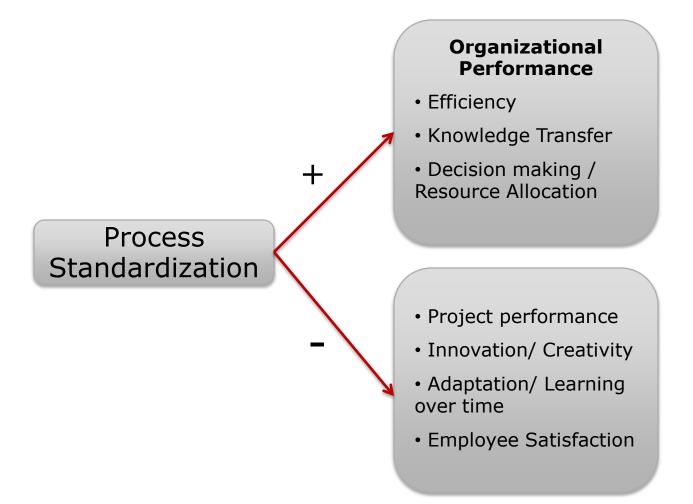


### **Data Collection**

- □ Visits to companies each visit 3 days to a week.
- Interviews (40+) with project managers, process managers, engineers, business-unit managers, functional managers
- Process documentation (corporate and project level),
   Project information
- Examples of Project-level process data
  - Documentation from Gates/Reviews
  - "Engineering Plan", Project Information Repositories and Checklists
  - Process Customization Declarations (PCD) and Rationales for Deviation (RfD)
- Questions Driving Data Collection and Analysis
  - How do product development processes for different projects in an organization differ?
  - What factors drive these differences?
  - How do differences or standardization across processes impact performance on project-level and organization level outcomes?



## Lesson from the case studies



#### **Process Design**

- Activities/Tasks
- Order, Flow, andDependencies
- Timing
- Roles/Agents
- Tools/Methods
- Deliverables/Outputs

#### **Project Performance**

- Product Cost
- Product Quality
- Development Time
- Development Cost
- Development Capability

#### Process Standardization

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- Creativity/ Innovation
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"The biggest benefit is that because of the standard deliverables at the reviews, we all talk the same language and expect to see the same things in the same format. It's easy for the Senior Management Team to know when a red flag comes up or when a project is moving into exception."

Process Manager at Company A

"One good thing was that since we started using the same tools, it allows us to easily move between projects. We didn't have to retrain every time we switched."

Engineer at Company A

"Because of the tools, we can get engineers from other projects in crunch time and they don't spend too much time ramping up. They can be integrated relatively seamlessly."

Project Manager at Company A



#### **Engineer**

#### Project Manager

Process Manager

Business Unit Manager

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## Cognition and Hierarchy (Gavetti 2005)

- Costs and Benefits of standardization on different dimensions felt by different parties
- Process is executed in a mindful manner by goal seeking individuals
- Location of 'decision rights' impacts which dimensions vary across projects

"Our goal is to get decision authority as low in organization as possible."

Business Unit Manager, Company B

"We aim to make it so that as much is decided centrally as possible, so project managers don't have to worry about what activities they should perform or not"



## **Ongoing Work**

## **Project Characteristics**

- Complexity
- Newness
- Type of Product
- Budget
- Target Market

#### **Process Design**

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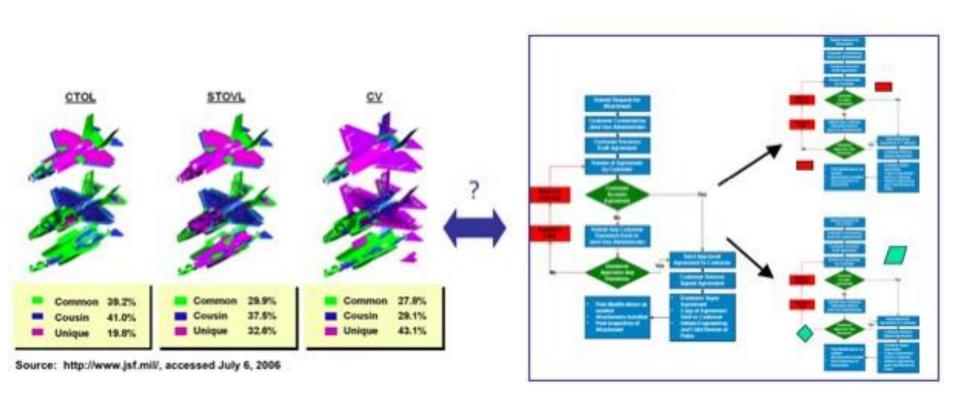
#### **Project Performance**

- Quality
- Cost
- Delivery

- 51 projects from one company (getting 50 more)
- Questions:
  - What explains process customization?
  - Do project characteristics predict process customizations in accordance with theory?
  - Does process customization influence project performance goal achievement?



## **Thank You!**



Questions? Comments?



