

Reading Questions for Lewis, "Causation."

- (1) What in brief outline makes for a "regularity" account of causation?
- (2) What are some problems Lewis sees for regularity accounts?
- (3) What in brief outline makes for a "counterfactual" account of causation?
- (4) When is a statement of the form " $A \square \rightarrow B$ " true according to Lewis?
- (5) What is it for e to "depend causally" on c ?
- (6) Why does Lewis think it necessary to bring in chains of causal dependence?
- (7) The "problem of effects" is like Mackie's problem of priority. How does Lewis propose to solve it?
- (8) What is the preemption problem and what according to Lewis is its solution?
- (9) Are there (can you think of any) examples of preemption that Lewis's solution does not cover?

Due Tuesday, November 8