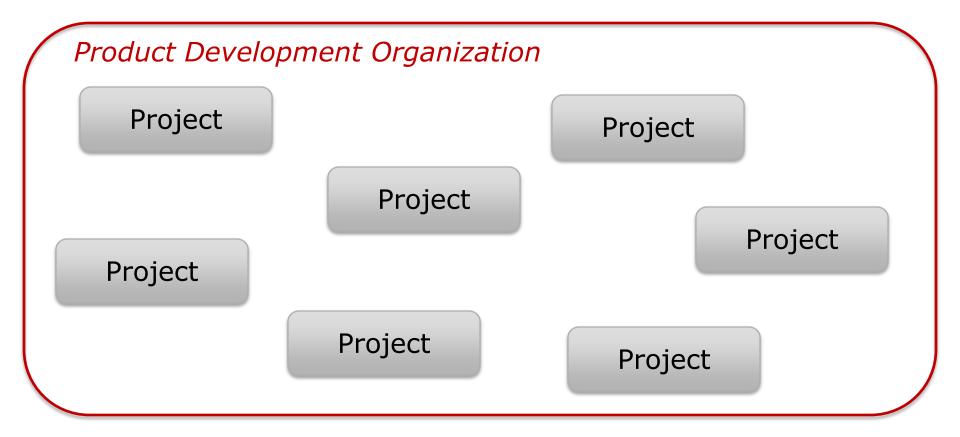
## **Supplementary Slides**



## Storyline

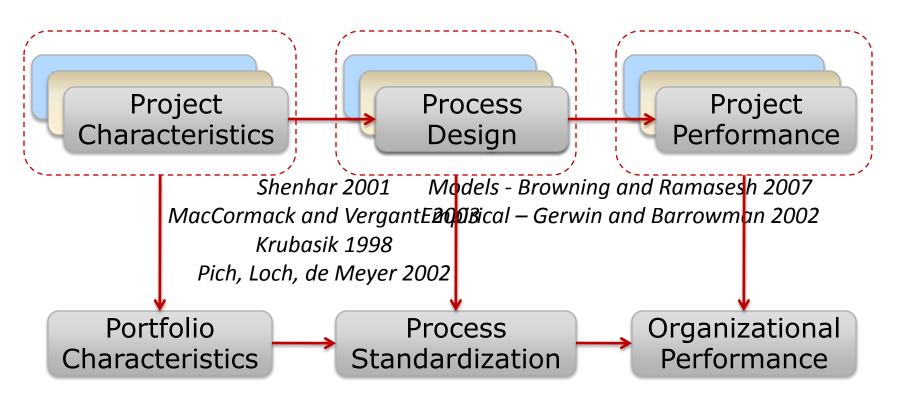
- Many PD organizations today multiple projects
- Standard question for multi unit: should all units do things the same way or should they do things differently?
- This leads to our overarching research question. How should an organization set its level of product development process standardization across multiple projects? Seek help on wording of research question. Perspective of process architect, VP of engineering, etc.? Two of the companies, VP of engineering, is really the champion.
- Let us consider individual project. Wants to meet its goals. Needs to execute set of activities. How do? Good research Mgt Sci.
- In our case, the projects are quite different. Considering they are different (on a number of dimensions), why should they all execute the same process, same set of activities? In fact, process choice should be contingent! (Loch, Shenhar, MacCormack) Achieve their own project goals by doing activities that suit it best.
- However, not just considering outcomes at the individual project level, considering them with all projects together at the organization or portfolio level, there are performance effects of process choice. These generally drive towards standardization. Efficiency, learning across projects, .Performance effects are not necessarily just aggregate of individual project outcomes. Long time horizon, effects not captured in individual project outcome effects, knowledge generated etc. Work to internalize what is external, but far from implemented. What is good for one project may not be good for organization/all projects. Standardization helps. There's also debate about innovation.
- Research on standardization Practitioner, praising and preaching. Academic undifferentiated and typically studying impact on one outcome, Routines, Capabilities abstract and undefined to particular context. Really, blend all of these perspectives to answer engineering question of how design product development process standardization.
- How doing this. 4 companies, studying development processes, central and project level, interviewing various stakeholders who interact with process, some data source examples, some interview questions. Building an understanding of what are the important dimensions, links between them etc. Mention driving questions.
- What have I learned? Process should not be considered at aggegate level. Really get a lot of power from unpacking. Individual dimensions of process. Product Platforms. Second, considering stakeholders cognitive representations and who has decision rights important. Essential for implementation. In line with lot of research from routines, capabilities. Do project managers actually tailor process to their project's benefit? etc. Evidence would suggest not. Abdel-Hamid etc. Use graphic.
- Things to test. Data on performance of projects and the process executed. Controlling for a number of variables. Project differences, project manager etc. Does customization actually improve performance target meeting? Also, seeing how project characteristics drive process changes and if that is in accordance with extant theory.
- Use research flow to show how they all build on each other. Building model. Simulation. Basic framework n. In line with Gavetti, Siggelkow and Rivkin, etc. Some from Product platforms literature. Will allow to test various levels of standardization, decision structures, project portfolios, importance of goals to see what allows consistently high performance. Simulation will have to somehow consider how the individual project level outcomes and the organization outcomes, so particularly over the long run, feed into each other. Model some learning effect, etc. Test for long run performance.

## **Research Question**



How should an organization set its level of product development process standardization across multiple projects?





Practitioner-targeted: Cooper 2005, Morgan and Liker 2006, CMMI Firm-level regressions: Benner and Tushman 2002, Tatikonda and Rosenthal 2000 Routines and Capabilities: Gavetti 2005, Szulanski and Winter 2000, Becker 2005



### **Research Flow**

